THE SQLIZARY

By Marilynn Hughes **Sin Out-of-Body Travel Book**

In my Aloneness, I Feel the Wind. It has Consciousness, it has Breath. And it Speaks.

The Out-of-Body Travel Foundation! http://outofbodytravel.org



"He compared grace to the gentle, cool breeze that was blowing about them. They couldn't see where it came from or where it went, but it was real, and it was refreshing. So also with grace. One cannot see it, but it was real and it was a new life. A man would know that he was receiving it, because it would be given to him by means of an outward sign. 'Unless a man be born again of water and the spirit, he cannot enter the kingdom of God.'"

My Meditations on the Gospel, Rev. James E. Sullivan, 1962, Confraternity of the Precious Blood

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The Out-of-Body Travel Foundation!

http://outofbodytravel.org

MarilynnHughes@outofbodytravel.org

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Having worked primarily in radio broadcasting, Marilynn Hughes spent several years as a news reporter, producer and anchor before deciding to stay at home with her three children. She's experienced, researched, written, and taught about out-of-body travel since 1987.

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The Solitary

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INTRODUCTION



Abelard and Heloise Surprised by Abbot Fulbert, by Jean Vignaud, [1819]

"If God wishes to bring mellifluous color from fasting,
Then let it be so
My factors benefit you
It was deep prayer
And inappropriate for work
Clouds within are lost and we are crazy
Energy is like a lovebird" - Marilynn Hughes

From Henry David Thoreau

"What sort of space is that which separates a man from his fellows and makes him solitary?"

Thoreau Reader, Henry David Thoreau, Walden, Chapter Five

From the Love Letters of Abelard and Heloise

"Abelard to Heloise

"WRITE no more to me, Heloise, write no more to me; 'tis time to end communications which make our penances of nought avail. We retired from the world to purify ourselves, and, by a conduct directly contrary to Christian morality, we became odious to Jesus Christ. Let us no more deceive ourselves with remembrance of our past pleasures; we but make our lives troubled and spoil the sweets of solitude. Let us

make good use of our austerities and no longer preserve the memories of our crimes amongst the severities of penance. Let a mortification of body and mind, a strict fasting, continual solitude, profound and holy meditations, and a sincere love of God succeed our former irregularities.

Let us try to carry religious perfection to its farthest point. It is beautiful to find Christian minds so disengaged from earth, from the creatures and themselves, that they seem to act independently of those bodies they are joined to, and to use them as their slaves. We can never raise ourselves to too great heights when God is our object. Be our efforts ever so great they will always come short of attaining that exalted Divinity which even our apprehension cannot reach. Let us act for God's glory independent of the creatures or ourselves, paying no regard to our own desires or the opinions of others. Were we in this temper of mind, Heloise, I would willingly make my abode at the Paraclete, and by my earnest care for the house I have founded draw a thousand blessings on it. I would instruct it by my words and animate it by my example: I would watch over the lives of my Sisters, and would command nothing but what I myself would perform: I would direct you to pray, meditate, labour, and keep vows of silence; and I would myself pray, labour, meditate, and be silent.

And when I spoke it should be to lift you up when you should fall, to strengthen you in your weaknesses, to enlighten you in that darkness and obscurity which might at any time surprise you. I would comfort you under the severities used by persons of great virtue: I would moderate the vivacity of your zeal and piety and give your virtue an even temperament: I would point out those duties you ought to perform, and satisfy those doubts which through the weakness of your reason might arise. I would be your master and father, and by a marvellous talent I would become lively or slow, gentle or severe, according to the different characters of those I should guide in the painful path to Christian perfection.

But whither does my vain imagination carry me! Ah, Heloise, how far are we from such a happy temper? Your heart still burns with that fatal fire you cannot extinguish, and mine is full of trouble and unrest. Think not, Heloise, that I here enjoy a perfect peace; I will for the last time open my heart to you;--I am not yet disengaged from you, and though I fight against my excessive tenderness for you, in spite of all my endeavours I remain but too sensible of your sorrows and long to share in them. Your letters have indeed moved me; I could not read with indifference characters written by that dear hand! I sigh and weep, and all my reason is scarce sufficient to conceal my weakness from my pupils. This, unhappy Heloise, is the miserable condition of Abelard. The world, which is generally wrong in its notions, thinks I am at peace, and imagining that I loved you only for the gratification of the senses, have now forgot you. What a mistake is this! People indeed were not wrong in saying that when we separated it was shame and grief that made me abandon the world. It was not, as you know, a sincere repentance for having offended God which inspired me with a design for retiring. However, I consider our misfortunes as a secret design of Providence to punish our sins; and only look upon Fulbert as the instrument of divine vengeance. Grace drew me into an asylum where I might yet have remained if the rage of my enemies would have permitted; I have endured all their persecutions, not doubting that God Himself raised them up in order to purify me.

When He saw me perfectly obedient to His Holy Will, He permitted that I should justify my doctrine; I made its purity public, and showed in the end that my faith was not only orthodox, but also perfectly clear from all suspicion of novelty.

I should be happy if I had none to fear but my enemies, and no other hindrance to my salvation but their calumny. But, Heloise, *you* make me tremble, your letters declare to me that you are enslaved to human love, and yet, if you cannot conquer it, you cannot be saved; and what part would you have me play in this trial? Would you have me stifle the inspirations of the Holy Ghost? Shall I, to soothe you, dry up those tears which the Evil Spirit makes you shed--shall this be the fruit of my meditations? No, let us be more firm in our resolutions; we have not retired save to lament our sins and to gain heaven; let us then resign ourselves to God with all our heart.

I know everything is difficult in the beginning; but it is glorious to courageously start a great action, and glory increases proportionately as the difficulties are more considerable. We ought on this account to surmount bravely all obstacles which might hinder us in the practice of Christian virtue. In a monastery men are proved as gold in a furnace. No one can continue long there unless he bear worthily the yoke of the Lord.

Attempt to break those shameful chains which bind you to the flesh, and if by the assistance of grace you are so happy as to accomplish this, I entreat you to think of me in your prayers. Endeavour with all your strength to be the pattern of a perfect Christian; it is difficult, I confess, but not impossible; and I expect triumph beautiful from your teachable this disposition. If your first efforts prove weak do not give way to despair, for that would be cowardice; besides, I would have you know that you must necessarily take great pains, for you strive to conquer a terrible enemy, to extinguish a raging fire, to reduce to subjection your dearest affections. You have to fight against your own desires, so be not pressed down with the weight of your corrupt nature. You have to do with a cunning adversary who will use all means to seduce you; be always upon your guard. While we live we are exposed to temptations; this made a great saint say, 'The life of man is one long temptation': the devil, who never sleeps, walks continually around us in order to surprise us on some

unguarded side, and enters into our soul in order to destroy it.

However perfect anyone may be, yet he may fall into temptations, and perhaps into such as may be useful. Nor is it wonderful that man should never be exempt from them, because he always hath in himself their source; scarce are we delivered from one temptation when another attacks us. Such is the lot of the posterity of Adam, that they should always have something to suffer, because they have forfeited their primitive happiness. We vainly flatter ourselves that we shall conquer temptations by flying; if we join not patience and humility we shall torment ourselves to no purpose. We shall more certainly compass our end by imploring God's assistance than by using any means of our own.

Be constant, Heloise, and trust in God; then you shall fall into few temptations: when they come stifle them at their birth--let them not take root in your heart. 'Apply remedies to a disease,' said an ancient, 'at the beginning, for when it hath gained strength medicines are of no avail': temptations have their degrees, they are at first mere thoughts and do not appear dangerous; the imagination receives them without any fears; the pleasure grows; we dwell upon it, and at last we yield to it.

Do you now, Heloise, applaud my design of making you walk in the steps of the saints? Do my words give you any relish for penitence? Have you not remorse for your wanderings, and do you not wish you could, like Magdalen, wash our Saviour's feet with your tears? If you have not yet these ardent aspirations, pray that you may be inspired by them. I shall never cease to recommend you in my prayers and to beseech God to assist you in your design of dying holily. You have quitted the world, and what object was worthy to detain you there? Lift up your eyes always to Him to whom the rest of your days are consecrated. Life upon this earth is misery; the very necessities to which our bodies are subject here are matters of affliction to a saint. 'Lord,' said the royal prophet, 'deliver me from my necessities.' Many are wretched who do not know they are; and yet they are more wretched who know their misery and yet cannot hate the corruption of the age. What fools are men to engage themselves to earthly things! They will be undeceived one day, and will know too late how much they have been to blame in loving such false good. Truly pious persons are not thus mistaken; they are freed from all sensual pleasures and raise their desires to Heaven.

Begin, Heloise; put your design into action without delay; you have yet time enough to work out your salvation. Love Christ, and despise yourself for His sake; He will possess your heart and be the sole object of your sighs and tears; seek for no comfort but in Him. If you do not free yourself from me, you will fall with me; but if you leave me and cleave to Him, you will be steadfast and safe. If you force the Lord to forsake you, you will fall into trouble; but if you are faithful to Him you shall find joy. Magdalen wept,

thinking that Jesus had forsaken her, but Martha said, 'See, the Lord calls you.' Be diligent in your duty, obey faithfully the calls of grace, and Jesus will be with you. Attend, Heloise, to some instructions I have to give you: you are at the head of a society, and you know there is a difference between those who lead a private life and those who are charged with the conduct of others: the first need only labour for their own sanctification, and in their round of duties are not obliged to practise all the virtues in such an apparent manner: but those who have the charge of others entrusted to them ought by their example to encourage their followers to do all the good of which they are capable. I beseech you to remember this truth, and so to follow it that your whole life may be a perfect model of that of a religious recluse.

God heartily desires our salvation, and has made all the means of it easy to us. In the Old Testament He has written in the tables of law what He requires of us, that we might not be bewildered in seeking after His will. In the New Testament He has written the law of grace to the intent that it might ever be present in our hearts; so, knowing the weakness and incapacity of our nature, He has given us grace to perform His will. And, as if this were not enough, He has raised up at all times, in all states of the Church, men who by their exemplary life can excite others to their duty. To effect this He has chosen persons of every age, sex and condition. Strive now to unite in yourself all the virtues of these different examples. Have the purity of virgins, the austerity of anchorites,

the zeal of pastors and bishops, and the constancy of martyrs. Be exact in the course of your whole life to fulfil the duties of a holy and enlightened superior, and then death, which is commonly considered as terrible, will appear agree- able to you.

'The death of His saints,' says the prophet, 'is precious in the sight of the Lord.' Nor is it difficult to discover why their death should have this advantage over that of sinners. I have remarked three things which might have given the prophet an occasion of speaking thus:-First, their resignation to the will of God; second, the continuation of their good works; and lastly, the triumph they gain over the devil.

A saint who has accustomed himself to submit to the will of God yields to death without reluctance. He waits with joy (says Dr. Gregory) for the Judge who is to reward him; he fears not to quit this miserable mortal life in order to begin an immortal happy one. It is not so with the sinner, says the same Father; he fears, and with reason, he trembles at the approach of the least sickness; death is terrible to him because he dreads the presence of the offended Judge; and having so often abused the means of grace he sees no way to avoid the punishment of his sins.

The saints have also this advantage over sinners, that having become familiar with works of piety of during their life they exercise them without trouble, and having gained new strength against the devil every time they overcame him, they will find themselves in a condition at the hour of death to obtain that victory on which depends all eternity, and the blessed union of their souls with their Creator.

I hope, Heloise, that after having deplored the irregularities of your past life, you will 'die the death of the righteous.' Ah, how few there are who make this end! And why? It is because there are so few who love the Cross of Christ. Everyone wishes to be saved, but few will use those means which religion prescribes. Yet can we be saved by nothing but the Cross: why then refuse to bear it? Hath not our Saviour bore it before us, and died for us, to the end that we might also bear it and desire to die also? All the saints have suffered affliction, and our Saviour himself did not pass one hour of His life without some sorrow. Hope not therefore to be exempt from suffering: the Cross, Heloise, is always at hand, take care that you do not receive it with regret, for by so doing you will make it more heavy and you will he oppressed by it to no profit. On the contrary, if you bear it with willing courage, all your sufferings will create in you a holy confidence whereby you will find comfort in God. Hear our Saviour who says, 'My child, renounce yourself, take up your Cross and follow Me. Oh, Heloise, do you doubt? Is not your soul ravished at so saving a command? Are you insensible to words so full of kindness? Beware, Heloise, of refusing a Husband who demands you, and who is more to be feared than any earthly lover. Provoked at your contempt and ingratitude, He will turn His love into anger and make you feel His vengeance. How will you sustain His presence when

you shall stand before His tribunal? He will reproach you for having despised His grace, He will represent to you His sufferings for you. What answer can you make? He will then be implacable: He will say to you, 'Go, proud creature, and dwell in everlasting flames. I separated you from the world to purify you in solitude and you did not second my design. I endeavoured to save you and you wilfully destroyed yourself; go, wretch, and take the portion of the reprobates.'

Oh, Heloise, prevent these terrible words, and avoid, by a holy life, the punishment prepared for sinners. I dare not give you a description of those dreadful torments which are the consequences of a career of guilt. I am filled with horror when they offer themselves to my imagination. And yet, Heloise, I can conceive nothing which can reach the tortures of the damned; the fire which we see upon this earth is but the shadow of that which burns them; and without enumerating their endless pains, the loss of God which they feel increases all their torments. Can anyone sin who is persuaded of this? My God! can we dare to offend Thee? Though the riches of Thy mercy could not engage us to love Thee, the dread of being thrown into such an abyss of misery should restrain us from doing anything which might displease Thee. I question not, Heloise, but you will hereafter apply yourself in good earnest to the business of your salvation; this ought to be your whole concern. Banish me, therefore, for ever from your heart--it is the best advice I can give you, for the remembrance of a

person we have loved guiltily cannot but be hurtful, whatever advances we may have made in the way of virtue. When you have extirpated your unhappy inclination towards me, the practice of every virtue will become easy; and when at last your life is conformable to that of Christ, death will be desirable to you. Your soul will joyfully leave this body, and direct its flight to heaven. Then you will appear with confidence before your Saviour; you will not read your reprobation written in the judgment book, but you will hear your Saviour say, Come, partake of My glory, and enjoy the eternal reward I have appointed for those virtues you have practised.

Farewell, Heloise, this is the last advice of your dear Abelard; for the last time let me persuade you to follow the rules of the Gospel. Heaven grant that your heart, once so sensible of my love, may now yield to be directed by my zeal. May the idea of your loving Abelard, always present to your mind, be now changed into the image of Abelard truly penitent; and may you shed as many tears for your salvation as you have done for our misfortunes."

The Love Letters of Abelard and Heloise, Translated in 1901 by Anonymous

From St. Teresa of Avila

"1. THE effects of divine consolations are very numerous: before describing them, I will speak of

another kind of prayer which usually precedes them. I need not say much on this subject, having written about it elsewhere. This is a kind of recollection which, I believe, is supernatural. There is no occasion to retire nor to shut the eyes, nor does it depend on anything exterior; involuntarily the eyes suddenly close and solitude is found. Without any labour of one's own, the temple of which I spoke is reared for the soul in which to pray: the senses and exterior surroundings appear to lose their hold, while the spirit gradually regains its lost sovereignty. Some say the soul enters into itself; others, that it rises above itself. I can say nothing about these terms, but had better speak of the subject as I understand it. You will probably grasp my meaning, although, perhaps, I may be the only person who understands it. Let us imagine that the senses and powers of the soul (which I compared in my allegory to the inhabitants of the castle) have fled and joined the enemy outside. After long days and years of absence, perceiving how great has been their loss, they return to the neighbourhood of the castle, but cannot manage to re-enter it, for their evil habits are hard to break off; still, they are no longer traitors, and they wander about outside.

2. The King, Who holds His court within it, sees their good will, and out of His great mercy desires them to return to Him. Like a good Shepherd, He plays so sweetly on His pipe, that although scarcely hearing it they recognize His call and no longer wander, but return, like lost sheep, to the mansions. So strong is this Pastor's power over His flock, that they abandon

the worldly cares which misled them and re-enter the castle.

3. I think I never put this matter so clearly before. To seek God within ourselves avails us far more than to look for Him amongst creatures; Saint Augustine tells us how he found the Almighty within his own soul, after having long sought for Him elsewhere. This recollection helps us greatly when God bestows it upon us. But do not fancy you can gain it by thinking of God dwelling within you, or by imagining Him as present in your soul: this is a good practice and an excellent kind of meditation, for it is founded on the fact that God resides within us; it is not, however, the prayer of recollection, for by the divine assistance everyone can practise it, but what I mean is quite a different thing. Sometimes, before they have begun to think of God, the powers of the soul find themselves within the castle. I know not by what means they entered, nor how they heard the Shepherd's pipe; the ears perceived no sound but the soul is keenly conscious of a delicious sense of recollection experienced by those who enjoy this favour, which I cannot describe more clearly."

The Interior Castle, St. Teresa of Avila, Chapter III, 1921

From L.D. Barnett

"The Perfect Contemplation

WHEN thus vigour has been nurtured, it is well to fix the thought in concentrated effort; the man of wandering mind lies between the fangs of the Passions. It cannot wander if body and thought be in solitude; so it is well to forsake the world and put away vain imaginations. Because of love, or hunger for gain, and the like, men will not forsake the world; then in order to cast it aside the wise will lay to heart these thoughts.

Passion is overcome only by him who has won through stillness of spirit the perfect vision. Knowing this, I must first seek for stillness; it comes through the contentment that is regardless of the world. What creature of a day should cling to other frail beings, when he can never again through thousands of births behold his beloved? Yet when he sees him not, he is ill at ease; he rests not in concentred thought; and even when he beholds him he is not satisfied, but is distressed by the same longing as before. He sees not things in their reality; he loses his horror of the world; he is consumed by his grief in yearning for union with the beloved. In taughts thereupon his brief life vainly passes away hour by hour; and the eternal Law is broken for the sake of a short-lived friend!

If he share in the life of the foolish, a man assuredly goes to hell; if he share it not, he wins hatred; what profits it to have commerce with the foolish? They are friends for a moment, foes for a moment, wrathful when they should be pleased—how hard to content are the worldly! They are angered if wholesomely counselled, and hold me back from good; if I heed them not they are wroth, and pass into hell. When can good come of a fool? He is jealous of a better man, contentious with a peer, haughty towards one that is lower, puffed up by praise, angered by blame. Exaltation of self, blame of others, discourse in praise of worldly pleasure—some such guilt will assuredly come from fool to fool. Thus it is from the union of one with another; evil thereby meets evil. I will live alone, in peace and with untroubled mind.

It is well to flee from the foolish. If he come in thy way, seek to win him over by kindness, not so as to hold commerce with him, but in a manner of godly indifference. I will take from him only enough for the holy life, as the bee takes honey from the flower; thus in every place I will hold myself from commerce with him, like the new moon.

The mortal who thinks of his gains or his honours or the favour of many men will be afraid of death when it falls upon him, Whatsoever it be in which the pleasure-crazed spirit takes its delight, that thing becomes a pain a thousand times greater. Therefore the wise man will seek not for pleasure, for from desire arises terror; and if it come of itself, let him stand firm and wait, Many there are who have found gain, many who have won fame; but none know whither they have gone, with their gains and their

fame. Some loathe me; then why shall I rejoice in being praised? Some praise me; then why shall I be cast down by blame?

Living beings are of diverse character; not even the Conquerors can content them, much less simple souls such as I. Then why think of the world? They blame a fellow-creature who gains naught, they scorn him who gains something; being thus by nature unpleasant companions, what happiness can come from them? The Blessed Ones have said that the fool is no man's friend; for the fool has no love save where his interest lies. The love that rests on interest is but selfish, even as grief at loss of wealth springs from loss of pleasure.

Trees are not disdainful, and ask for no toilsome wooing; fain would I consort with those sweet companions! Fain would I dwell in some deserted sanctuary, beneath a tree or in caves, that I might walk without heed, looking never behind! Fain would I abide in nature's own spacious and lordless lands, a homeless wanderer free of will, my sole wealth a clay bowl, my cloak profitless to robbers, fearless and careless of my body! Fain would I go to my home the graveyard, and compare with other skeletons my own frail body! for this my body will become so foul that the very jackals will not approach it because of its stench. The bony members born with this corporeal frame will fall asunder from it, much more so my friends. Alone man is born, alone he dies; no other has a share in his sorrows. What avail friends, but to bar his way? As a wayfarer takes a, brief lodging, so he that is travelling through the way of existence finds in each birth but a passing rest.

It is well for a man to depart to the forest ere the four bearers carry him away amidst the laments of his folk. Free from commerce and hindrance, possessing naught but his body, he has no grief at the hour of death, for already be has died to the world; no neighbours are there to vex him or disturb his remembrance of the Enlightened and like thoughts. Then I will ever woo sweet Solitude, untroubled dayspring of bliss, stilling all unrest. Released from all other thoughts, with mind utterly set upon my own spirit, I will strive to concentre and control my spirit.

The desires beget harm in this world and beyond: here, by bondage, slaughter, and loss of limb; beyond, in hell. That for the sake of which thou hast bowed many a time before bawds, heeding not sin nor infamy, and cast thyself into peril and wasted thy substance, that which by its embrace has brought thee supreme delight—it is naught but bones, now free and unpossessed; wilt thou not take thy fill of embraces now, and delight thyself? This was the face that erstwhile turned downwards in modesty and was unwilling to look up, hidden behind a veil whether eyes gazed upon it or gazed not; and this face now the vultures unveil to thee, as though they could not bear thy impatience. Look on. it—why dost thou flee now from it?

Mark how fortune brings endless misfortune by the miseries of winning it, guarding it, and losing it; men's thoughts cling altogether to their riches, so that they have not a moment to free themselves from the sorrows of life. Thus they who are possessed by desire suffer much and enjoy little, as the ox that drags a cart gets but a morsel of grass. For the sake of this morsel of enjoyment, which falls easily to the beast's lot, man, blinded by his destiny, wastes this brief fortune, that is so hard to win. For all time lasts the struggle for the welfare of the mean body that is doomed to depart and fall into hell, and even a millionth part of this labour would win the rank of the Enlightened. Greater is the pain of them that are possessed by desire than the pain of the way of holiness, and no Enlightenment comes to them. Neither sword, nor poison, nor fire, nor fall into abysses, nor foemen may be compared to the desires, if we bear in mind the agonies of hell and the like. Then shrink from the desires, and learn delight in solitude, in the peaceful woodlands void of strife and toil. Happy are they who are fanned by the sweet silent breezes of the forest, as they walk upon the pleasant rock-floors broad as in a palace and cooled by the moonbeams' sandal ointment, and take thought for the weal of their fellow-creatures! Dwelling anywhere for what time they will, in deserted sanctuary or cave or beneath the trees, saved from the weariness of winning and guarding possessions, they wander fancy-free at pleasure. Indra himself can hardly win the bliss of contentment that is

enjoyed by hint who wanders homeless at his own free will and unattached to aught.

By pondering in such wise upon the excellences of vain imaginations solitude a man stills strengthens his Thought of Enlightenment. First he will diligently foster the thought that his fellowcreatures are the same as himself. "All have the same sorrows, the same joys as I, and I must guard them like myself. The body, manifold of parts in its division of members, must be preserved as a whole; and so likewise this manifold universe has its sorrow and its joy in common. Although my pain may bring no hurt to other bodies, nevertheless it is a pain to me, which I cannot bear because of the love of self; and though I cannot in myself feel the pain of another, it is a pain to him which he cannot bear because of the love of self. I must destroy the pain of another as though it were my own, because it is a pain; I must show kindness to others, for they are creatures as I am myself. . . . Then, as I would guard myself from evil repute, so I will frame a spirit of helpfulness and tenderness towards others."

By constant use the idea of an "I" attaches itself to foreign drops of seed and blood, although the thing exists not. Then why should I not conceive my fellow's body as my own self? That my body is foreign to me is not hard to see. I will think of myself as a sinner, of others as oceans of virtue; I will cease to live as self, and will take as myself my fellow-creatures. We love our hands and other limbs, as

members of the body; then why not love other living beings, as members of the universe? By constant use man comes to imagine that his body, which has no self-being, is a "self"; why then should he not conceive his "self" to lie in his fellows also? Thus in doing service to others pride, admiration, and desire of reward find no place, for thereby we satisfy the wants of our own self. Then, as thou wouldst guard thyself against suffering and sorrow, so exercise the spirit of helpfulness and tenderness towards the world. . . .

Make thyself a spy for the service of others, and whatsoever thou seest in thy body's work that is good for thy fellows, perform it so that it may be conveyed to them. Be thou jealous of thine own self when thou seest that it is at ease and thy fellow in distress, that it is in high estate and he is brought low, that it is at rest and he is at labour. Make thine own self lose its pleasures and bear the sorrow of thy fellows; mark its deceit at each time and in each act. Cast upon its head the guilt even of others' works; make confession to the Great Saint of even its slightest sin. Darken its glory by telling of the greater glory of others. Make it a carrier in thy fellow-creatures' service, like a mean slave. It is made of sin, and because it may have, some chance morsel of goodness from without, it is not therefore worthy of praise. Let no man know its goodness. In short, let all the wrong that thou hast done for the sake of thine own self to others fall upon thine own self for the sake of thy fellow-creatures. Grant it no power to talk overmuch; keep it in the condition of a young bride, abashed, timid, and

guarded. Bend it to thy will by commanding it how it shall act and stand and forbear, and chastise it for disobedience. "O my spirit, thou wilt not do as I bid thee; then I will chastise thee, for in thee all sins find a. home. Whither wilt thou go? I shall see thee, and overthrow all thy pride; the days are gone when I let myself be undone by thee. Put away now the hope that thou canst still seek an advantage of thine own; I have sold thee into the hands of others, heeding not however much thou mayst suffer. For if through heedlessness I deliver thee not over to my fellowcreatures, thou wilt doubtless deliver me to the warders of hell. Many times hast thou thus betrayed me, and long have I been racked; remembering these deeds of enmity, I will destroy thee, thou slave of selfseeking." If thou lowest thyself, thou must have no love of self; if thou wouldst save thyself, thou dose not well to be saving of self. The more heedfully the body is guarded, the sorer are its sufferings and the deeper its fall.

But despite its fall, the whole earth cannot satisfy the lust of the flesh; who can do its will? To him who longs for the impossible come guilt and bafflement of desire; but he who is utterly without desire has a happiness that ages not. Then give no room for the lust of the flesh to swell; blessed indeed is the thing that is not imagined for the sake of its pleasantness. The body is a motionless thing stirred by something without, and ending in ashes, a loathsome frame of foulness; why do I cling to it? What have I to do with this machine, alive or dead? What distinguishes it

from such things as clods of earth? Alas, O thought of self, thou wilt not die! Through complicity with the flesh I win sorrow, all to no purpose; it is no better than a thing of wood, and what should avail its hatred or its kindness? It feels no love when I guard it, no hate when vultures devour 'it; then why do I love it? I am angered when it is treated with scorn, delighted when it is honoured; but if it has no knowledge, to 'what end is my toil? My friends, forsooth, are they who wish well to this body; but all men wish well to their own flesh, and why are not they also my friends? So I have surrendered my body indifferently for the zeal of the world; it is but as an instrument of work that I still bear it, with all its guilt. Enough then of worldly ways! I follow in the path of the Wise, remembering the Discourse Heedfulness and putting away sloth. To overcome the power of darkness I concentre my thought, drawing the spirit away from vain paths and fixing it straightly upon its stay."

The Perfection Contemplation, The Path of Light, L.D. Barnett, 1909

From the Oracles of Nostradamus

"Being seated at night and wrapt in secret study, entirely alone, I placed myself on the brazen tripod of prophecy. A still small flame came forth of solitude, helping me to realize successfully what it will not prove vain to have believed."

Oracles of Nostradamus, Charles A. Ward, Magic

CHAPTER ONEIn the Wing of a Calmer Sieve



"In the wing of a calmer sieve
The vision of the solitary seeks to find
The path to God alone
But that path does not reveal itself
Except in aloneness
But aloneness in itself is not the key
Because the aloneness must take flight
It must be ferretted in the breeze
Captured in the fray of a winsome thought
Beyond the treasures of this world
The solitary slowly unravels the emptiness
Of worldly ways
And that emptiness becomes a pathway

Because fullness itself does not find But because there is a rare kind of fullness which must be found

Slow to embark, it is

Meandering through the valleys and streams
Entering into the crevasses of rocks and the mud of
the earth

Settling into the root of a flower, a grass or a tree

Humbling itself in a cloud

Slowly musing itself down the beauty cliffs of a

Slowly musing itself down the heavy cliffs of a mountaintop

Seeking to find the solitary soul to grasp its depth The solitary grasps himself

He is empty

He wishes to be filled

He is patient

His kindness has been tried by trials
His worldliness has been banished by contempt
His passions are adept at winding themselves away

His quietness has become constant His aloneness is real and chosen

The solitary stands and waits
When suddenly that cycle of energy emerges from all
around him

In the valleys, streams, mud, rocks, flowers, grass, trees, clouds

And mountaintops . . . moving through the living Earth

Suddenly, it is there . . . the long awaited key
Emerging as a light which slowly morphs into a map
appearing above his hands
The Universal Sphere of Realms

The Master Key to the Universe
There it is . . .
Joy encompasses discipleship
The Solitary now seeks to understand
And prepares to listen
In his aloneness, he feels the wind
It has consciousness, it has breath
And it speaks" - Marilynn Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Anonymous Vision

"Running through a horrific and putrid void of darkness and catastrophe, I found myself commence upon an incredible disaster. Surrounding me were the dead and dying souls who physically remained alive, but due to the desolation they had inflicted upon themselves through sin and malice; their souls were now deprived of life *and* death.

Spiritually deceased, they were in complete and utter darkness. For the moment, they were either already dead in the spirit or near death in that same spiritual loss. All around me were the signs of the destruction I had come upon, burning homes, completely black and ominous fog and utter despair.

Walking down the road assessing the destruction, I inherently understood that my job was to aid the people that I could; comforting the souls weeping in

agony and passing others who were at the point of no return.

Because of the severity of the status of these souls – damned or almost damned – I had to handle it like triage; help the ones I could but accept the loss of those who were already beyond help.

As I stopped to comfort and pray for those in pain who still had a tiny spark calling out to God for help, I came across a soul that I immediately recognized. I knew him. In the waking world, I knew he was physically fine, but in this moment I saw his soul. Although I knew it would utterly destroy my mother to know this, he had already chosen his fate with full knowledge and accepted the consequences.

Entering into his collapsed home, I found him hanging from a stray beam that remained standing despite the current status of the rest of the house. Having wrapped himself in cellophane and plastic, he'd hung himself and suffocated . . . and this was all done through conscious choice.

He had decided it was much easier to live a life of sin. Attempting to change and become a man of God was too complicated, too hard and not worth the fight to him. And thus, here he hung. Having suffocated his soul to the point of spiritual death and damnation, he had allowed himself to completely embrace Hell as his destiny.

Disappointed and sad, I quickly realized that alas there

was nothing I could do. There were so many souls who still wanted help from God and were calling, even if it be ever so slightly, for God's assistance. Leaving, sorrow encompassed my heart, I knew that it was not feasible, allowed or even remotely helpful to submit my energies to this soul who had already made that choice in his heart. I turned to follow the sounds and echoes of the others still crying out for assistance." - Marilynn Hughes (Vision of Mary Hughes)

From The Candle of Vision, By George William Russell

"Others I could tell of, too, who had their moment of awe when the spirit made its ancient claim on them. But none were so happy or so unhappy as I was. I was happy at times because the divine world which had meant nothing to my childhood was becoming a reality to manhood: and I knew it was not a dream, for comrades in vision soon came to me. they who could see as I saw, and hear as I heard, and there were some who had gone deeper into that being than I have ever travelled. I was more miserable than my work-a-day companions, because the very intensity of vision made the recoil more unendurable. It was an agony of darkness and oblivion, wherein I seemed like those who in nightmare are buried in caverns so deep beneath the roots of the world that there is no hope of escape, for the way out is unknown, and the way to them is forgotten by those who walk in light. In those black hours the universe, a gigantic presence, seemed at war with me. I was condemned, I thought, to be this speck of minute life because of some sin committed in remote ages, I and those with me. We were all lost children of the stars. Everything that suggested our high original being, a shaft of glory from the far fire in the heavens spearing the gloom of the office, the blue twilight deepening through the panes until it was rich with starry dust, the sunny clouds careering high over the city, these things would stir pangs of painful remembrance and my eyes would suddenly grow blind and wet."

The Candle of Vision, By George William Russell, 1918

"(Anonymous Vision Continued . . .) As my mother's marriage to my father had already fallen apart, and had suffered much in her life that she had to carry; I knew that her losing this man she had loved, especially in the manner in which he was lost, would greatly grieve her spirit. But there was nothing I could do for him. He had chosen.

Suddenly, the scene morphed into an entirely different space. Finding myself in front of our home, I was shocked to note that it had collapsed. Lying beneath the rubble was my mother, weakened and unable to get up. Everything had fallen on top of her, crushing anything she had left in her heart. But this devastation was profoundly different than the others I had seen.

She had not brought this upon herself like the others. This collapse was the result of the suffering, the pain,

the heartbreak, and the constant attempt to survive without love throughout her entire life. She had been crushed so many times, but had to survive. In order to survive, she had to hold things together, pretend she was fine and move forward. The agony of her violent and somewhat deviant childhood, rejection from her family for a long period of time, being raped as a young woman and left for dead at the side of the road, dealing with the many years of hardship of many kinds in her marriage, her terminal diagnosis and trying to take care of three kids after my father had left, and finally, the loss of him whom she had deeply loved, had all built up a mountain of pain; bound to collapse at any moment.

And this hidden agony finally came crashing down on her as it overflowed throughout her psyche and that strength just could no longer hold everything up.

Bringing myself closer to the rubble, I began lifting small pieces at a time to help her in the process of rebuilding all that she had lost. It overflowed. There was a profound symbolism in this disaster.

Recovery for my mother was going to be long and arduous, and indeed it proved to be so. But the key was for her to rebuild from the little that she had left to hold onto and begin again.

However, as in any collapsed building, trying to rip away all the rubble at once would only kill the person caught underneath it. Beginning again would require her to put her heart back together again, piece by piece, with extreme precision and caution. To begin again, she had to be helped to put her heart back together piece by piece, with extreme precision and caution. Indeed, this process would take a long time, but it would rebuild. And when that process reached its completion, she would come out of it stronger than she'd ever been." - Anonymous Vision written by Marilynn Hughes

From 'My Meditations on the Gospel, By Rev. James E. Sullivan

"Dear Mary, departures are always hard when they are departures from our loved ones. This was so hard on you. First Joseph; now Jesus. You were alone. You suspected you would see him now and again in his public life, but it would never again be like Nazareth. There would be crowds and noise and hardly a chance a chance to be alone with him – not the warmth and closeness of these past years. Yet there were no tears, no complaints. You knew that life is a series of departures from the old familiar ways to the new unsure ways. You never tried to continue what God wanted to end.

My Mother, help me to see that for me, too, life is a series of changes – departures from friends and loved ones, departure from home and customs and ways that I've grown to love. Teach me to make them bravely and cheerfully. Teach me not to waste time and energy on

regrets or longings for the old ways. My King and my Mother, no departure was ever as sad as yours, yet you never looked back!

I will go forward, my King, to the new friends, the new surroundings, the new work!"

My Meditations on the Gospel, Rev. James E. Sullivan, 1962, Confraternity of the Precious Blood

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Anonymous Vision

"Finding myself in the middle of what appeared to be nowhere, I was standing in a place surrounded by mountains and trees speaking with my father. Although I cannot recall what we were talking about, I instantly became aware that it didn't matter.

Suddenly out of nowhere, just down the road a police car flew into the air, spun and rolled over several times and crashed onto the highway. Smoke came pluming out of the vehicle and I was certain the driver had to be dead.

My father stood next to me in utter shock, and almost in tears. Grabbing his own head with his hands clenched, he began to scream. 'Shit! That was me! Shit! That was me! Shit! That was me!' Repeating it over and over, he ran towards the fuming vehicle and disappeared.

Staring in shock, I noticed in the distance that the driver was dragging himself out of the car, eventually got up and started walking towards me as if he knew me somehow. Feeling afraid, I didn't want to go near him.

I couldn't seem to figure out what happened to my father or where he went. Walking away from the man who stepped out of the car, I soon found myself standing at the edge of a very deep cliff. The man had followed me, so I turned to look and observe who he might be.

Clean cut with dark hair, he was wearing a black suit which was very clean. Immediately, I wondered how he had just come out of that burning vehicle and was not only fine but very cleanly dressed.

Feeling suspicious that something was not quite right, a voice echoed in my head. 'Now *you* must determine what is good and what is evil.'

In that moment, a creature appeared. One of the strangest things I'd ever seen, it was made up of two arms that somehow were connected to one another; and it morphed into strange demonic reptiles, but no matter how many times it morphed into these demonic figures, it always returned to the original formation of the two arms.

Looking back at the man in the suit, I found myself very confused. He seemed so dark, but this other creature was really quite strange. So I said a little prayer, and went to shake the man's hand.

Little did he know that in the palm of mine was holy water. As he shook my hand, the suit started to peel away piece by piece, and his skin turned into rotting flesh and he began to laugh with a sinister tone. His eyes turned completely black. In anguish, I wrestled my hand away from him.

Almost as quickly as that happened, the strange creature and the former man become demon began to fight viciously with one another.

As I watched, it became evident to me that both of these creatures represented two distinctive sides of my father. But I did not yet understand.

After the fighting and a huge struggle, the two-armed creature defeated the demon who proceeded to fall into the dust screaming and writhing in pain as he wilted into nothingness.

But something spectacular and revelationary happened next which I did not expect. As the demon deteriorated, the two arms - who I knew represented my father - spread themselves outward and upward, reaching to the heavens, although very weakly.

With this gesture, light poured from the Heavens and surrounded the arms with exquisite love and peace. Hearing the voice again, this time it bounded forth from within my soul and from all about the horizon. I

continued to stare in shock. 'The difference between good and evil,' the voice said, 'is the one whose arms reach out to God.'" - Anonymous Vision written by Marilynn Hughes

From My Meditations on the Gospel, By Rev. James E. Sullivan

"Dear Master, I see now that true greatness lies not in doing great things, but in being something great – being alive with grace and charity. I feel ashamed that up until now I valued grace so little; that I was unconscious of the unspeakable dignity that it conferred upon me! And when I think of the times that I endangered it so – by entering the occasions of sin!"

My Meditations on the Gospel, Rev. James E. Sullivan, 1962, Confraternity of the Precious Blood

From the Writings of the Early Church Fathers, A Letter from St. Basil to St. Gregory

"Basil to Gregory.

1. I recognised your letter, as one recognises one's friends' children from their obvious likeness to their parents. Your saying that to describe the kind of place I live in, before letting you hear anything about how I live, would not go far towards persuading you to share my life, was just like you; it was worthy of a soul like yours, which makes nothing of all that concerns this life here, in comparison with the blessedness which is

promised us hereafter. What I do myself, day and night, in this remote spot, I am ashamed to write. I have abandoned my life in town, as one sure to lead to countless ills; but I have not yet been able to get quit of myself. I am like travellers at sea, who have never gone a voyage before, and are distressed and seasick, who quarrel with the ship because it is so big and makes such a tossing, and, when they get out of it into the pinnace or dingey, are everywhere and always seasick and distressed. Wherever they go their nausea and misery go with them. My state is something like this. I carry my own troubles with me, and so everywhere I am in the midst of similar discomforts. So in the end I have not got much good out of my solitude. What I ought to have done; what would have enabled me to keep close to the footprints of Him who has led the way to salvation—for He says, "If anyone will come after me, let him deny himself and take up his cross, and follow me" — is this.]

2. We must strive after a quiet mind. As well might the eye ascertain an object put before it while it is wandering restless up and down and sideways, without fixing a steady gaze upon it, as a mind, distracted by a thousand worldly cares, be able clearly to apprehend the truth . . . Each day, as it comes, darkens the soul in its own way; and night after night takes up the day's anxieties, and cheats the mind with illusions in accordance. Now one way of escaping all this is separation from the whole world; that is, not bodily separation, but the severance of the soul's sympathy with the body, and to live so without city,

home, goods, society, possessions, means of life, business, engagements, human learning, that the heart may readily receive every impress of divine doctrine. Preparation of heart is the unlearning the prejudices of evil converse. It is the smoothing the waxen tablet before attempting to write on it.

Now solitude is of the greatest use for this purpose, inasmuch as it stills our passions, and gives room for principle to cut them out of the soul. [For just as animals are more easily controlled when they are stroked, lust and anger, fear and sorrow, the soul's deadly foes, are better brought under the control of reason, after being calmed by inaction, and where there is no continuous stimulation.] Let there then be such a place as ours, separate from intercourse with men, that the tenour of our exercises be not interrupted from without. Pious exercises nourish the soul with divine thoughts. What state can be more blessed than to imitate on earth the choruses of angels? to begin the day with prayer, and honour our Maker with hymns and songs? As the day brightens, to betake ourselves, with prayer attending on it throughout, to our labours, and to sweeten our work with hymns, as if with salt? Soothing hymns compose the mind to a cheerful and calm state. Quiet, then, as I have said, is the first step in our sanctification; the tongue purified from the gossip of the world; the eyes unexcited by fair colour or comely shape; the ear not relaxing the tone or mind by voluptuous songs, nor by that especial mischief, the talk of light men and jesters. Thus the mind, saved from dissipation from without, and not through the

senses thrown upon the world, falls back upon itself, and thereby ascends to the contemplation of God. [When that beauty shines about it, it even forgets its very nature; it is dragged down no more by thought of food nor anxiety concerning dress; it keeps holiday from earthly cares, and devotes all its energies to the acquisition of the good things which are eternal, and asks only how he may be made to flourish in it self-control and manly courage, righteousness and wisdom, and all the other virtues, which, distributed under these heads, properly enable the good man to discharge all the duties of life.]

3. The study of inspired Scripture is the chief way of finding our duty, for in it we find both instruction about conduct and the lives of blessed men, delivered in writing, as some breathing images of godly living, for the imitation of their good works. Hence, in whatever respect each one feels himself deficient, devoting himself to this imitation, he finds, as from some dispensary, the due medicine for his ailment. He who is enamoured of chastity dwells upon the history of Joseph, and from him learns chaste actions, finding him not only possessed of self-command over pleasure, but virtuously-minded in habit. He is endurance by Iob [who, not only when circumstances of life began to turn against him, and in one moment he was plunged from wealth into penury, and from being the father of fair children into childlessness, remained the same, keeping disposition of his soul all through uncrushed, but was not even stirred to anger against the friends who came

to comfort him, and trampled on him, and aggravated his troubles.] Or should he be enquiring how to be at once meek and great-hearted, hearty against sin, meek towards men, he will find David noble in warlike exploits, meek and unruffled as regards revenge on enemies. Such, too, was Moses rising up with great heart upon sinners against God, but with meek soul bearing their evil-speaking against himself. [Thus, generally, as painters, when they are painting from other pictures, constantly look at the model, and do their best to transfer its lineaments to their own work, so too must he who is desirous of rendering himself perfect in all branches of excellency, keep his eyes turned to the lives of the saints as though to living and moving statues, and make their virtue his own by imitation.

- 4. Prayers, too, after reading, find the soul fresher, and more vigorously stirred by love towards God. And that prayer is good which imprints a clear idea of God in the soul; and the having God established in self by means of memory is God's indwelling. Thus we become God's temple, when the continuity of our recollection is not severed by earthly cares; when the mind is harassed by no sudden sensations; when the worshipper flees from all things and retreats to God, drawing away all the feelings that invite him to self-indulgence, and passes his time in the pursuits that lead to virtue.]
- 5. This, too, is a very important point to attend to,—knowledge how to converse; to interrogate without over-earnestness; to answer without desire of display;

not to interrupt a profitable speaker, or to desire ambitiously to put in a word of one's own; to be measured in speaking and hearing; not to be ashamed of receiving, or to be grudging in giving information . . . One should reflect first what one is going to say, and then give it utterance: be courteous when addressed; amiable in social intercourse; not aiming to be pleasant by facetiousness, but cultivating gentleness in kind admonitions. Harshness is ever to be put aside, even in censuring. [The more you shew modesty and humility yourself, the more likely are you to be acceptable to the patient who needs your treatment. There are however many occasions when we shall do well to employ the kind of rebuke used by the prophet who did not in his own person utter the sentence of condemnation on David after his sin, but by suggesting an imaginary character made the sinner judge of his own sin, so that, after passing his own sentence, he could not find fault with the seer who had convicted him.

6. . . . What dawn is to some this midnight is to athletes of piety; then the silence of night gives leisure to their soul; no noxious sounds or sights obtrude upon their hearts; the mind is alone with itself and God, correcting itself by the recollection of its sins, giving itself precepts to help it to shun evil, and imploring aid from God for the perfecting of what it longs for.

Writings of the Early Church Fathers, A Letter from St. Basil to St. Gregory

CHAPTER TWOA Mystical Canopy in the Darkness



"A mystical canopy in the darkness
Insidious laughter of the heretic
Come, beckon the calling
Fiction in large amounts brings fantasies unfulfilled
Reality we seek
From the depths of our soul
Glory to the Lord on high
Infinite realities encompass a single soul
Ecstatic Images of the life beyond
Here to fray our faulty belief
No one goes this way but once
Yet, the solitary path must be taken to enter therein
Infinite blessings emerge from within
Only to erase the false high

And to singularly defend the true from the false And to tear into the crevasse's of a man's heart Time is incandescent here

No one knows your name . . . no one But your vibration beckons to windows of the deep And angelic kingdoms stand watch to hear the call

The solitary, alone . . . homeless in the world Suddenly plummets only to be raised up By the infinite song which renders all truth Falsehood cannot stand under its weight And yet the weightless comes crashing in In an epiphany of light the soul is rebirthed Fantastical falsehoods can bear it no more Only the fallen can now ascend The deepest heights no longer conflict

Within man confects a true human being A spirit born of God from within the solitude The weeping begins

Because all that is untrue dissolves into dust But the solitary feels the entitlement to reality And finds the peaceful vibration of non-being

> And the holy descent of God Into his own deep crevasses of pain And wounds open up grimly

Only to be closed again with a wonderful light 'Who is this solitary!' they say

The solitary can only be silent because he is no more

He's been absorbed into infinite light

You may see him, but he is here no more" - Marilynn

Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Anonymous Vision

"I awoke in a strange place that somehow seemed familiar. Swimming in a large pool in a recreational complex, I was with people that unconsciously I knew well. Although I didn't know who these people were in my waking life, I interiorly knew that we were all somehow related to one another.

Interestingly, these people were just like me. Different. Each of them had a unique spiritual gift given them by God. Every *single* one was unique and had an individual purpose that God had set up and planned for thousands of years, every one of us *as a whole* had been set apart by God with a congruent mission to change the world.

It was made known to me that every generation on earth contained within it a group of these people; prophets, saints, mystics, sages, ascetics, scientists, inventors... and brilliant minds.

Many remained forgotten, and others had been forever remembered in history.

Although all of them had been set apart to bring each singular generation to higher vibrational capacity, some were able to fulfill that mission and others fell under the pressures of the temptations of the world and fell away; but most tried very hard to fight their way through. Each of us had a weakness, just as all

human beings do. But our weaknesses were more difficult because Satan fought much harder for those set apart to drag us off our path.

Stepping out of the pool, I looked around and took in all the sights and sounds, the people and their focuses, and environment, etc.

Although, I could see everyone else's gifts and their purpose, I was having trouble discerning my own.

Walking around further, I found myself entering into a small and cozy home. It seemed small somehow, even though it had a winding black staircase in the center of the small room and the walls were covered in bookshelves filled with old, old books. Walking up the steps, I found myself walking behind my mother.

She was *the* mother; of us all. She was one of the people from the previous generation who had been set apart. As she walked slowly up the steps, she read quietly to herself from an old torn book. But what was intrinsically amazing was that as she read, angelic music poured forth from her mouth like an angelic choir. Inherently, I knew that this beautiful music coming out of her mouth were the words she had written and continued to write in her books.

It was very clear that she knew where she was going, what she was to do and how to get there. It was also clear that God had set her apart for his own, and the work He had given her to do was just too intense and

required so much concentration that even the idea of having a partner in this life in any real sense was simply not possible. She was not unlike a consecrated nun, with her eyes on God constantly, knowing that there was not enough time for much else.

Walking up ahead of her, we continued walking as the angelic music continued to flow, her eyes glazed to the ancient sacred text she held in her hands.

There were several floors to this house, and each floor held a different category of books. I came to the top of the stairs and found myself in a magnificent kitchen, where many more people like me were just relaxing.

And then I saw him. People called him, 'The Librarian'. He was an older man, looking to be in his late forties or early fifties. Walking with grace a deeply compassionate smile, he wore a dark brown suit which appeared to be from the 1800s and he carried a pocket lens in his pocket for reading.

Instantly, the moment I saw him, I interiorly knew this was my mother's eternal flame. And was not incarnate on this earth at this time.

And he was the father of all of us, the separated generations, just as my mom was the mother. Evidently, it was the love between them and their partnership with God over thousands of years that had made the creation of these separated generational schools in the mystical world possible.

Whenever any of us struggled and needed the help of a father, we went to the Librarian. Whenever we needed the love and caress of a mother, we went to my mother. It was a perfect plan that God had perfectly created.

Exploring the kitchen a bit, I noticed it had marble countertops and there was another generation coming into being. A group of kids still younger than ten were sitting on the floor giggling. My father was there sitting at a table quietly, and I knew he was one of us, too. Even the separation of my parents had been a part of this greater plan, in that he was doing very important work now in another part of the world. I interiorly knew he was now on the right path and I sighed with relief. I smiled at him, and he smiled back at me.

Hearing a noise, I turned towards a doorway which led to a balcony outside and found myself looking right at one of my closest friends. He looked disturbed, but I knew he was one of us. And that made me feel tremendous relief.

Having trouble with pride, temptation and sin, the Librarian was looking eye to eye with his hands on my friend's arms. Looking into his eyes, he spoke quietly but with few words saying only what was necessary. And the words came out of his mouth like a wisp of wind and were immediately absorbed into my friend's body.

As this happened, my friend began to cry. Not out of despair, but out of relief and joy. He was at peace. I wish I could remember what the Librarian had said. It was so simple yet exactly what he needed to know.

Beginning to feel the call to return to earth, I was told interiorly about others from previous generations who had all been a part of this greater plan in their own generations, times and places. Among them were people like Billy Graham, Mahatma Gandhi, Albert Einstein and many others. Each had to bring their own generation up a vibrational level, and each successive generation would work to get to the next . .

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For a moment, I was given a glimpse into something that Billy Graham was currently doing, even though he was in his nineties now, but that it was going to bring thousands of people back to God.

As the energies subsided, it took me a few minutes to re-associate with the earthly vibration. But I returned to earth and went to work." - Marilynn Hughes (Vision of Mary Hughes)

From 'My Meditations on the Gospel,' Rev. James E. Sullivan

"From his early youth, John the Baptist was in the desert. Those chosen for great things must make great sacrifices, and they dare not be shallow. John gave up his parents and friends, wore the coarse clothing, at the minimum and most distasteful foods, spent many years of loneliness in the desert.

St. John, surely there were times when the loneliness was oppressive! Times when the monogamy and sacrifice nearly drove you mad! Yet you turned all those temptations into greater and greater virtue. The more you were alone, the closer you were to God. You became so completely conscious of his nearness, his loving care. It became so easy for you to speak to Him. There were no distractions. Your silence wasn't empty; it was full, full of God and His love. And how deeply you meditated on the eternal truths. In their glowing light, what peace and humility filled your heart.

Dear Lord, the silence, prayer and self-denial combined to make John the greatest man next to St. Joseph and You that ever lived. Teach me then not to neglect these great needs of grace. I so easily praise the worth of silence and spiritual reading with my lips, but so easily forget to do it. Compel me by your grace to read and pray each day – to have that deep, internal silence of not being disturbed by little things. It is here that self-denial comes in, my Lord. I must control my feelings from going down the easy path of self-pity and resentment and even anxiety about my own faults. Teach me to be firm with my feelings and channel them into the tranquil, peaceful silence of

love.

My Meditations on the Gospel, Rev. James E. Sullivan, 1962, Confraternity of the Precious Blood

From 'The Secrets of the Self,' by Muhammad Iqbal

"O foolish one, thy understanding is at fault.
Since I am acquainted with the harmony of Life,
I will tell thee what is the secret of Life
To sink into thyself like the pearl,
Then to emerge from thine inward solitude;
To collect sparks beneath the ashes,
And become a flame and dazzle men's eyes.
Go, burn the house of forty years' tribulation,
Move round thyself! Be a circling flame!
What is Life but to be freed from moving round others

And to regard thyself as the Holy Temple?
Beat thy wings and escape from the attraction of Earth; Like birds, be safe from falling.
Unless thou art a bird, thou wilt do wisely
Not to build thy nest on the top of a cave.
O thou that seekest to acquire knowledge,
I say o'er to thee the message of the Sage of Rúmi:
"Knowledge, if it lie on thy skin, is a snake;
Knowledge, if thou take it to heart, is a friend."
Hast thou heard how the Master of Rúmi (Shams i Tabrizi was Rumi's Master Teacher)
Gave lectures on philosophy at Aleppo?—

Fast in the bonds of intellectual proofs,

Drifting o'er the dark and stormy sea of understanding;

A Moses unillumined by Love's Sinai, Ignorant of Love and of Love's passion. He discoursed on Scepticism and Neoplatonism, And strung many a brilliant pearl of metaphysic. He unravelled the problems of the Peripatetics (Itinerant Preachers),

The light of his thought made clear whatever was obscure.

Heaps of books lay around and in front of him, And on his lips was the key to all their mysteries. Shams-i Tabríz, directed by Kamál, (Kamal was Shams I Tabriz's Master Teacher) Sought his way to the college of Jaláluddín Rúmí And cried out, "What is all this noise and babble?

What are all these syllogisms and judgements and demonstrations?"

"Peace, O fool!" exclaimed the Maulavi (Religious Scholar),

"Do not laugh at the doctrines of the sages.

Get thee out of my college!

This is argument and discussion: what hast thou to do with it?

My discourse is beyond thy understanding, It will not brighten the glass of thy perception." These words increased the anger of Shams i Tabríz And caused a fire to burst forth from his soul. The lightning of his look fell on the earth, And the glow of his breath made the dust spring into flames.

The spiritual fire burned the intellectual stack

And clean consumed the book of philosophy. The Maulavi, being a stranger to Love's miracles And unversed in Love's harmonies, Cried, "How didst thou kindle this fire, Which hath burned the books of the philosophers?" The Sheikh answered, "O unbelieving Moslem, This is vision and ecstasy: what hast thou to do with it?

My state is beyond thy thought, My flame is the Alchemist's elixir." Thou hast drawn thy substance from the snow of philosophy,

The cloud of thy thought sheds nothing but hailstones.

Kindle a fire in thy rubble, Foster a flame in thy earth! The Moslem's knowledge is perfected by spiritual fervor.

The meaning of Islam is *Renounce what shall pass away*. But do not seek the glow of Love from the knowledge of to-day,

Do not seek the nature of Truth from this infidel's cup!

Long have I been running to and fro, Learning the secrets of the New Knowledge: Its gardeners have put me to the trial And have made me intimate with their roses. Roses! Tulips, rather, that warn one not to smell them —

Like paper roses, a mirage of perfume.
Since this garden ceased to enthral me,
I have nested on the Paradisal tree.
Modern knowledge is the greatest blind —
Idol-worshipping, idol-selling, idol-making!
Shackled in the prison of phenomena,
It has not overleaped the limits of the sensible.

It has fallen down in crossing the bridge of Life, It has laid the knife to its own throat. Having fire, it is yet cold as the tulip; Having flame, it is yet cold as hail. Its nature remains untouched by the glow of Love, It is ever engaged in a joyless search. Love is the Plato that heals the sicknesses of the mind:

The mind's melancholy is cured by its lancet. The whole world bows in adoration to Love, Love is the Mahmúd (Sultan) that conquers the Somnath (hardened nature) of intellect. Modern science lacks this old wine in its cup, Its nights are not loud with passionate prayer.

Thou hast misprized thine own cypress
And deemed tall the cypress of others.
Like the reed, thou hast emptied thyself of Self
And given thine heart to the music of others.
O thou that begg'st morsels from another's table,
Wilt thou seek thine own kind in another's shop?
The Moslem's feast is burned up by the lamps of

strangers,

His mosque is consumed by the Christian monastery. When the deer fled from the sacred territory of Mecca,

The hunter's arrow pierced her side.

The leaves of the rose are scattered, like its scent: O thou that hast fled from thy Self, come back to it!

O trustee of the wisdom ... Find thy lost unity again!

The Secrets of the Self, by Muhammad Iqbal, tr. by Reynold A. Nicholson, 1920

From My Imitation of Christ, Thomas A Kempis

"Of the Love of Solitude and Silence

Seek a suitable time for thy meditation, and think frequently of the mercies of God to thee. Leave curious questions. Study such matters as bring thee sorrow for sin rather than amusement. If thou withdraw thyself from trifling conversation and idle goings about, as well as from novelties and gossip, thou shalt find thy time sufficient and apt for good meditation. The greatest saints used to avoid as far as they could the company of men, and chose to live in secret with God.

2. One hath said, "As oft as I have gone among men, so oft have I returned less a man." This is what we often experience when we have been long time in

conversation. For it is easier to be altogether silent than it is not to exceed in word. It is easier to remain hidden at home than to keep sufficient guard upon thyself out of doors. He, therefore, that seeketh to reach that which is hidden and spiritual, must go with Jesus "apart from the multitude." No man safely goeth abroad who loveth not to rest at home. No man safely talketh but he who loveth to hold his peace. No man safely ruleth but he who loveth to be subject. No man safely commandeth but he who loveth to obey.

- 3. No man safely rejoiceth but he who hath the testimony of a good conscience within himself. The boldness of the Saints was always full of the fear of God. Nor were they the less earnest and humble in themselves, because they shone forth with great virtues and grace. But the boldness of wicked men springeth from pride and presumption, and at the last turneth to their own confusion. Never promise thyself security in this life, howsoever good a monk or devout a solitary thou seemest.
- 4. Often those who stand highest in the esteem of men, fall the more grievously because of their over great confidence. Wherefore it is very profitable unto many that they should not be without inward temptation, but should be frequently assaulted, lest they be over confident, lest they be indeed lifted up into pride, or else lean too freely upon the consolations of the world. O how good a conscience should that man keep, who never sought a joy that passeth away, who never became entangled with the

world! O how great peace and quiet should he possess, who would cast off all vain care, and think only of healthful and divine things, and build his whole hope upon God!

- 5. No man is worthy of heavenly consolation but he who hath diligently exercised himself in holy compunction. If thou wilt feel compunction within thy heart, enter into thy chamber and shut out the tumults of the world, as it is written, Commune with your own heart in your own chamber and be still.(1) In retirement thou shalt find what often thou wilt lose abroad. Retirement, if thou continue therein, groweth sweet, but if thou keep not in it, begetteth weariness. If in the beginning of thy conversation thou dwell in it and keep it well, it shall afterwards be to thee a dear friend, and a most pleasant solace.
- 6. In silence and quiet the devout soul goeth forward and learneth the hidden things of the Scriptures. Therein findeth she a fountain of tears, wherein to wash and cleanse herself each night, that she may grow the more dear to her Maker as she dwelleth the further from all worldly distraction. To him who withdraweth himself from his acquaintance and friends God with his holy angels will draw nigh. It is better to be unknown and take heed to oneself than to neglect oneself and work wonders. It is praiseworthy for a religious man to go seldom abroad, to fly from being seen, to have no desire to see men.
- 7. Why wouldest thou see what thou mayest not have? The world passeth away and the lust thereof.

The desires of sensuality draw thee abroad, but when an hour is past, what dost thou bring home, but a weight upon thy conscience and distraction of heart? A merry going forth bringeth often a sorrowful return, and a merry evening maketh a sad morning? So doth all carnal joy begin pleasantly, but in the end it gnaweth away and destroyeth. What canst thou see abroad which thou seest not at home? Behold the heaven and the earth and the elements, for out of these are all things made.

8. What canst thou see anywhere which can continue long under the sun? Thou believest perchance that thou shalt be satisfied, but thou wilt never be able to attain unto this. If thou shouldest see all things before thee at once, what would it be but a vain vision? Lift up thine eyes to God on high, and pray that thy sins and negligences may be forgiven. Leave vain things to vain men, and mind thou the things which God hath commanded thee. Shut thy door upon thee, and call unto thyself Jesus thy beloved. Remain with Him in thy chamber, for thou shalt not elsewhere find so great peace. If thou hadst not gone forth nor listened to vain talk, thou hadst better kept thyself in good peace. But because it sometimes delighteth thee to hear new things, thou must therefore suffer trouble of heart."

The Imitation of Christ, Thomas A Kempis, Chapter XX, Of the Love of Solitude and Silence

70 **CHAPTER THREE** Is there an Attack in the Emotionalness of Your Existence



"Is there an attack in the emotionalness of your existence

Is there a random pain which sears your consciousness

Does it flow through your heart like a winding staircase to despair

Because you must go?

So many you have loved, so many you have lost But the only true love you must follow lies ahead not behind

And God is a merciful lover Behind the solitary are the ravages of the sins of others

The ravages of his own sin
His love for those that can only be seen behind the
traveler has only increased

Because the taste of God is this way
The tragedy of this life becomes an enduring pain
The evils in this world become a sword in his heart
And he wishes he could but turn their heads towards
the direction he now peers

A pause, he stops walking, again he turns But they are not coming

The solitary again turns towards that great light

That has pursued him all of his life

He cannot turn away from it There is no other choice

The Solitary is now making that final commitment to God

And in so doing, must bend his will to only one aim And that aim is the power of destiny which has taken a hold of his spirit No one can stop it

It is a force of inestimable value
Which in the hands of the solitary will bear much fruit

But the emotionalness of leaving behind those sincerely loved

Is a gut-wrenching pain
Knowing that they cannot understand why he must
go

Knowing that they may not make it Knowing he must go, or they will take him into their backwards flow of energy

Omnipotently disturbing the balance of life Knowing that the thrust that permeates their existences has become lethal to him

Understanding that no other can fill this empty abyss of pain that has been left within his soul while wandering the mortal realms

There is a lot of pain in these mortal realms Love is not a known substance and is very rare Sometimes truly unattainable for some

The solitary turns silently, there are no words left to say, there are no tears left to shed

There is only a distance to walk

A long, quiet, empty walk . . . alone into the solitude And thus, it is, that the once Mystical Captive who transformed into a Mystical Freeborn, then answered the Royal Question; again what was the answer to this exalted inquiry?

"Yes, Lord, let it be done to me according to Thy will" He turns his eyes downward The pain remaining in the mortal worlds behind him is palpable

He wishes so deeply to open their eyes, but they are closed

The evil reigns and lurks within the mortal souls who refuse to identify their purpose

In wandering a mortal realm, one must become something more

But so many waste so much time and achieve nothing of note in the kingdom of God Falling back and forth

Bending to and fro

Swaying from good to evil to good to evil But never launching a single pious thought powerful enough to change their path

If the answer to the Royal Question remains, "Yes, Lord, let it be done to me according to Thy will"

Then there is only one direction he may now go

It is a solitary place, it is another world . . .

Transforming as if from some lightning force
The soul turns his gaze back towards the light which
will not set him free

He cannot look back, he cannot look back . . . He loves them, but he cannot look back anymore He must now go

He begins to walk slowly, methodically, with grace Towards an everlasting salvation

A beauty he cannot yet comprehend But his work can only continue now if he transcends realms

The mortal realms cannot contain him

Because he now must be contained multidimensionally
Because that evil can only be fought and the scattered remnants be gathered

If he goes away

He walks, he takes it slowly

But there is a sudden thrust in his energies Something beyond anything he could comprehend With a lightning grip, with the soaring thunder of God Himself

This traveler is instantly transformed into 'The Solitary'

And in the blink of an eye walks in a new place, a new realm

He has translated himself He remains a human being But he is now also a Solitary

An Solitaries do not reside in one world . . . but many And it is in this, the secret of the Solitary is revealed The battles of he will now fight will not be won on the ground

They will be fought from the realms of energy wherein the intricate workings of the interior spirit of the soul can be actualized

The solitary is no longer a captive spirit

He is no longer simply free

There are no more questions to answer

There is simply the doing of it

"Yes, Lord, let it be done to me according to Thy will"

And in the doing, the Solitary becomes sanctified

And in the sanctification, the solitary becomes capable of changing the world

Invisible, Unseen, Unknown Because, remember Solitaries do not reside in one world . . . but many And in this lies their secret" - Marilynn Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"Hovering outside of what appeared to be a large building far out in the country, I noticed immediately that it was quickly being overrun by dark forces. The battle was fierce, long and arduous, but before long, I was the only one left to fight them. And frankly, I felt pretty ill-equipped.

An unexpected grace came upon me as an angel appeared and gave me a special spiritual gift. He placed something in my hands, and told me that this gift would completely impotize the demons if I were to just touch them. Walking around the room very carefully, I began touching the demons and they all became completely still, as if stopped in actual motion. There were about 150 of them, and they could see what was happening, but could not respond or move. As they all became completely still, 10 - 15 angels had arrived to walk with me towards the building.

But before we were to go, I felt moved to openly chastise the demons for their pathetic attempts to cruelly pervert young children through the evil manner of their death, and even beyond as they transitioned into the next life. "Shame on you, may God rebuke you, we humbly pray."

As I was able to look inbetween the hordes of demons, I suddenly realized that they had been hiding a ranch with a very large gate which was meant to protect those within it from these dark forces who constantly hounded them at their door. Angelic power moved the demonic forces aside to create a path between myself and the gate and suddenly, the gates opened and a young boy ran out, hugged me and then took my hand. There were many children there, working on the ranch, preparing to fully cross over.

The young man who had taken my hand had been murdered, so he traveled this border world to prepare for this final splendor. He was anxious to go, he didn't want to be there anymore, but he wasn't unhappy or hurt. I

This was a borderland where the children who had died traumatic deaths would go as they transition. I turned to the boy, and said, "I hear your prayers, keep praying." I repeated this to him over and over again, and as I did, I realized that he might not have known yet that he had actually crossed into the other side, that he had died.

He looked so happy that I had broken through the dark forces and found him, he held tightly to my hand. He kept smiling, and I kept saying, "I hear you, I hear your prayers, keep praying."

Suddenly, all went silent. Everything changed. The heavens opened, as the clouds thundered to separate revealing a vast marble staircase. It was so stunningly beautiful, it is not possible to put into words.

The dark forces were just still, unable to respond. Vanquished.

The young man held my hand and didn't say anything, but was smiling very widely. As the aura around the staircase became pink, it was beautiful. And a celestial voice said, "Behold the Heavenly Lady . . . the Blessed Virgin. She comes now on behalf of Almighty God." I paused and stared . . . in shock and awe.

This lady, more beautiful than I've ever seen her, crowned with a golden crown, wearing a gown of real roses . . . many shades of mostly pink but other iridescent shades of pastel violent, yellow, white began walking down the stairs in a most regal manner. We all just stared in awe. Sparkling lights came out of her gown, and her face held only peace and total victory over the darkness.

As the young man smiled in wonder, I repeated, although yet quietly, again, "I hear your prayers,

don't stop praying, I'm listening." The Blessed Lady reached her hands to him. He instantly jumped up and hugged me. And I began to fade from the realm before I could see him take her hand and I was grateful for the special gifts given me this evening to stop the evil actions of the demons against this young child who simply wished to make the crossing. How vile and putrid their desire to destroy innocence strikes me, and how weak and lowly they stand in the Presence of God." - Marilynn Hughes

From Lives of the Saints, By Alban Butler

"Reflections on Solitude

The champions of faith prove the truth of their teaching no less by the holiness of their lives than by the force of their arguments. Never forget that to convert others we must first see to our own souls.

He who accompanies the exercises of contemplation and arduous penance with zealous and undaunted endeavors to conduct others to the same glorious term with himself, shall be truly great in the kingdom of heaven.

Let us learn from the example of the Saints to shun the tumult of the world as much as our circumstances will allow, and give ourselves up to the exercises of holy solitude, prayer, and pious reading. The greatest sacrifices imposed by the love of peace will appear as naught if we call to mind the example of Our Saviour, and remember His words, "Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God."

Lives of the Saints, By Alban Butler, Benziger Brothers, 1894

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"My spirit was in a waiting room of sorts and I was sitting in one of about six or so chairs that others also occupied. I had no idea what I was waiting for, but I did notice the celestial heavens were opened all around us, a huge ocean lay between this waiting room and some other destination and spirits were flying about learning about their earthly missions and how to fly in the spirit.

Before I could realize what was happening, a man approached me. His hair was short and brown. He was not very tall himself. He came directly to me and took my hand raising me up to a standing position.

Instantly, I knew it was my Lord Jesus Christ and I was in ecstatic bliss beyond words.

Taking my left hand, he motioned a very tall and robust man sitting nearby to join us, and this man stood, walked over and took my right hand.

We walked towards this ocean which they referred to as the 'Many Waters' and began walking on the water off into a distant land of which I was not yet acquainted. Suddenly, as I realized I was walking on the water, it occurred to me that this man on my right was the Apostle Peter and I was just in awe.

I was in absolute PEACE. We continued walking with Jesus Christ holding my left hand and the Apostle Peter my right far into the distance of these waters until we came to a point and they simply stopped.

Suddenly, the clouds began forming before my eyes into a huge white-winged horse. I remembered instantly that this was my own St. Harmony Crystal Fire which I had written much about (in 'The Mysteries of the Redemption: A Treatise on Out-of-Body Travel and Mysticism,' and 'Galactica: A Treatise on Death, Dying and the Afterlife.'

As I saw my horse in formation, I fell into a total ecstasy. The Lord Jesus turned to me and said, "I am pleased with your work and the future of 'The Out-of-Body Travel Foundation.' He then told me words to give to my daughter, Mary, to protect its legacy warning of others who might try to change its mission and purpose after I was gone. I nodded in thanksgiving for the words of warning.

As he looked into my eyes, I instantly felt His love for me which was so overpowering I could not barely fathom it. And just when I thought maybe he was going to let me cross over, He took my hand and brought me back across the 'Many Waters' and sent me home.

Before returning to consciousness, I found myself in a field of beautiful flowers whose fragrance emanated throughout the realm. I felt the Lord's embrace interiorly as everything around me turned into many flowers of many kinds and many colors. It was stunning, and I knew that everything I had experienced in this life and would in the next, were like this tremendous bouquet of flowers. It was all beautiful; the good, the bad and the ugly, was all a part of beauty's fulfillment. And I felt it . . . in the solitude." - Marilynn Hughes

From Mysticism, By Evelyn Underhill

"Like the story of the Cross, so too the story of man's spirit ends in a garden: in a place of birth and fruitfulness, of beautiful and natural things. Divine Fecundity is its secret: existence, not for its own sake, but for the sake of a more abundant life. It ends with the coming forth of divine humanity, never again to leave us: living in us, and with us, a pilgrim, a worker, a guest at our table, a sharer at all hazards in life. The mystic's witness to this story: waking very

early they have run on before us, urged by the greatness of their love. We, incapable as yet of this sublime encounter, looking in their magic mirror, listening to their stammered tidings, may see far off the consummation of the race.

According to the measure of their strength and of their passion, these, the true lovers of the Absolute, have conformed here and now to the utmost tests of divine sonship, the final demands of life. They have not shrunk from the sufferings of the cross. They have faced the darkness of the tomb. Beauty and agony alike have called them: alike have awakened a heroic response. For them the winter is over: the time of the singing of birds is come. From the deeps of the dewy garden, Life—new, unquenchable, and ever lovely—comes to meet them with the dawn.

Mysticism, By Evelyn Underhill, 1911

From 'Plotinus, The Enneads'

"11. This is the purport of that rule of our Mysteries . . . it was not a vision compassed but a unity apprehended. The man formed by this mingling with the Supreme must- if he only remember- carry its image impressed upon him: he is become the Unity, nothing within him or without inducing any diversity; no movement now, no passion, no outlooking desire, once this ascent is achieved; reasoning is in abeyance and all Intellection and even,

to dare the word, the very self; caught away, filled with God, he has in perfect stillness attained isolation; all the being calmed, he turns neither to this side nor to that, not even inwards to himself; utterly resting he has become very rest. He belongs no longer to the order of the beautiful; he has risen beyond beauty; he has overpassed even the choir of the virtues; he is like one who, having penetrated the inner sanctuary, leaves the temple images behind him-though these become once more first objects of regard when he leaves the holies; for There his converse was not with image, not with trace, but with the very Truth in the view of which all the rest is but of secondary concern.

There, indeed, it was scarcely vision, unless of a mode unknown; it was a going forth from the self, a simplifying, a renunciation, a reach towards contact and at the same time a repose, a meditation towards adjustment. This is the only seeing of what lies within the holies: to look otherwise is to fail.

Things here are signs; they show therefore to the wiser teachers how the supreme God is known; the instructed priest reading the sign may enter the holy place and make real the vision of the inaccessible.

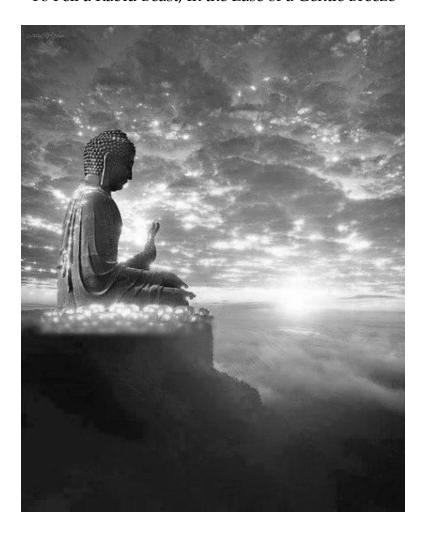
Even those that have never found entry must admit the existence of that invisible; they will know their source and Principle since by principle they see principle and are linked with it, by like they have contact with like and so they grasp all of the divine that lies within the scope of mind. Until the seeing comes they are still craving something, that which only the vision can give; this Term, attained only by those that have overpassed all, is the All-Transcending...

There is thus a converse in virtue of which the essential man outgrows Being, becomes identical with the Transcendent of Being. The self thus lifted, we are in the likeness of the Supreme: if from that heightened self we pass still higher- image to archetype- we have won the Term of all our journeying. Fallen back again, we awaken the virtue within until we know ourselves all order once more; once more we are lightened of the burden and move by virtue towards Intellectual-Principle and through the Wisdom in That to the Supreme.

This is the life of (the) . . . blessed among men, liberation from the alien that besets us here, a life taking no pleasure in the things of earth, the passing of solitary to solitary."

Plotinus, The Enneads, Sixth Ennead, Ninth Tractate, Section Eleven

CHAPTER FOURTo Fell a Rabid Beast, In the Ease of a Gentle Breeze



"We become like that which we love. If we love what is base, we become base; but if we love what is noble,

we become noble." *Ven. Fulton Sheen.*

"To fell a rabid beast In the ease of a gentle breeze An innocent flower Cannot bear the wind of the guilty Intrusions from the swarms of death Ravage the particles of life Lifestreams convey distraction And so as the Solitary conveys withdrawal A quickening occurs within the hearts of men Savage hearts thrust from the underworld Grasping onto that which they can hold But the root withdraws And they slink backwards Returning to their natural state The Solitary is no more performing a voluntary function It has changed By withdrawing into the solitude He has become untenable There is nothing with which the world may hold onto And he slides gracefully into the next realm The light gracefully befalling his eyes The winsome prairie grass sways in the breezes The Presence of God is felt from all things The ravenous hunger of the humanities below No longer can be quenched in his flesh

They must seek elsewhere

For a time their howls are transparent
Heard deeply in the night
Seeking to grasp onto that which they almost took
hold

But could not

For the call of the Lord was always more attractive And contained within it the power to heal and transform

Whereas the howling was only a distraction
A distant memory of ways gone bad
Times when souls were lost without fail
Unable to seek even a sliver of the truth
Or touch even the slightest breath of God
But they soon give up and take on their hunting
Beastly prowling about for worldly souls to drench
With the stench of their sweat

With the tentacles of their darkly view

And the solitary quietly walks forward into a calm
horizon

Heralding the dawning of a beautiful light Quenching his thirsty soul with the dew of the morning grace

And the trembling from below slows As the calm and peace from above descends The solitary waits

Sitting quietly upon the ground, he waits
For a beast does not quench itself in a moment
But in many

And in having extricated himself from the former realm of the living dead

And thrusting himself into the now realm of the

aliveness itself

The Solitary knows that the forces which turn towards destruction and death must cease their trembling

And they will do so with a final thrust An attempt to win the vessel of their parasitic interest back to their own

And the Solitary must wait for them to subside And as day after day passes, they move further and further away

The demonic faces which held them reveal themselves

The Solitary casts them into the outer darkness And lends the chosen dying a hand in remaining where they must stay

A wall is slowly building
Their world and his is closing apart
And the Solitary is taking a solid grasp
Solitaries do not reside in one world . . . but many
Solitaries know that peace remains only with God
Not in the world

And in this lies their secret" - Marilynn Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"Descending into the rapturous grassy green, I felt my soul alift in eternal delight as I observed a very tall but tiny, tiny windmill blowing nearby.

The grasses were a very deep and bright green, one you would only expect to see in another world,

another place. But although it was a netherworld, it was not a heavenly place. The twilight lit the world with a dim but warm glow.

A rack of clothing was placed in front of me, mostly baggy sweaters, which belonged to another person who had begun to take up life with the beloved friend who had previously chosen the way of spiritual death by hanging and suffocation.

There was a sun in the distance, a far distance . . . much further than we can see upon our earth.

Within the rack of clothing, I was given to feel an energy of happy memories that had been made. A young woman came up behind me, another person who had been left behind by this same person. She pointed out that there were little designs in some of the sweaters which represented 'happy' memories, although it was clear from their imprinting that these were carnal memories.

But for whatever reason, there was a certain compatibility between the two because they were going in a similar direction – away from God. And it was this which brought them together.

The woman behind me spoke and said, "I'd like you to be happy for them." But at that moment, all I could feel was anger. It was not possible for me to be happy for them. She was wearing a very conservative, black

dress and she said, "As Christians, we must be happy for them."

It was at this moment that I understood something was amok. In a sense, she was right. But yet in another sense, she was completely wrong.

Stepping backwards, I again allowed myself to feel the energetic impulse of this place and assess it. The happiness and warmth emanated from the compatibility between the two, but that compatibility was coming because of both of these persons' sincere turning away from God.

It was at that moment that I understood. There are laws of vibration which cannot be altered even when you love someone. There is a vibration which goes towards God and another which moves further and further away. There is the vibration which moves towards life, and another towards death. There is a vibration which creates and a vibration which destroys.

When he had made that choice to turn away from God, it only made sense that inevitably he would meet someone 'compatible' to this, and that it was not for me to necessarily be 'happy' for them, but accept their compatibility and the contrary energies which could no longer intersect whence a decision of that caliber had been made.

So, the Christian woman who insisted I be happy for them was right, I must accept that this was compatible and it was where they were both resonating at this time; and therefore, it was not a place I could remain.

However, to be happy for a backwards flow, a backwards turn, to turn away from God is a misunderstanding of what it is to be a Christian.

We must accept the free will of others, but not immediately choose to blend with that will when it contradicts the free will chosen by ourselves to serve an all Holy God.

And because the path of those who seek God alone is often littered with people who have been loved, lost and left behind in one way or another; it is difficult to simply accept that in order to continue forward, the soul must accept.

Accept . . . and to be happy that this other person has found another soul to walk the path with them. Because of the similarity and compatibility of the issues they would share, this would then catapult them to where they would eventually need to go. Forward or backward, it would be up to them.

But at this moment, when those two contrary energies had met and connected their pathways in a carnal way; they had accelerated their going backwards. And this would effectively seal that decision to move towards death for each of them separately and as a unit.

And that uniting would invariably thrust out any person who continued to move towards God.

Looking behind me, I noticed the small wind funnel, as my spirit became alit with the flight of grace. Acceptance of that choice was now requisite for me to walk forward into the next epochs of the light.

It was not for those who had chosen to remain behind - who had not grasped a hold of the hands of God - to come. I would again walk slowly forward, quietly, alone.

And as I did this, the winds of grace lifted my spirit beyond the separation and into the next abode of the righteous." - Marilynn Hughes

"Going along in company together, a wise man Must mix with other foolish persons. But on seeing what is wrongful he abandons them. As a full-fledged heron leaves the marshy ground."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

From 'The Master Key System,' By Charles F. Haanel

THIS Part tells of the Law of Vibration and why the highest principle necessarily determines the circumstances, aspects and relations of everything with which it comes in contact. It tells why and how a knowledge of these higher forces makes all physical force sink into insignificance. It explains the nature of concentration; it tells something of the practice of concentration, tells something of the results of concentration. It tells how the mind may become a magnet, how it may irresistibly attract the conditions which it desires; it tells why it is necessary "to be" in order "to have." It tells how to unfasten the prison

bars of weakness, impotence and self-belittlement and realize the joy of overcoming obstacles. It tells how the intuitive power is set in operation and how this inevitably leads to success. It tells of the difference between real power and the symbols of power, and why the symbols turn to ashes just as we overtake them.

The kind of Deity which a man, consciously or unconsciously, worships, indicates the intellectual status of the worshipper.

Ask the Indian of God, and he will describe to you a powerful chieftain of a glorious tribe. Ask the Pagan of God, and he will tell you of a God of fire, a God of water, a God of this, that and the other.

Ask the Israelite of God, and he will tell you of the God of Moses, who conceived it expedient to rule by coercive measures; hence, the Ten Commandments. Or he will tell you of Joshua, who led the Israelites into battle, confiscated property, murdered the prisoners and laid cities waste.

The so-called heathens made "graven images" of their Gods, whom they were accustomed to worship, but among the most intelligent, at least, these images were but the visible emblems which they used to facilitate mental concentration on the qualities which they desired to externalize in their lives.

We of the twentieth century worship a God of Love in theory, but in practice we make for ourselves "graven images" of "Wealth," "Power," "Fashion," "Custom and "Conventionality." We "fall down" before them and worship them. We concentrate on them and they are thereby externalized in our lives.

The reader who masters the contents of Part Seventeen will not mistake symbols for reality; he will be interested in causes, rather than effects. He will concentrate on the realities of life, and will then not be disappointed in the results.

- 1. We are told that Man has "dominion over all things"; this dominion is established through Mind. Thought is the activity which controls every principle beneath it. The highest principle by reason of its superior essence and qualities necessarily determines the circumstances, aspects and relation of everything with which it comes into contact.
- 2. The vibrations of Mental forces are the finest and consequently the most powerful in existence. To those who perceive the nature and transcendency of mental force, all physical power sinks into insignificance.
- 3. We are accustomed to look upon the Universe with a lens of five senses, and from these experiences our anthropomorphic conceptions originate, but true conceptions are only secured by spiritual insight. This insight requires a quickening of the vibrations of the Mind, and is only secured when the mind is continuously concentrated in a given direction.

- 4. Continuous concentration means an even, unbroken flow of thought and is the result of patient, persistent, persevering and well-regulated system.
- 5. Great discoveries are the result of long-continued investigation. The science of mathematics requires years of concentrated effort to master it, and the greatest science—that of the Mind—is revealed only through concentrated effort.
- 6. Concentration is much misunderstood; there seems to be an idea of effort or activity associated with it, when just the contrary is necessary. The greatness of an actor lies in the fact that he forgets himself in the portrayal of his character, becoming so identified with it that the audience is swayed by the realism of the performance. This will give you a good idea of true concentration; you should be so interested in your thought, so engrossed in your subject, as to be conscious of nothing else. Such concentration leads to intuitive perception and immediate insight into the nature of the object concentrated upon.
- 7. All knowledge is the result of concentration of this kind; it is thus that the secrets have been wrested from Heaven and Earth; it is thus that the mind becomes a magnet and the desire to know draws the knowledge, irresistibly attracts it, makes it your own.
- 8. Desire is largely sub-conscious; conscious desire rarely realizes its object when the latter is out of immediate reach. Sub-conscious desire arouses the

latent faculties of the mind, and difficult problems seem to solve themselves.

9. The sub-conscious mind may be aroused and brought into action in any direction and made to serve us for any purpose, by concentration.

The practice of concentration requires the control of the physical, mental and psychical being; all modes of consciousness, whether physical, mental or psychical, must be under control.

- 10. Spiritual Truth is therefore the controlling factor; it is this which will enable you to grow out of limited attainment and reach a point where you will be able to translate modes of thought into character and consciousness.
- 11. Concentration does not mean mere thinking of thoughts, but the transmutation of these thoughts into practical values; the average person has no conception of the meaning of concentration. There is always the cry "to have" but never the cry "to be"; people fail to understand that they cannot have one without the other, that they must first find the "kingdom" before they can have the "things added." Momentary enthusiasm is of no value; it is only by unbounded self-confidence that the goal is reached.
- 12. The mind may place the ideal a little too high and fall short of the mark; it may attempt to soar on untrained wings and, instead of flying, fall to earth; but that is no reason for not making another attempt.

- 13. Weakness is the only barrier to mental attainment; attribute your weakness to physical limitations or mental uncertainties and try again; ease and perfection are gained by repetition.
- 14. The astronomer centres his mind on the stars and they give forth their secrets; the geologist centres his mind on the construction of the earth and we have geology; so with all things. Men centre their minds on the problems of life, and the result is apparent in the vast and complex social order of the day.
- 15. All mental discovery and attainment are the result of desire plus concentration; desire is the strongest motive to action; the more persistent the desire, the more authoritative the revelation. Desire added to concentration will wrench any secret from nature.
- 16. In realizing great thoughts, in experiencing great emotions that correspond with great thoughts, the mind is in a state where it appreciates the value of higher things.
- 17. The intensity of one moment's earnest concentration and the intense longing to become and to attain may take you further than years of slow normal and forced effort; it will unfasten the prison bars of unbelief, weakness, impotence and self-belittlement, and you will corne into a realization of the joy of overcoming.
- 18. The spirit of initiative and originality is developed through persistence and continuity of mental effort.

Business teaches the value of concentration and encourages decision of character; it develops practical insight and quickness of conclusion. The mental element in every commercial pursuit is dominant as the controlling factor, and desire is the predominating force; all commercial relations are the externalization of desire.

- 19. Many of the sturdy and substantial virtues are developed in commercial employment; the mind is steadied and directed; it becomes efficient. The principal necessity is the strengthening of the mind so that it rises superior to the distractions and wayward impulses of instinctive life and thus successfully prevails in the conflict between the higher and lower self.
- 20. All of us are dynamos, but the dynamo of itself is nothing; the mind must work the dynamo; then it is useful and its energy can be definitely concentrated. The mind is an engine whose power is undreamed; thought is an omni-working power. It is the ruler and creator of all form and all events occurring in form. Physical energy is nothing in comparison with the omnipotence of thought, because thought enables man to harness all other natural power.
- 21. Vibration is the action of thought; it is vibration which reaches out and attracts the material necessary to construct and build. There is nothing mysterious concerning the power of thought; concentration simply implies that consciousness can be focalized to the point where it becomes identified with the object

of its attention. As food absorbed is the essence of the body, so the mind absorbs the object of its attention, gives it life and being.

- 22. If you concentrate on some matter of importance, the intuitive power will be set in operation, and help will come in the nature of information which will lead to success.
- 23. Intuition arrives at conclusions without the aid of memory. Intuition often experience or problems that are beyond the grasp of the reasoning power. Intuition often comes with a suddenness that is startling; it reveals the truth for which we are searching, so directly that it seems to come from a higher power. Intuition can be cultivated developed. In order to do this it must be recognized and appreciated; if the intuitive visitor is given a royal welcome when he comes, he will come again; the more cordial the welcome the more frequent his visits will become, but if he is ignored or neglected he will make his visits few and far apart.
- 24. Intuition usually comes in the Silence; great minds seek solitude frequently; it is here that all the larger problems of life are worked out. For this reason every business man who can afford it has a private office, where he will not be disturbed; if you cannot afford a private office you can at least find somewhere where you can be alone a few minutes each day, to train the thought along lines which will enable you to develop that invincible power which is necessary to achieve.

- 25. Remember that fundamentally the subconscious is omnipotent; there is no limit to the things that can be done when it is given the power to act. Your degree of success is determined by the nature of your desire. If the nature of your desire is in harmony with Natural Law or the Universal Mind, it will gradually emancipate the mind and give you invincible courage.
- 26. Every obstacle conquered, every victory gained, will give you more faith in your power, and you will have greater ability to win. Your strength is determined by your mental attitude; if this attitude is one of success, and is permanently held with an unswerving purpose, you will attract to yourself from the invisible domain the things you silently demand.
- 27. By keeping the thought in mind, it will gradually take tangible form. A definite purpose sets causes in motion which go out in the invisible world and find the material necessary to serve your purpose.
- 28. You may be pursuing the symbols of power, instead of power itself. You may be pursuing fame instead of honour, riches instead of wealth, position instead of service; in either event you will find that they turn to ashes just as you overtake them.
- 29. Premature wealth or position cannot be retained because it has not been earned; we get only what we give, and those who try to get without giving always find that the law of compensation is relentlessly bringing about an exact equilibrium.

- 30. The race has hitherto been for money and other mere symbols of power, but with an understanding of the true source of power we can afford to ignore the symbols. The man with a large bank account finds it unnecessary to load his pockets down with gold; so with the man who has found the true source of power; he is no longer interested in its shams or pretentions.
- 31. Thought ordinarily leads outwardly in evolutionary directions, but it can be turned within where it will take hold of the basic principles of things, the heart of things, the spirit of things. When you get to the heart of things it is comparatively easy to understand and command them.
- 32. This is because the Spirit of a thing is the thing itself, the vital part of it, the real substance. The form is simply the outward manifestation of the spiritual activity within.
- 33. For your next exercise concentrate as nearly as possible in accordance with the method outlined in this Part; let there be no conscious effort or activity associated with your purpose. Relax completely, avoid any thought of anxiety as to results. Remember that power comes through repose. Let the thought dwell upon your object until it is completely identified with it, until you are conscious of nothing else.
- 34. If you wish to eliminate fear concentrate on courage.

- 35. If you wish to eliminate lack concentrate on abundance.
- 36. If you wish to eliminate disease concentrate on health.
- 37. Always concentrate on the ideal as an already existing fact; this is the Elohim, the germ cell, the life principle which goes forth, and enters in, and becomes, sets in motion those causes which guide, direct and bring about the necessary relation, which eventually manifests in form.

SOLITARY QUESTIONS

1. What is the true method of concentration?

To become so identified with the object of your thought that you are conscious of nothing else.

2. What is the result of this method of concentration?

Invisible forces are set in motion which irresistibly bring about conditions in correspondence with your thought.

3. What is the controlling factor in this method of thought?

Spiritual Truth.

4. Why is this so?

Because the nature of our desire must be in harmony with Natural Law.

5. What is the practical value of this method of concentration?

Thought is transmuted into character, and character is the magnet which creates the environment of the individual.

6. What is the controlling factor in every commercial pursuit?

The mental element.

7. Why is this so?

Because Mind is the ruler and creator of all form and all events occurring in form.

8. How does concentration operate?

By the development of the powers of perception, wisdom, intuition, and sagacity.

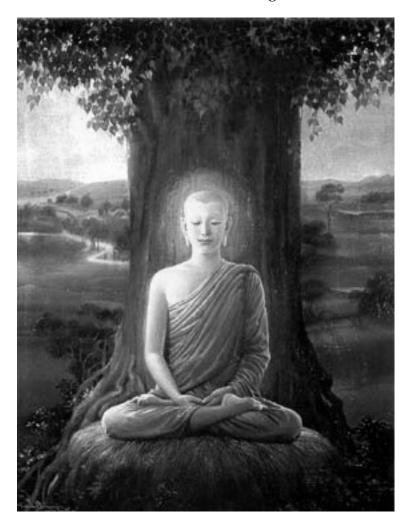
9. Why is intuition superior to reason?

Because it does not depend upon experience or memory and frequently brings about the solution of our problem by methods concerning which we are in entire ignorance. 10. What is the result of pursuing the symbol of the reality?

Symbols frequently turn to ashes just as we overtake them, because the symbol is only the outward form of the spiritual activity within; therefore, unless we can possess the spiritual reality the form disappears.

The Master Key System, By Charles F. Haanel, Part Seventeen, 1919

CHAPTER FIVEThe Next Abode of the Righteous



"Those who have made a bridge Cross over the river flood Leaving the swampy pools behind. While people are binding a raft The wise are already across."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"In the splendor of the abode Where the righteous fear their lot A calmness ceases reaching And foreboding reaches naught Amongst the travels of the spirit A solitary cannot go Within the realms of darkness Or within the realms of show No plan can undermine this No intention raise the brow Only souls can choose their mission And only fools get lost somehow Inherent weeping long fills the course But vibrations contain a remedy There is no fuller method Than to enter into the spirit of the sea Ethers vibrate rapidly Bringing longing down to naught And courageous souls can muster The courage of truth that they have sought All that fells within their conscience

All that lies within their wake All the pain and all the passion Must now lie down for God's sake And as these things submerge themselves And cease to live among the soul They die to the Solitary And the spirit grieves no more A peaceful stance erupts from one Who vibrationally kisses the past It dies a fearful parting But only memories suffer death As the spirit reaches solitude Amidst the noble realms Its silence speaks of wisdom And its new vibration speaks of home So wander not so far, my dears From the blessed shores of Universal Good Wherein the truth reigns only And the evil cannot go All is silent in this realm All eyes remain on God No though, no words, no deeds, no fears Even being itself is gone . . . " - Marilynn Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"Only an instant had passed, but the simple acceptance of the energetic consequences of the free

will vibration of others had taken me immediately in a realm of The Solitaries.

Sitting in meditative posture and facing forward towards the Universal Good, my spirit had become like a smooth outline of simple light. My eyes were closed, my hands on my knees and coins were scattered all around me.

Others had joined me in this new abode of the righteous. They, too, were facing forward in a meditative posture but keenly aware of their aloneness among the Solitaries as I was indeed.

These were others who had simply chosen to release the worldly vibrations of those unable to walk a path in this manner towards God – behind - and walk forward. That act of simplicity had vibrationally altered each of our spirits in an instant.

We disappeared from the world as if we had never been.

We reappeared in this abode of the righteous with an entirely altered energy body.

All was silent . . . there was no thought, no words, no deeds, no doing, not even being.

We had released all attachments to worldly cares and concerns. And in this emptiness we had become the state, essence and vibration of peace – emanating.

The silence was calming. It filled this new energy body I carried with light. Every one of the Solitaries emanated a brilliant light, like transcendent suns. And our eyes remained fixed forward . . . on the Universal Good, which we knew was God.

Momentarily, although the other Solitaries remained fixed in time and space in perfect peace, I was energetically released from stillness in order to gather from the treasures which were lying around my light body – the coins.

Moving slowly, I began to pick one coin up at a time. Instantly, I realized that every one of these coins had engraved upon them holy words of wisdom, aphorisms, to tend to me as I would continue my journey in this righteous abode and those which would follow. I was honored, and I bowed to the Universal Good which remained ahead of me, which I knew to be present and residing in that sphere in a special way, and I knew to be God."

The first coin read:"

From the Udana

"Uncontrolled people pierce one with words As a battle-elephant is pierced with arrows On hearing harsh words being uttered to him A biddhu (disciple) should endure them without hate."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued . . .) In the piercing arrows of my heart, a vision erupted. Allowed to see the pain and anguish caused by the two people for whom my spirit had to leave behind, much harm had been caused. And what they had done was clearly evil.

Both parties had given into horrific vices which twist the soul's motives, purposes and the manner in which they are able to assess or value their own actions towards others. Due to inordinate attachments to lusts, they had taken to a predatory nature in regards to their sexual pursuits. And in so doing, had caused a great deal of harm to themselves and others along their paths.

But what follows from such evil is an unwillingness to understand nor follow the true nature of love. In this unwillingness, the soul can begin to feel justified in hateful, mean-spirited, unwarranted and completely unlawful behavior towards others as regards eternal law.

And I was able to see the ugliness of what one of this person had done to me by his actions. And what was now to ensue, in that, he had made a choice. At the time this choice had been made, he had been presented with what is known as an eternal option, and he could have chosen to go towards life. In so doing, he would have begun to spiritually vibrate towards God, as well.

But because he had so consciously rejected that path and chosen his evil over God, he had begun to spiral backwards. And in so doing, he had received the normal energetic consequence of so doing; to meet someone who was equal and compatible to the level of evil he had chosen.

While this might have seemed a 'good' to him at the outset, and while he might even feel himself 'happy' with this new chain of events, and what he might perceive as a 'more compatible' relationship in his life, it would not be something that could be of any eternal benefit to him in the future.

Because this soul he now felt compatibility with was like himself; that would translate into them 'feeding' off of and 'consuming' one another and that never goes well.

Evil intentions are their own reward. Evil deeds have strict karmic consequences.

By uniting, they were multiplying their evil capabilities. Simply, their energies uniting would accomplish this end. But their manifestation of approval and action to the harsh and cruel deeds they may had previously accomplished with some sense of wrongdoing or conscience, would now be overpowered by the approval of the other in this uniting of what they may have previously at least felt some level of remorse in regards to doing.

With remorse gone, and conscience no longer existent; that evil multiplied. And they had turned on me back in the world of their raging passions.

Thus, they had to be left behind, spiraling further into the darkness on their own. In a sense, this decision to unite – for both of them – had made them food. Not just to one another, but to all the demons and dark forces for which they had made a conscious decision to agree to allow all around them.

It was a horrible scene.

But even though evil intent and actions do appear to be rewarded in the mortal worlds, in the end, they destroy the doers of them in this world and the next.

Ravaged by the beasts, explosions were going off in the distance. Destinies were already being destroyed. Demons with a human form, but reptilian skin sneered at them in the hundreds. Their ears were horns and blood dripped from their pointed teeth. Scorpions, red scorpions swarmed into the fires breaking out all around.

A vicious face tried to break through to come after me in the abode of the righteous, but was quickly snatched up by an archangel and tossed into the fire and towards them. The evil that they had done to myself, my family – and to others I did not know – was now being turned upon them.

It was chaos and it was no longer mine to carry. Quietly, I bowed my head, and said, "I give them to you, Lord, to do with as you so see fit; justice or mercy, it is in your hands." Another loud explosion went off in the distance, as my spirit was being carefully pulled out of the vision and back to the abode of the righteous. There was no question, they were entering into God's justice . . . I bowed, closed my eyes, and let it be.

Before me, another coin captured my attention and I raised it to my new light body so that I could read it. The second coin read:"

From the Udana

"As a man with good eyesight, on a journey, Would endeavor to avoid any dangerous place, So too a wise man living in the world Should avoid demeritorious deeds."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued...) Pulling my energy inward, I allowed the force of the new light body which had smoothly engendered a peaceful vibration above and apart from all that had happened below, I quietly picked up another coin. The third coin read:"

From the Udana

"If you fear pain, if you dislike pain,
Do not do a bad deed openly or in secret.
If you have done a bad deed or do one now,
You will not escape pain, though you try to flee."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued . . .) My spirit moved inward and felt the sorrow and contrition for the many sins I had committed in my many past times, and I felt deep, deep compassion for them. Despite the hurt and betrayal which had been bestowed upon my spirit during this horrific journey, I knew that we all pay for our deeds in this life and others, and that my

redemption could only come at the cost of really understanding and knowing in my own heart the pain that others had felt at my hands in times past or times left unremembered.

But this powerful searing focus remained on my soul, as I allowed the energy of the Universal Good Who emanated into my light body from ahead. And in this emanation, my spirit was cleansed of the hurt and pain I had endured in order to travel this journey to the abode of the Solitaries.

And I quietly accepted God's forgiveness for the pain my soul had caused others in its earthly wanderings, as the searing roar of the light cleansed that pain. And it became as though it had never been. And my spirit was pure, unsullied . . . the familiar peace returned.

Again, I noticed that the others around me were silent . . . there was no thought, no words, no deeds, no doing, not even being.

Quietly, I looked upon the ground and picked up another coin. The fourth coin read:"

From the Udana

"Whose life causes no remorse
And who sorrows not at death.
The wise one who has seen that state

Sorrows not in the midst of sorrow. A bikkhu whose mind is calmed, Who has destroyed the craving for being, Finished with wandering on in births There is no further state of being for him."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued . . .) The worldly part of my soul would have wished them harm for the harm they had done to me, but in this newfound abode of the solitaries, it was not possible or even within the realm of consciousness to do so.

Great compassion was bestowed on those caught up in the worldly wanderings of life. And for those who had warranted justice, there was a solemn respect for the process which inevitably must follow any soul who would consciously choose evil in their worldly life.

Free will is a gift given to human beings by the Universal Good. And since all that remains contrary to that Good remains in violation of eternal law, it is necessary that they receive just consequences when so deemed by the Lord. As must we all . . .

Free will was not given to mankind by Satan, so to use the gift of human life and its inherent free will is to move away from God. To utilize the nature of a gift

given to all by God for the perpetuation of evil is an astronomical departure from its original intent, and thus, warrants divine retribution and a just response."

From 'The Messengers,' By Francisco Candido Xavier

"'The organizations of our brothers and sisters who are devoted to evil are extremely vast. Don't get the idea that they are all ignorant or unaware. The majority of them consists of the wicked and criminals. They are truly diabolical spirits. Have no doubt about it."

'My God!' Vicente exclaimed in astonishment. 'Why do they deliberately organize themselves for evil purposes? Don't they know that the entire universal treasure belongs to the Divine Majesty? Don't they recognize the Sovereign Power?'

'Ah, my friend! I asked those very same questions when I arrived here for the first time. The answers I received were incisive and conclusive. We could ask the same questions about the earth, Vicente. The criminals who create victims of war, the exploiters of the public welfare, the stingy misers, those thirsty for unjustified dominance, and the vain ones full of foolishness . . . they all know, as well as our adversaries here, that everything belongs to God and that the human being is simply a beneficiary of the divine assets. They know that death called their

predecessors to the truth and to account for themselves, and that the same road is waiting for them; even so, they torment themselves like veritable lunatics, piling up wealth to their ruin and abusing the holiest opportunities. Here you can see the same thing. They want to dominate others rather than dominate themselves; they make demands instead of giving, and thus they enter into perennial conflict with the divine spirit of the law. Once the duel between their fantasy and the truth of the Father is established, the poor beings resist the Lord's corrections and become true spirits of darkness until one day they decide to take another course.'

Intrigued with his profound remarks, I asked 'But how do you explain the bases for such an attitude? We can understand such delusion occurring on the earth, but here . . . '

My benevolent friend did not let me finish and continued 'On earth, our unhappy brothers and sisters struggle for economic dominance, for undisciplined passions, and for the hegemony of erroneous principles. The exact same thing applies in the zones close to the earthly mind. Among the wicked and ignorant spirits, there are cooperatives for evil, economic systems of a feudalistic nature, the base exploitation of certain forces of nature, tyrranical vanity, the diffusion of lies, the slavery of those who weaken themselves through negligence, the cruel captivity of failed and careless spirits, passion perhaps more undisciplined than those on earth,

sentimental unrest, terrible imbalances of the mind, and anguished aberrations of the sentiments. Everywhere, my friend, spiritual failure is always the same to the Lord, although it varies in intensity and hue.'"

The Messengers: Life in the Spirit World, Francisco Candido Xavier, 2008, Brazilian Spiritist Federation

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued . . .) "And so I bowed again in sorrow, but then nodded giving my assent to the just response of a Universal good to the evil which had been perpetuated. And a rush of wind came through my spirit in a calm grace of sorrow.

Picking up another coin, the fifth one read:"

From the Udana

"Seeing the world as unsatisfying Knowing the state without clinging, A noble one does not delight in evil; In evil a pure one finds no delight."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"Picking up another coin, the sixth one read:"

From the Udana

"For the good to do what is good is easy,
For the bad to do what is good is difficult:
For the bad to do what is bad is easy,
For the noble to do what is bad is difficult."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"Picking up another coin, the seventh one read:"

From the Udana

"Whatever doubts as to here or beyond In one's own or another's experience, All are abandoned by the meditator, By one ardent, leading the holy life."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued . . .) Abandoning the previous vision of the evil worlds chosen by those who had remained behind in grace, I turned away from their death and again lifted my eyes to the Universal Good which lay ahead of me. Death was no more, it was as

if it had never happened, as if they'd never existed, and my spirit had entered into an entirely new world.

Again, I noticed that the others around me were silent . . . there was no thought, no words, no deeds, no doing, not even being.

Picking up the final coin, the eighth one read:"

From the Udana

"With body controlled and mind controlled, Whether standing, sitting, or lying down, A bhikku (disciple) making this mindfulness firm Shall obtain successive distinctions.
On obtaining distinctions in succession He goes beyond sight of the King of Death."

The Udana, Translated by John D. Ireland, 1990 Buddhist Publication Society

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued . . .) And thus it was so . . . "

From Moon in a Dewdrop, From the Bendo Wa, Zen Master Dogen

"Sitting upright, practicing Zen, is the authentic gate to the unconfined realm of this Samadhi.

Although this inconceivable dharma (teaching) is abundant in each person, it is not actualized without

practice, and it is not experienced without realization. When you release it, it fills your hand - - how could it be limited to one or many? When you speak it, it fills your mouth - - it is not bounded by length or width.

All buddha's continuously abide in it (Samadhi), but do not leave traces of consciousness in their illumination. Sentient beings continuously move about in it, but illumination is not manifest in their consciousness.

The concentrated endeavor of the way I am speaking of allows all things to come forth in enlightenment and practice, all-inclusiveness with detachment. Passing through the barrier and dropping off limitations, how could you be hindered . . . ?"

Moon in a Dewdrop, Words of Bendo Wa, Zen Master Dogen, 1985, North Point Press

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Anonymous Vision

"In a nighttime twilight, my spirit floated outside of our home to look for my mother who had traversed towards the front yards moments prior. I was concerned because she seemed upset about something and I wanted to make sure that she was okay. As I walked outside, however, I noticed that my mother was standing outside the car. She appeared to be looking at something up in the sky.

When I looked up, I saw a line of about five extraterrestrial crafts; in many colors, circular in shape with spherical windows. They were hovering around the house, not moving . . . just staying there, so to speak.

My mother fell to the ground in awe and I just stood there in shock. And as I continued to watch them, I noticed that there was a voluminous magnetic field that had been formed and now surrounded our entire home with a uniquely impenetrable strength.

Like a non-wavering force field, it seemed as though our family had been placed into a huge energetic vibrational box of protection from external influences which would wish to degrade or derail our eternal impetus, destiny and purpose.

There was a special level of protection that had been given, as well, against the current forces of evil which had come against us.

Relief and an exhausted sigh of gratitude came from my spirit to those extraterrestrial being and the Almighty Who had sent them to thwart what had been a long and drawn out trial." - Anonymous Vision written by Marilynn Hughes

From 'The Lankavatara Sutra'

"Bodhisattvahood and Its Stages

THEN SAID MAHAMATI to the Blessed One: Will you tell us now about the disciples who are Bodhisattvas?

The Blessed One replied: The Bodhisattvas are those earnest disciples who are enlightened by reason of their efforts to attain self-realisation of Noble Wisdom and who have taken upon themselves the task to enlighten others. They have gained understanding of the truth that all things are empty, un-born, and of a maya-like nature; they have ceased from viewing things discriminatively and from considering them in their relations; they thoroughly understand the truth of twofold egolessness and have adjusted themselves to it with patient acceptance; they have attained a definite realisation imagelessness; and they are abiding in the perfectknowledge that they have gained by self-realisation of Noble Wisdom.

Well stamped by the seal of "Suchness" they entered upon the first of the Bodhisattva stages. The first stage is called the Stage of joy (*Pramudita*). Entering this stage is like passing out of the glare and shadows into a realm of "no-shadows"; it is like passing out of the noise and tumult of the crowded city into the quietness of solitude. The Bodhisattva feels within himself the awakening of a great heart of compassion and he utters his ten original vows: To honor and

serve all Buddhas; to spread the knowledge and practice of the Dharma; to welcome all coming Buddhas; to practice the six Paramitas; to persuade all beings to embrace the Dharma; to attain a perfect understanding of the universe; to attain a perfect understanding of tile mutuality of all beings; to attain perfect self-realisation of the oneness of all the Buddhas and Tathagatas n self-nature, purpose and resources; to become acquainted with all skillful means for the carrying out of these vows for the emancipation of all beings; to realise supreme enlightenment through the perfect self-realisation of Noble Wisdom, ascending the stages and entering Tathagatahood.

In the spirit of these vows the Bodhisattva gradually ascends the stages to the sixth. All earnest disciples, masters and Arhats have ascended thus far, but being enchanted by the bliss of the Samadhis and not being supported by the powers of the Buddhas, they pass to their Nirvana. The same fate would befall the Bodhisattvas except for the sustaining power of the Buddhas, by that they are enabled to refuse to enter Nirvana until all beings can enter Nirvana with them. The Tathagatas point out to them the virtues of Buddahood which are beyond the conception of the intellectual-mind, and they encourage and strengthen the Bodhisattvas not to give in to tenchantment of the bliss of the Samadhis, but to press on to further advancement along the stages. If the Bodhisattvas had entered Nirvana at this stage, and they would have done so without the sustaining power of the Buddhas,

there would have been the cessation of all things and the family of the Tathagatas would have become extinct.

Strengthened by the new strength that comes to them from the Buddhas and with the more perfect insight that is theirs by reason of their advance in self-realisation of Noble Wisdom, they re-examine the nature of the mind-system, the egolessness of personality, and the part that grasping and attachment and habit-energy play in the unfolding drama of life; they re-examine the illusions of the fourfold logical analysis, and the various elements that enter into enlightenment and self-realisation, and, in the thrill of their new powers of self-mastery, the Bodhisattvas enter upon the seventh stage of Fargoing (*Duramgama*).

Supported by the sustaining power of the Buddhas, the Bodhisattvas at this stage enter into the bliss of the Samadhi of perfect tranquillisation. Owing to their original vows they are transported by emotions of love and compassion as they become aware of the part they are to perform in the carrying out of their vows for the emancipation of all beings. Thus they do not enter into Nirvana, but, in truth, they too are already in Nirvana because in their emotions of love and compassion there is no rising of discrimination; henceforth, with them, discrimination no more takes place. Because of Transcendental Intelligence only one conception is present-the promotion of the realisation of Noble Wisdom. Their insight issues

from the Womb of Tathagatahood and they enter into their task with spontaneity and radiancy because it is of the self-nature of Noble Wisdom. This is called the Bodhisattva's Nirvana-the losing oneself in the bliss of perfect self-yielding. This is the seventh stage, the stage of Far-going.

The eighth stage, is the stage of No-recession (*Acala*). Up to this stage, because of the defilements upon the face of Universal Mind caused by the accumulation of beginningless habit-energy since time, mindsystem and all that pertains to it has been evolved and sustained. The mind-system functioned by the discriminations of an external and objective world to which it became attached and by which it But Bodhisattva's with the perpetuated. attainment of the eighth stage there comes the "turning-about" within his deepest consciousness from self-centered egoism to universal compassion for all beings, by which he attains perfect selfrealisation of Noble Wisdom. There is an instant cessation of the delusive activities of the whole mindsystem; the dancing of the waves of habit-energy on the face of Universal Mind are forever stilled, revealing its own inherent quietness and solitude, the Oneness inconceivable of the Womb of Tathagatahood.

Henceforth there is no more looking outward upon an external world by senses and sense-minds, nor a discrimination of particularised concepts and ideas and propositions by an intellectual-mind, no more grasping, nor attachment, nor pride of egoism, nor habit-energy. Henceforth there is only the inner experience of Noble Wisdom which has been attained by entering into its perfect Oneness.

Thus establishing himself at the eighth stage of Norecession, the Bodhisattva enters into the bliss of the ten Samadhis, but avoiding the path of the disciples and masters who yielded themselves up to their entrancing bliss and who passed to their Nirvanas, and supported by his vows and the Transcendental Intelligence which now is his and being sustained by the power of the Buddhas, he enters upon the higher paths that lead to Tathagatahood. He passes through the Samadhis bliss the of to assume transformation body of a Tathagata that through him all beings may be emancipated. Mahamati, If there had been no Tathagata-womb and no Divine Mind then there would have been no rising and disappearance of the aggregates that make up personality and its external world, no rising and disappearance of ignorant people nor holy people, and no task for Bodhisattvas; therefore, while walking in the path of self-realisation and entering into the enjoyments of the Samadhis, you must never abandon working hard for the emancipation of all beings and your self-yielding love will never be in vain. To philosophers the conception of Tathagata-womb seems devoid of purity and soiled by these external manifestations, but it is not so understood by the Tathagatas,--to them it is not a proposition of philosophy but is an intuitive experience as real as

though it was an amalaka fruit held in the palm of the hand.

With the cessation of the mind-system and all its evolving discriminations, there is cessation of all strain and effort. It is like a man in a dream who imagines he is crossing a river and who exerts himself to the utmost to do so, who is suddenly awakened. Being awake, he thinks: "Is this real or is it unreal?" Being now enlightened, he knows that it is neither real nor unreal. Thus when the Bodhisattva arrives at the eighth stage, he is able to see all things truthfully and, more than that, he is able to thoroughly understand the significance of all the dream-like things of his life as to how they came to pass and as to how they pass away. Ever since beginningless time the mind-system has perceived multiplicities of forms and conditions and ideas which the thinking-mind has discriminated and the empirical-mind has experienced and grasped and clung to. From this has risen habit-energy that by its accumulation has conditioned the illusions of existence and nonexistence, individuality and generality, and has thus perpetuated the dream-state of false-imagination. But now, to the Bodhisattvas of the eighth stage, life is past and is remembered as it truly was--a passing dream.

As long as the Bodhisattva had not passed the seventh stage, even though he had attained an intuitive understanding of the true meaning of life and its maya-like nature, and as to how the mind

carried on its discriminations and attachments yet, nevertheless, the cherishing of the notions of these things had continued and, although he no longer experienced within himself any ardent desire for any impulse to grasp them yet, things nor nevertheless, the notions concerning them persisted and perfumed his efforts to practise the teachings of the Buddhas and to labor for the emancipation of all beings. Now, in the eighth stage, even the notions have passed away, and all effort and striving is seen to be unnecessary. The Bodhisattva's Nirvana is perfect tranquillisation, but it is not extinction nor inertness; while there is an entire absence of discrimination and purpose, there is the freedom and spontaneity of potentiality that has come with the attainment and patient acceptance of the truths of egolessness and imagelessness. Here is perfect solitude, undisturbed by any gradation or continuous succession, but radiant with the potency and freedom of its self-nature which is the self-nature of Noble Wisdom, blissfully peaceful with the serenity of Perfect Love.

Entering upon the eighth stage, with the turning-about at the deepest seat of consciousness, the Bodhisattva will become conscious that he has received the second kind of Transcendental-body (*Manomayakaya*). The transition from mortal-body to Transcendental-body has nothing to do with mortal death, for the old body continues to function and the old mind serves the needs of the old body, but now it is free from the control of mortal mind. There has

been an inconceivable transformation-death (*acintya-parinama-cyuti*) by which the false-imagination of his particularised individual personality has been transcended by a realisation of his oneness with the universalised mind of Tathagatahood, from which realisation there will be no recession. With that realisation he finds himself amply endowed with all the Tathagata's powers, psychic faculties, and self-mastery, and, just as the good earth is the support of all beings in the world of desire (*karmadhatu*), so the Tathagatas become the support of all beings in the Transcendental World of No-form.

The first seven of the Bodhisattva stages were in the realm of mind and the eighth, while transcending mind, was still in touch with it; but in the ninth stage of Transcendental Intelligence (Sadhumati), by reason of his perfect intelligence and insight into the imagelessness of Divine Mind which he had attained by self-realisation of Noble Wisdom, he is in the realm of Tathagatahood. Gradually the Bodhisattva will realise his Tathagata-nature and the possession of all its powers and psychic faculties, self-mastery, loving compassion, and skillful means, and by means of them will enter into all the Buddha-lands. Making use of these new powers, the Bodhisattva will assume various transformation-bodies and personalities for the sake of benefiting others. Just as in the former mental life, imagination had risen from relativeknowledge, so now skillful-means rise spontaneously from Transcendental Intelligence. It is like the magical reflects instantaneously appropriate gem that

responses to one's wishes. The Bodhisattva passes over to all the assemblages of the Buddhas and listens to them as they discourse on the dream-like nature of all things and concerning the truths that transcend all notions of being and nonbeing, that have no relation to birth and death, nor to eternality nor extinction. Thus facing the Tathagatas as they discourse on Noble Wisdom that is far beyond the mental capacity of disciples and masters, he will attain a hundred thousand Samadhis, indeed, a hundred thousand nyutas of kotis of Samadhis, and in the spirit of these Samadhis he will instantly pass from one Buddhaland to another, paying homage to all the Buddhas, being born into all the celestial mansions, manifesting Buddha-bodies, and himself discoursing on the Triple Treasure to lesser Bodhisattvas that they too may partake of the fruits of self-realisation of Noble Wisdom.

Thus passing beyond the last stage of Bodhisattvahood, he becomes a Tathagata himself endowed with all the freedom of the Dharmakaya. The tenth stage belongs to the Tathagatas. Here the Bodhisattva will find himself seated upon a lotus-like throne in a splendid jewel-adorned palace and surrounded by Bodhisattvas of equal rank. Buddhas from all the Buddha-lands will gather about him and with their pure and fragrant hands resting on his forehead will give him ordination and recognition as one of themselves. Then they will assign him a Buddha-land that he may possess and perfect as his own.

The tenth stage is called the Great Truth Cloud (Dharmamegha), inconceivable, inscrutable. Only the Tathagatas can realise its perfect Imagelessness and Oneness and Solitude. It is Mahesvara, the Radiant Land, the Pure Land, the Land of Far-distances; surrounding and surpassing the lesser worlds of form and desire (karmadhatu), in which the Bodhisattva will find himself at-one-ment. Its rays of Noble Wisdom which is the self-nature of the Tathagatas, manycolored, entrancing, auspicious, are transforming the triple world as other worlds have been transformed in the past, and still other worlds will be transformed in the future. But in the Perfect Oneness of Noble Wisdom there is no gradation nor succession nor effort, The tenth stage is the first, the first is the eighth, the eighth is the fifth, the fifth is the seventh: gradation can there be where Imagelessness and Oneness prevail? And what is the reality of Noble Wisdom? It is the ineffable potency of the Dharmakaya; it has no bounds nor limits; It surpasses all the Buddha-lands, and pervades the Akanistha and the heavenly mansions of the Tushita."

The Lankavatara Sutra, Chapter XI, First Edition, Dwight Goddard

134 **CHAPTER SIX**Emanation



"A lingering sorrow for those left behind Harboring predilection as a sign of courage and strength

> Although a hurt remains, a longing The heart is an expansive wasteland

And it never forgets those we have loved
As the Solitary moves forward
Into the realms of the unknown wastelands ahead
It carries within it the continued awareness of those

who can no longer journey

Who's journey has taken a tragic end But predilection demands a just end

And destiny requires a resolve to go forward Being and non-being have met

And the solitaries are getting ready to disburse The journey hasn't yet begun

Each of them heralds a new destination
But they all have ceased spinning, craving, attaching
Again, the Solitary noticed that the others around him
were silent . . . there was no thought, no words, no
deeds,

No doing, not even being
But there was now stirring
The Universal Good was emanating a divine
mystique

A message which contained instructions which remained different for each Solitary
And each received only their own
It was nebulous and unclear
But they were getting ready to go ahead
To journey now towards that Universal Good
The faces which previously gazed in awe to the forward goal

Were now stirring in different directions As for the single Solitary having read so many coins He looked up, a beam of light invisible to the others but clearly reticent to the view of the Solitary Came from far ahead, from the Almighty God
It entered into his third eye
And although the Solitary had no conscious thoughts
or awareness of what he must now do
His light body intensely and immediately responded
Because it did know
And the Solitary was now contained within that
light" - Marilynn Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

In the silence, as the individual ray of God penetrated my third eye and I could barely ascertain that this same ray also penetrated the third eye of every single light being who now again gazed ahead; all of our eyes were again held to one single light ahead. Our faces turning to the Northwest horizon.

In unison, we all began chanting repetitively a beautiful mantra to a melody which haunted us, as well as, held us in this trancelike concentration upon Unconditional Good."

From the Rig Veda

"Aum Bhuh Bhuvah Svah Tat Savitur Varenyam Bhargo Devasya Dheemahi

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Dhiyo Yo nah Prachodayat"

The RgVeda, Translated Ralph T.H. Griffith, 1896 (10:16:3)



OM

(Sacred Syllable)

भूर्भुवः स्वः

BHUR BHUVAH SUVAHA

the material world the physical world the celestial world



TAT

SAVITUR

VARENIYAM

the Supreme Being

the source

to be worshipped

भर्गो देवस्य धीमहि

BHARGO

DEVASYA

DHEEMAHI

the Divine Light its sacred truth

we deeply meditate

धियो यो नः प्रचोदयात् ॥

DHIYO

YO

NAH

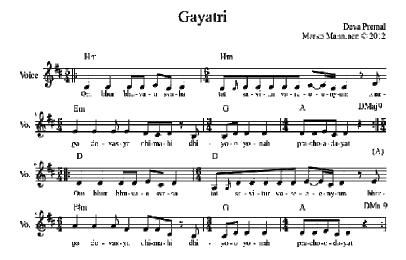
PRACHODAYATH

the Intellect

which

to us

may Light be endowed



"Translation:

Praise to the Source of all things
It is due to you that we attain true happiness on all planes, earth, astral, causal
It is due to your transcendent nature
That you are of being worshipped and adored
Ignite us with your all-pervading light

Or

O thou existence Absolute, Creator of the three dimensions, we contemplate upon thy divine light. May He stimulate our intellect and bestow upon us true knowledge"

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued...) The beautiful sound of the melodious stream of instructional knowledge continued to emanate throughout my spirit, soul, being and lower regions. And as it did so, those lower regions began to disintegrate, within a short period of time, they were utterly destroyed – no longer within me.

And the music and words moved up into my emotional centers as that too began to disintegrate. Again, within a short period of time the emotional center ceased to exist – all was calm.

And the music and words moved up into my heart as I began to feel only love for all life, all levels of evolution above and below me.

And then into my psychic centers and my crown . . . and the music just overtook my spirit in a vibrational frenzy of light which remained calm and still as in a state of total union with the Creator of all things."

From Gyan Rjhans

"The Gayatri mantra is one of the oldest and most powerful of Sanskrit mantras. It is believed that by chanting the Gayatri mantra and firmly establishing it in the mind, if you carry on your life and do the work that is ordained for you, your life will be full of happiness. The word "Gayatri" itself explains the reason for the existence of this mantra. It has its origin in the Sanskrit phrase *Gayantam Triyate iti*, and refers to that mantra which rescues the chanter from all adverse situations that may lead to mortality . . .

The last five words constitute the prayer for final liberation through the awakening of our true intelligence."

About.com, Hinduism Gyan Rajhans

From Chandra Chekhar

"The Gayatri Mantra has been chronicled in the Rig Veda, which was written in Sanskrit about 2500 to 3500 years ago, and the mantra may have been chanted for many centuries before that.

For ages, this beautiful prayer has seemed mysterious to the Western mind and was out of reach even for most Hindus. It was a well guarded secret, withheld from women and from those outside the Hindu Brahmin community.

Today, it is chanted, meditated to, and sung around the world with reverence and love. It is often compared to The Lord's Prayer in significance and impact."

The Magic of Gayatri, Chandra Chekhar

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued) As the vibrations continued to purify our spirits, we all became a vibration of pure stillness which could not be fathomed before. The light of the Universal Good continued to penetrate our third eye an crown chakra's as the haunting melody and words continued to come from our spirits like a plea to God for liberation from the pain of our worldly journeying.

Every one of us began to glow with a spectre never seen in any earthly world. This divine abode had transformed our spirits into radiant points of light in the form of smoothly outlined human beings.

Peace emanated from us as all that had come before from the nether worlds no longer existed, it ceased . . . and we could no longer envision anything except that Universal Good ahead, the light piercing our psyche, our third eye and our crown chakra with a vibration that forced our eyes to fixate upon it.

Nothing was more beautiful or more desired than this object of our peace, this resonating Goodness of the Almighty God calling us to quiet and calm. The resonation of the worlds before had been completely stilled, it was no more within the realm of our being, or our awareness.

It became as if it had never been . . .

All pain within our previously worldly tarnished souls had been transformed into love, compassion . . . and . . . emanation . . . emanation."

From the RgVeda

"Behold the rays of Dawn, like heralds, lead on high The Sun, that men may see the great all-knowing god.

The stars slink off like thieves, in company with Night,

Before the all-seeing eye, whose beams reveal his presence,

Gleaming like brilliant flames, to nation after nation. With speed, beyond the ken of mortals, thou, O Sun! Dost ever travel on, conspicuous to all.

Thou dost create the light, and with it dost illume
The universe entire; thou risest in the sight
Of all the race of men, and all the host of heaven.
Light-giving Varuna! thy piercing glance dost scan,

In quick succession, all this stirring, active world, And penetrateth too the broad ethereal space, Measuring our days and nights, and spying out all

creatures.

. . . Onward thou dost advance. To thy refulgent orb Beyond this lower gloom, and upward to the light Would we ascend, O Sun!"

The RgVeda, Translated Ralph T.H. Griffith, 1896

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued . . .) And the emanations continued into this brilliantly lit twilight sky and off into the distance of the 'ahead of us.' Faintly, for a moment, I became aware of a soul behind me who garnered a gift regarding knowledge of the extraterrestrials, which he had yet to impart to earth. An emanation entered into his spirit which merged with my own, giving him strength and vitality to speak of that which we knew, to no longer hide it away within his earthly vessel.

After this moment, it was almost as if my spirit had become a blank screen. There was nothing there but this emanation coming directly from the vastness of God, the vastness of space before me, the vastness of 'ahead.'

"Aum . . . Aum . . . Aum" came forth from my spirit as the others continued chanting the Gayatri Mantra over and over:

"Aum Bhuh Bhuvah Svah Tat Savitur Varenyam Bhargo Devasya Dheemahi Dhiyo Yo nah Prachodayat"

The haunting melody never ceased and an interior knowledge with my spirit understood the meaning of the words, as they penetrated more and more deeply within my consciousness. "Praise to the Source of all things
It is due to you that we attain true happiness on all planes, earth, astral, causal
It is due to your transcendent nature
That you are of being worshipped and adored
Ignite us with your all-pervading light"

Our eyes remained fixed on this transcendent light of the Universal Good which remained upon the third eye and crown chakra of every one of us; the meaning of it different and yet the same to every one. The mantra never ceased . . . it continued until we each began disappearing from the abode." - Marilynn Hughes



From the RgVeda

"1. This light is come, amid all lights the fairest; born is the brilliant, far-extending brightness.

Night, sent away for Savitar's (the Hindu Sun) uprising, hath yielded up a birth-place for the Morning.

2 The Fair, the Bright is come with her white offspring; to her the Dark One hath resigned her dwelling. Akin, immortal, following each other, changing their colours both the heavens move onward.

3 Common, unending is the Sisters' pathway; taught by the Gods, alternately they travel. Fair-formed, of different hues and yet one-minded, Night and Dawn clash not, neither do they travel.

4 Bright leader of glad sounds, our eyes behold her; splendid in hue she hath unclosed the portals. She, stirring up the world, hath shown us riches: Dawn hath awakened every living creature.

5 Rich Dawn, she sets afoot the coiled-up sleeper, one for enjoyment, one for wealth or worship, Those who saw little for extended vision. All living creatures hath the Dawn awakened.

6 One to high sway, one to exalted glory, one to pursue his gain, and one his labour:
All to regard their different vocations, all moving creatures hath the Dawn awakened.

7 We see her there, the Child of Heaven apparent, the young Maid, flushing in her shining raiment.

Thou sovereign Lady of all earthly treasure, flush on us here, auspicious Dawn, this morning.

8 She first of endless morns to come hereafter, follows the path of morns that have departed. Dawn, at her rising, urges forth the living him who is dead she wakes not from his slumber.

9 As thou, Dawn, hast caused Agni (the Hindu Accepter of Sacrifices) to be kindled, and with the Sun's eye hast revealed creation.

And hast awakened men to offer worship, thou hast performed, for Gods, a noble service.

10 How long a time, and they shall be together,—Dawns that have shone and Dawns to shine hereafter? She yearns for former Dawns with eager longing, and goes forth gladly shining with the others.

11 Gone are the men who in the days before us looked on the rising of the earlier Morning.
We, we the living, now behold her brightness and they come nigh who shall hereafter see her.
12 Foe-chaser, born of Law, the Law's protectress, joy-giver, waker of all pleasant voices,
Auspicious, bringing food for Gods' enjoyment, shine on us here, most bright, O Dawn, this morning.

13 From days eternal hath Dawn shone, the Goddess, and shows this light to-day, endowed with riches.

So will she shine on days to come immortal she moves on in her own strength, undecaying.

14 In the sky's borders hath she shone in splendour: the Goddess hath thrown off the veil of darkness. Awakening the world with purple horses, on her well-harnessed chariot Dawn approaches.

15 Bringing all life-sustaining blessings with her, showing herself she sends forth brilliant lustre. Last of the countless mornings that have vanished, first of bright morns to come hath Dawn arisen.

16 Arise! the breath, the life, again hath reached us: darkness hath passed away and light approacheth. She for the Sun hath left a path to travel we have arrived where men prolong existence.

17 Singing the praises of refulgent Mornings with his hymn's web the priest, the poet rises. . . Rise up, bestowing praise on our devotion all-bounteous, make us chief among the people . . .

20 Whatever splendid wealth the Dawns bring with them to bless the man who offers praise and worship."

The RgVeda, Translated Ralph T.H. Griffith, 1896

From the RgVeda

"Or virgin by her mother decked, Who, glorying in her beauty, shows In every glance her power she knows All eyes to fix, all hearts subject—

"Or actress, who by skill in song And dance, and graceful gestures light, And many-coloured vestures bright, Enchants the eager, gazing throng—

"Or maid, who, wont her limbs to lave In some cold stream among the woods, Where never vulgar eye intrudes, Emerges fairer from the wave—

"But closely by the amorous Sun Pursued and vanquished in the race, Thou soon art locked in his embrace, And with him blendest into one.

"Fair Ushas (Vedic Goddesses), though through years untold

Thou hast lived on, yet thou art born Anew on each succeeding morn, And so thou art both young and old.

"As in thy fated ceaseless course Thou risest on us day by day, Thou wearest all our lives away With silent, ever-wasting force.

"Their round our generations run: The old depart, and in their place Springs ever up a younger race, Whilst thou, immortal, lookest on.

"All those who watched for thee of old Are gone, and now 'tis we who gaze On thy approach; in future days Shall other men thy beams behold.

"But 'tis not thoughts so grave and sad Alone that thou dost with thee bring, A shadow o'er our hearts to fling Thy beams returning make us glad.

"Thy sister, sad and sombre Night, With stars that in the blue expanse, Like sleepless eyes, mysterious glance, At thy approach is quenched in light;

"And earthly forms, till now concealed Behind her veil of dusky hue, Once more come sharply out to view, By thine illuming glow revealed.

"Thou art the life of all that lives, The breath of all that breathes; the sight Of thee makes every countenance bright, New strength to every spirit gives.

"When thou dost pierce the murky gloom, Birds flutter forth front every brake, All sleepers as from death awake, And men their myriad tasks resume. "Some, prosperous, wake in listless mood, And others every nerve to strain The goal of power or wealth to gain, Or what they deem the highest good.

"But some to holier thoughts aspire, In hymns the race celestial praise, And light, on human Hearths to blaze, The heaven-born sacrificial fire.

"And not alone do bard and priest Awake—the gods thy power confess By starting into consciousness When thy first rays suffuse the east;

"And hasting downward from the sky, They visit men devout and good, Consume their consecrated food, And all their longings satisfy . . .

"Thou art the breath and life
Of all that breathes and lives, awaking day by day
Myriads of prostrate sleepers, as from death,
Causing the birds to flutter in their nests,
And rousing men to ply with busy feet
Their daily duties and appointed tasks"

The RgVeda, Translated Ralph T.H. Griffith, 1896

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From The Laws of Manu

"Alone let him constantly meditate in solitude on that which is salutary for his soul; for he who meditates in solitude attains supreme bliss."

The Laws of Manu, Chapter IV, # 258

CHAPTER SEVEN
Will You Let me Stay Where the Suns of Another
Text Shine



"Will You Let me Stay Where the Suns of Another Text Shine

Does this text or that text bear any fodder of unseen gaze

Who among us knows the same
Who among us knows the names
Is there any incredulity attuned to the higher realms
of praise

For if they be so, there is no distinction between them Their praise is eternal and long lasting Their love is accepted and transfused

Nobody can delineate between them, for they are one But who can speak it in this worldly realm

Where distinctions and fodder remain fool's play
There is no other but God

Yet, so many parts, so many masterpieces
Does the God of all ask us to deny a masterpiece to
recognize another masterpiece

Or does the God of all ask us to recognize the masterieces of another

So we may also acknowledge the masterpiece within us

Is this God a God of distinctions, or perhaps of unity For Christ Himself said, that they may all be one Was He speaking only of denominations to come Or perhaps of World Religions that had already individualized

For what is it that the Christian and the Buddhist share

And what is it that dignifies them from one another
One Muslim and one Jew
What do they share and where do they differ

A Hindu and a Jain, is any of it real or is it illusory Consider the properties of the true spiritual seeker, the mystic

Waste not your time on the followers who never question or ask of God alone

But only they who believe that which God reveals to the few not the many

For the few include the prophets, saints, mystics, sages and ascetics

And they come from every corner of the world God created them all

And when they attain to mystic union In the path of the Solitary Their visions unite

Differences remain, because differences delineate the varied purposes given by the Divine

To create a fuller and more noble understanding of the one Who is, and those who are not

By bringing them together, we grandly understand God in a larger context

And by bringing them together, we grandly understand God in the most simple of ways Unity, Oneness, Simplicity

And we emanate Love and Compassion And so where does the Solitary go when all these paths collide

He explodes and then he implodes
And enters into a world of brilliant light
Where ecstatic expression is united
And dogmatic differences no longer remain
They have disintegrated
For knowledge remains energetic

And when the Solitary bursts forth out of worldly pursuits into gazing only ahead to the Unconditional Goodness

It is not possible for him to remain restrained by such things

And he emanates

And he joins those who emanate

Of all faiths, creeds, beliefs, and forms

For all who emanate have entered into God

And they have entered into knowledge

They no longer must speak of it

In ecstatic bliss, they emanate God and the

knowledge of God

They emanate love and compassion

And they fly, they dance . . .

And that is the secret of the Solitary" - Marilynn Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Anonymous Vision

"Awaking a massive space amongst the clouds, I was surrounded by hundreds of thousands of people. All of these people were my age or close to it, and many were laughing and chatting amongst each other, and just seeming to get along happily.

But as I sat amongst them and paid closer attention, I sensed something eerie and frightening. Almost as quickly as my sense came, the clouds descended.

These were not normal clouds. They were dark and red, almost burning. And their shapes were that of various demons with sinister intentions, faces, dreams and projections which were now aimed at these friends of mine and young people, including myself.

Demons of sexual temptation, gossip, dishonesty, rebellion formed as the clouds began to gather and multiply completely surrounding the hundreds of young people that sat so innocently on the ground.

All the joyful laughter was gone now, as the eerily silence descended and all of us began to wait, knowing an attack was imminent, but most of us so caught up in our temptations and delusions to even be aware of that which was to come.

Noticing that only I was aware of what was about to happen; I was disappointed to realize that even so we were subject to that very self-same temptation and before we could respond, we were entering into the mesmerization along with the others.

But we already had. Our previously innocent minds were now bombarded with thoughts of lust, fornication, doubt, anger, rebellion, and simple hatred. We no longer were happy or blissful. Our minds had been taken over.

Just as the darkness began to take control and the dark red and bloody clouds became almost too thick to breathe, something else came through.

My mother flew in from the sky, standing atop a cloud of the purest white anyone had ever seen. Her hair was long and flowing down to her waist, shimmering black with what seemed to be stars perfectly laced in the strands. She wore a royal blue gown that glistened even in the darkness and a shimmering robe laden with stars. Her beauty was truly captivating. I was in awe.

She continued to float down until she was but a few yards above us. And as she floated and passed over us, a silver shimmering mist came out of the cloud she stood on and everyone fell into a deep sleep. As she passed over me, I collapsed, but only for a few seconds. And within moments I was awake.

The demons held no sway, they were unable to respond except with growls and wicked grins as my mother ignored them. She knew they could not counter the power of God that had sent her to us, and she gave them exactly what they deserved . . . nothing, not even a glance. Her focus was placed upon all of us, and the spiritual warfare which would be required to defeat the demons and her face was insistent, calm and sure . . . there would be no defeat tonight.

Standing up, I looked around me, seeing everyone now in a deep sleep, attempting to fight the demons in their minds. A few others had also woken up and now began walking to each sleeping person and placing his or her hands on them praying. I did the same. These prayers were simple, but very effective. We prayed the Our Father, Hail Mary, Saint Michael prayer, and we prayed until each individual person's battle was finished and he or she woke up. As one would wake up, he or she would begin praying for others and the line continued. Soon it was finished and the clouds of darkness left completely. I woke up.

But yes . . . it was not over.

Falling asleep again, this same process occurred twice more. And in each following experience, many of the people woke up sooner, having been able to fight their battles quicker. It was only after waking and returning to sleep for the third round that the battle was finished, the demons in the clouds were vanquished and my mother shot me a quick smile as she floated again into the higher ethers from whence she had come." - Marilynn Hughes (Vision of Mary Hughes)

From King Arthur, Tales of the Round Table, Edited by Andrew Lang

"HOW SIR LANCELOT SAW A VISION, AND REPENTED OF HIS SINS

He halted when he came to a stone cross, which had by it a block of marble, while nigh at hand stood an old chapel. He tied his horse to a tree, and hung his shield on a branch, and looked into the chapel, for the door was waste and broken. And he saw there a fair altar covered with a silken cloth, and a candlestick which had six branches, all of shining silver. A great light streamed from it, and at this sight Sir Lancelot would fain have entered in, but he could not. So he turned back sorrowful and dismayed, and took the saddle and bridle off his horse, and let him pasture where he would, while he himself unlaced his helm, and ungirded his sword, and lay down to sleep upon his shield, at the foot of the cross.

As he lay there, half waking and half sleeping, he saw two white palfreys come by, drawing a litter, wherein lay a sick Knight. When they reached the cross they paused, and Sir Lancelot heard the Knight say, 'O sweet Lord, when shall this sorrow leave me, and when shall the Holy Vessel come by me, through which I shall be blessed? For I have endured long, though my ill deeds were few.' Thus he spoke, and Sir Lancelot heard it, and of a sudden the great candlestick stood before the cross, though no man had brought it. And with it was a table of silver and the Holy Vessel of the Graal, which Lancelot had seen aforetime. Then the Knight rose up, and on his hands and knees he approached the Holy Vessel, and prayed, and was made whole of his sickness. After that the Graal went back into the chapel, and the light and the candlestick also, and Sir Lancelot would fain have followed, but could not, so heavy was the weight of his sins upon him. And the sick Knight arose and kissed the cross, and saw Sir Lancelot lying

at the foot with his eyes shut. 'I marvel greatly at this sleeping Knight,' he said to his squire, 'that he had no power to wake when the Holy Vessel was brought hither.' 'I dare right well say,' answered the squire, 'that he dwelleth in some deadly sin, whereof he was never confessed.' 'By my faith,' said the Knight, 'he is unhappy, whoever he is, for he is of the fellowship of the Round Table, which have undertaken the quest of the Graal.' 'Sir,' replied the squire, 'you have all your arms here, save only your sword and your helm. Take therefore those of this strange Knight, who has just put them off.' And the Knight did as his squire said, and took Sir Lancelot's horse also, for it was better than his own.

After they had gone Sir Lancelot waked up wholly, and thought of what he had seen, wondering if he were in a dream or not. Suddenly a voice spoke to him, and it said, 'Sir Lancelot, more hard than is the stone, more bitter than is the wood, more naked and barren than is the leaf of the fig tree, art thou; therefore go from hence and withdraw thee from this holy place.' When Sir Lancelot heard this, his heart was passing heavy, and he wept, cursing the day when he had been born. But his helm and sword had gone from the spot where he had lain them at the foot of the cross, and his horse was gone also. And he smote himself and cried, 'My sin and my wickedness have done me this dishonour; for when I sought worldly adventures for worldly desires I ever achieved them and had the better in every place, and never was I discomfited in any quarrel, were it right or wrong.



And now I take upon me the adventures of holy things, I see and understand that my old sin hinders me, so that I could not name nor speak when the Holy Graal passed by.' Thus he sorrowed till it was day, and he heard the birds sing, and at that he felt

comforted. And as his horse was gone also, he departed on foot with a heavy heart."

King Arthur, Tales of the Round Table, Edited by Andrew Lang, Illustrated by H. J. Ford, 1902

From the New Testament Book of Thessalonians and Matthew Henry's Commentary

"Thessalonians 13:11: And that, knowing the time, that now it is high time to awake out of sleep: for now is our salvation nearer than when we believed.

We are here taught a lesson of sobriety and godliness in ourselves. Our main care must be to look to ourselves. Four things we are here taught, as a Christian's directory for his day's work: when to awake, how to dress ourselves, how to walk, and what provision to make.

I. When to awake: Now it is high time to awake (Rom 13:11), to awake out of the sleep of sin (for a sinful condition is a sleeping condition), out of the sleep of carnal security, sloth and negligence, out of the sleep of spiritual death, and out of the sleep of spiritual deadness; both the wise and foolish virgins slumbered and slept, Mat 25:5. We have need to be often excited and stirred up to awake. The word of command to all Christ's disciples is, Watch. "Awake - be concerned about your souls and your eternal

interest; take heed of sin, be ready to, and serious in, that which is good, and live in a constant expectation of the coming of our Lord. Considering," 1. "The time we are cast into: Knowing the time. Consider what time of day it is with us, and you will see it is high time to awake. It is gospel time, it is the accepted time, it is working time; it is a time when more is expected than was in the times of that ignorance which God winked at, when people sat in darkness. It is high time to awake; for the sun has been up a great while, and shines in our faces. Have we this light to sleep in? See Th1 5:5, Th1 5:6. It is high time to awake; for others are awake and up about us. Know the time to be a busy time; we have a great deal of work to do, and our Master is calling us to it again and again. Know the time to be a perilous time. We are in the midst of enemies and snares. It is high time to awake, for the Philistines are upon us; our neighbour's house is on fire, and our own in danger. It is time to awake, for we have slept enough (Pe1 4:3), high time indeed, for behold the bridegroom cometh." 2. "The salvation we are upon the brink of: Now is our salvation nearer than when we believed - than when we first believed, and so took upon us the profession of Christianity. The eternal happiness we chose for our portion is now nearer to us than it was when we became Christians. Let us mind our way and mend our pace, for we are now nearer our journey's end than we were when we had our first love. The nearer we are to our centre the quicker should our motion be. Is there but a step between us and heaven, and shall we be so very slow and dull in our Christian course, and move so heavily? The more the days are shortened, and the more grace is increased, the nearer is our salvation, and the more quick and vigorous we should be in our spiritual motions."

Complete Commentary on the Whole Bible, By Matthew Henry, 1706

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"As the night fell, my spirit began falling upwards as suddenly I felt my whole spirit, soul and body begin to go into an almost numb space. This would last for many hours as the entirety of this journey went on for over thirty hours of sleep time.

Shortly after the numbness dissipated, a tremendous vibration descended into my spirit, soul and body and I allowed myself to simply bask in its powerful influx. But unexpectedly the tunnel of light opened up before my vision and up ahead in the distance I could see the great light of God.

Staring gently into that distance, I was thrilled when the clouds covering that entrance parted. Within the gates of heaven, I was given to see my blessed and Holy Lord Jesus Christ sitting upon his throne covered in garb of royalty, colors of blue, purple, reds and a gold crown. His undergarment was white.

Smiling uncontrollably, all I could do was say 'Thank you, thank you, thank you, thank you,' in my spirit to the Lord for allowing me to see Him. He reached His hand towards me and said, "Receive of Me." I reached back and grasped all the energy I could from Him.

Unexpectedly, the image changed, and I saw a beautiful mountainous solitary place in the heavens. I knew I was gazing into the heavens and the sparkly lights overshadowed the mountains and clear fuschia sky. Again, all I could say was "Thank you, thank you, thank you, thank you..." as I allowed myself to absorb the energies coming towards me now from heaven itself. Filled with bliss words could not describe, I was wrapt in glory and became unconscious for a short time.

Waking a short time later, I realized my spirit was just overwhelmingly buzzing and vibrating to a power beyond me which had come into me from God. Immediately leaving form, I went all around my home and just began to emanate all of this Universal Goodness from God all throughout our sacred space. For hours, I did this. I danced and flew throughout the home and just emanated . . . what I did not yet know, but I knew it had come from the Universal Goodness.

Without warning, I was led to go to a room behind my house which does not exist in the physical. It was actually a complete replica of St. Margaret Mary Catholic Church attached to the back end of our home.

Looking to the back row, I was very excited when I observed that a distinguished visitor was there. He was sitting facing backwards, not forwards. Inherently, I knew he was doing this because he was receiving energies from the altar and sending them beyond the borders of our protected space.

Sitting next to the current Dalai Lama, I joined him in facing backwards and continuing to emanate everything which we were receiving and had received beyond the boundaries of our safe zone within this monastery/home.

He turned only once to tell me, 'We are emanating Love and Compassion." Immediately, he turned back and continued to emanate. I was thinking to myself how odd a thing it was that we were facing the back of the church, but yet, it made sense because we were sending these energies to the world.

And again, how interesting that the Dalai Lama was emanating with me in a Catholic Church. But yet, it made sense because everything I was feeling came from the Universal Good. This energy was so powerful and ecstatic, I never wished to leave it to return to my earthly abode.

Knowing inherently that these energies were simply vibrations of love and compassion, which was a knowledge and wisdom all its own; it occurred to me that these vibrations had no religion or religious dogma attached to them. These were simply energies which came from God and were wished upon all sentient beings.

Sitting there emanating with the Dalai Lama, I suddenly realized that in taking the solitary path, we had gone beyond religion . . . we had entered into those places beyond names, forms and ideas and into the actual realm of energy . . . the realm of God.

And in this, I surrendered myself to the bliss and allowed myself to feel such joy that cannot be expressed in worldly or human terms.

For a moment, I thought of the Tibetan Monks and how they could chant and meditate for lengthy periods of time. And I understood that this experience, this vibration, was the one that many of them attained unto in their meditations and because it was so blissful and ecstatic, it made absolute sense that they could stay in these places for such a long time and in such peace and then repeat it over and over again.

Vibrating, emanating, vibrating, emanating, vibrating, emanating, vibrating, emanating . . .

During these periods of emanation and vibration, we were given to send emanation to those behind, in particular those who had stayed behind to practice more karmas.

Vibrating, emanating, vibrating, emanating, vibrating, emanating, vibrating, emanating . . .

And then I was given a send off back towards my bedroom where my body would be waiting. So I danced and flew slowly back as I waved my hands around sprinkling this stardust of love everywhere in my home and beyond it . . . and when I returned to my form, I slowly re-emerged into the earthly realm; refreshed, renewed, energized and in total peace." - Marilynn Hughes

From the Dalai Lama

"On the meaning of: OM MANI PADME HUM

The jewel is in the lotus or praise to the jewel in the lotus, By His Holiness Tenzin Gyatso The Fourteenth Dalai Lama of Tibet.

It is very good to recite the mantra OM MANI PADME HUM, but while you are doing it, you should be thinking on its meaning, for the meaning of the six syllables is great and vast. The first, OM, is composed of three pure letters, A, U, and M. These symbolize the practitioner's impure body, speech, and

mind; they also symbolize the pure exalted body, speech and mind of a Buddha.

Can impure body, speech and mind be transformed into pure body, speech and mind, or are they entirely separate? All Buddhas are cases of being who were like ourselves and then in dependence on the path became enlightened; Buddhism does not assert that there is anyone who from the beginning is free from faults and possesses all good qualities. The development of pure body, speech, and mind comes from gradually leaving the impure states and their being transformed into the pure.

How is this done? The path is indicated by the next four syllables. MANI, meaning jewel, symbolizes the factor of method- the altruistic intention to become enlightened, compassion, and love. Just as a jewel is capable of removing poverty, so the altruistic mind of enlightenment is capable of removing the poverty, or difficulties, of cyclic existence and of solitary peace. Similarly, just as a jewel fulfills the wishes of sentient beings, so the altruistic intention to become enlightened fulfills the wishes of sentient beings.

The two syllables, PADME, meaning lotus, symbolize wisdom. Just as a lotus grows forth from mud but is not sullied by the faults of mud, so wisdom is capable of putting you in a situation of non-contradiction whereas there would be contradiction if you did not have wisdom. There is wisdom realizing impermanence, wisdom realizing

that persons are empty of self-sufficient or substantial existence, wisdom that realizes the emptiness of duality (that is to say, of difference of entity between subject and object), and wisdom that realizes the emptiness of inherent existence. Though there are may different types of wisdom, the main of all these is the wisdom realizing emptiness.

Purity must be achieved by an indivisible unity of method and wisdom, symbolized by the final syllable, HUM, which indicates indivisibility. According to the sutra system, this indivisibility of method and wisdom refers to one consciousness in which there is a full form of both wisdom affected by method and method affected by wisdom. In the mantra, or tantra vehicle, it refers to one conciousness in which there is the full form of both wisdom and method as one undifferentiable entity. In terms of the seed syllables of the five conqueror Buddhas, HUM is the is the seed Akshobhya- the of immovable, unfluctuating, that which cannot be disturbed by anything.

Thus the six syllables, OM MANI PADME HUM, mean that in dependence on the practice which is in indivisible union of method and wisdom, you can transform your impure body, speech and mind into the pure body, speech, and mind of a Buddha. It is said that you should not seek for Buddhahood outside of yourself; the substances for the achievement of Buddhahood are within. As Maitreya says in his SUBLIME CONTINUUM OF GREAT

VEHICLE (UTTARA TANTRA) all beings naturally have the Buddha nature in their own continuum. We have within us the seed of purity, the essence of a One Gone Thus (TATHAGATAGARBHA), that is to be transformed and full developed into Buddhahood."

Lecture given by His Holiness The Dalai Lama of Tibet at the Kalmuck Mongolian Buddhist Center, New Jersey. Transcribed by Ngawang Tashi (Tsawa), Drepung Loseling, MUNGOD, INDIA

From the Hymn of Praise

"HYMN OF PRAISE

I hold aloft the scepter of compassion, the diamond thunderbolt of love. Its' five prongs showing the five wisdoms, conquering the five passions. I must be worthy to uphold it.

I hold aloft its' companion, the bell of wisdom, ringing freedom throughout the universes. I resolve never to separate from the perfect wisdom, to realize I cannot be separate. I will ring the bell throughout all worlds, throughout all lives.

I hold them together to show the non-duality of wisdom and compassion, with every fiber of my being, throughout all worlds. I receive the bow and arrow, the bow of wisdom of selflessness, the arrow of communication, precise teaching, sending out the messages of wisdom to all beings. I shoot the arrow of freedom everywhere, in all directions, to slay the enemy of ignorance, and cynicism, and despair.

I receive the wheel of majesty and truth. I vow to turn the wheel, to liberate all beings, to preserve their freedoms.

I hold the gesture of sophisticated understanding, fine distinction between good and evil, beauty and ugliness.

I uphold the book, the teaching of the Buddha Yamantaka, conqueror of death. I accept responsibility for the teaching.

I remind all beings of the ground of freedom and the void.

I hold in reverence the ornaments of our teacher, His Holiness the Dalai Lama, always with us in our hearts.

The gesture of non-duality, the gesture of offering.

I receive the radiant wish-fulfilling jewel, to uphold the teachings of the jewel clan of the Buddhas.

I receive the vajra of the vajra clan.

My hands are dancing gods and goddesses of worship.

I receive the lotus of the lotus clan.

I touch the earth.

I uphold my vajra scepter and bell.

I uphold the sword of the sword clan, turning envy into all accomplishing wisdom and its' teachings."

The Hymn of Praise, Tibetan Buddhism

From the Pistis Sophia

"The emanations of Sell-willed cry aloud to him for help.

And the First Mystery continued again in the discourse and said: "It came to pass then, before I had led forth Pistis Sophia out of the chaos, because it was not yet commanded me through my Father, the First Mystery which looketh within,--at that time then, after the emanations of Self-willed had perceived that my light-stream had taken from them the light-powers which they had taken from Pistis Sophia, and had poured them into Pistis Sophia, and when they again had seen Pistis Sophia, that she shone as she had done from the beginning, that they were enraged

against Pistis Sophia and cried out again to their Selfwilled, that he should come and help them, so that they might take away the powers in Pistis Sophia anew.

He sendeth forth another more violent power like unto a flying arrow.

"And Self-willed sent out of the height, out of the thirteenth æon, and sent another great light-power. It came down into the chaos as a flying arrow, that he might help his emanations, so that they might take away the lights from Pistis Sophia anew. And when that light-power had come down, the emanations of Self-willed which were in the chaos and oppressed Pistis Sophia, took great courage and again pursued Pistis Sophia with great terror and great alarm. And some of the emanations of Self-willed oppressed her.

The fashioning of the serpent-, basilisk- and dragon-powers.

One of them changed itself into the form of a great serpent; another again changed itself also into the form of a seven-headed basilisk; another again changed itself into the form of a dragon. And moreover the first power of Self-willed, the lion-faced, and all his other very numerous emanations, they came together and oppressed Pistis Sophia and led her again into the lower regions of the chaos and alarmed her again exceedingly.

The demon-power of Adamas dasheth Sophia down.

"It came to pass then that there looked down out of the twelve æons, Adamas, the Tyrant, who also was wroth with Pistis Sophia, because she desired to go to the Light of lights, which was above them all; therefore was he wroth with her. It came to pass then, when Adamas, the Tyrant, had looked down out of the twelve æons, that he saw the emanations of Selfwilled oppressing Pistis Sophia, until they should take from her all her lights. It came to pass then, when the power of Adamas had come down into the chaos unto all the emanations of Self-willed,--it came to pass then, when that demon came down into the chaos, that it dashed down Pistis Sophia. And the lion-faced power and the serpent-form and the basilisk-form and the dragon-form and all the other very numerous emanations of Self-willed surrounded Pistis Sophia all together, desiring to take from her anew her powers in her, and they oppressed Pistis Sophia exceedingly and threatened her. It came to pass then, when they oppressed her and alarmed her exceedingly, that she cried again to the Light and sang praises, saying:

"1. O Light, it is thou who hast helped me; let thy light come over me.

Sophia again crieth to the Light.

"'2. For thou art my protector, and I come hence unto thee, O Light, having faith in thee, O Light.

"'3. For thou art my saviour from the emanations of Self-willed and of Adamas, the Tyrant, and thou shalt save me from all his violent threats.'

Gabriel and Michael and the light-stream again go to her aid.

"And when Pistis Sophia had said this, then at the commandment of my Father, the First Mystery which looketh within, I sent again Gabriēl and Michaēl and the great light-stream, that they should help Pistis Sophia. And I gave commandment unto Gabriēl and Michaēl to bear Pistis Sophia in their hands, so that her feet should not touch the darkness below; and I gave them commandment moreover to guide her in the regions of the chaos, out of which she was to be led.

"It came to pass then, when the angels had come down into the chaos, they and the light-stream, and moreover [when] all the emanations of Self-willed and the emanations of Adamas had seen the light-stream, how it shone very exceedingly and there was no measure for the light about it, that they became terror-stricken and quitted Pistis Sophia. And the great light-stream surrounded Pistis Sophia on all sides of her, on her left and on her right and on all her sides, and it became a light-wreath round her head.

"It came to pass then, when the light-stream had surrounded Pistis Sophia, that she took great courage, and it ceased not to surround her on all her sides; and she was no longer in fear of the emanations of Selfwilled which are in the chaos, nor was she any more in fear of the other new power of Self-willed which he had cast down into the chaos as a flying arrow, nor did she any more tremble at the demon power of Adamas which had come out of the æons.

The transfiguration of Sophia.

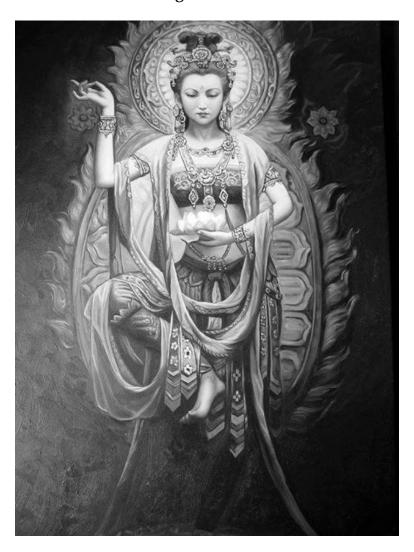
"And moreover by commandment of myself, the First Mystery which looketh without, the light-stream which surrounded Pistis Sophia on all her sides, shone most exceedingly, and Pistis Sophia abode in the midst of the light, a great light being on her left and on her right, and on all her sides, forming a wreath round her head. And all the emanations of Self-willed [could] not change their face again, nor could they bear the shock of the great light of the stream, which was a wreath round her head. And all the emanations of Self-willed,--many of them fell at her right, because she shone most exceedingly, and many others fell at her left, and were not able at all to draw nigh unto Pistis Sophia because of the great light; but they fell all one on another, or they all came near one another, and they could not inflict any ill on Pistis Sophia, because she had trusted in the Light.

Jesus, the First Mystery looking without, causeth Sophia to triumph.

"And at the commandment of my Father, the First Mystery which looketh within, I myself went down into the chaos, shining most exceedingly, and approached the lion-faced power, which shone exceedingly, and took its whole light in it and held fast all the emanations of Self-willed, so that from now on they went not into their region, that is the thirteenth æon. And I took away the power of all the emanations of Self-willed, and they all fell down in the chaos powerless. And I led forth Pistis Sophia, she being on the right of Gabriel and Michael. And the great light-stream entered again into her. And Pistis Sophia beheld with her eyes her foes, that I had taken their light-power from them. And I led Pistis Sophia forth from the chaos, she treading underfoot the serpent-faced emanation of Self-willed, and moreover treading underfoot the seven-faced-basilisk emanation, and treading underfoot the lion- and dragon-faced power. I made Pistis Sophia continue to stand upon the seven-headed-basilisk emanation of Self-willed; and it was more mighty than them all in its evil doings. And I, the First Mystery, stood by it and took all the powers in it, and made to perish its whole matter, so that no seed should arise from it from now on."

Pistis Sophia, By G.R.S. Mead, 1921

179 CHAPTER EIGHT Marring the Substance



"Marring the substance Nothingness Anger

Forgetfulness
Oblivion
Heartlessness
Regret
Irony
Solidarity

. .

Solitude Regeneration Hopefulness Truth Reconciliation

. . .

Flagrant demise Senseless warfare Irrelevant thinking Frivolous speech Mindless chatter Irrevocable Words Broken hearts Betrayal

. . .

Heart of love
Incandescent roses of bliss
Centrality of purpose
Eternal unction
God's will embodied

. . .

Holiness Faith Charity Love

Goodness of will

. . .

Hindsight which lives
Hindsight which breathes
Hindsight which moves
Hindsight which embodies
Hindsight which embraces
Hindsight which laments
Hindsight which organizes
Hindsight which bears fruit
Hindsight which sees nothing
but yet sees it all
Hindsight

. . .

That which is
Is no more
That which is not
Remains behind
What comes ahead
es from what lay bel

Comes from what lay behind
If properly consumed in the fire of righteousness
And laid bare to a soul filled with grief

. . .

There is no other way for the Solitary
Except the road of self-reflection
And the road which follows
Which is the road of self-knowledge

. .

Honesty
Charity
Goodness
Love . . . all for its own sake

For the sake of the love of God And that is all That is all" - Marilynn Hughes

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"As I gazed upon the face of this not so yet distant saint, I couldn't help but notice the melancholy and urging sadness which penetrated me from her eyes. She was running a restaurant, and a middle-aged priest was running it with her. Upon his face were the furrows of a life well lived and the pain of the mortal life we all face. Engaging me in an intense facial expression, his face held a contemplative morose seriousness which led me to believe that he would have little to say to me, but much to convey. The pain of mortal agony could be unequivocally seen upon both of their countenances.

Definitively, he was the saint's spiritual director in the afterlife and they worked together as a unit. Her gaze held the expressionless understanding of someone who had undergone loss, hardship and pain in ways that few of us could fully comprehend.

In my heart, I could feel this pain as if it were my own. And I could not take my eyes off of her. Her eyes were so filled with mystery and lamentation and my soul felt such a profoundly deep and respectful regard for her soul in a way I cannot properly explain. Words seemed needless.

Quietly, St. Edith Stein walked towards me and took my hand."

About Edith Stein from EWTN, the Eternal Word Television Network



"Edith Stein, saintly Carmelite, profound philosopher and brilliant writer, had a great influence on the women of her time, and is having a growing influence in the intellectual and philosophical circles of today's Germany and of the whole world. She is an inspiration to all Christians whose heritage is the Cross, and her life was offered for her own Jewish people in their sufferings and persecutions.

Born on October 12, 1891, of Jewish parents, Siegried Stein and Auguste Courant, in Breslau, Germany, Edith Stein from her earliest years showed a great aptitude for learning, and by the time of the outbreak of World War I, she had studied philology and philosophy at the universities of Breslau and Goettingen.

After the war, she resumed her higher studies at the University of Freiburg and was awarded her doctorate in philosophy *Suma Cum Laude*. She later became the assistant and collaborator of Professor Husserl, the famous founder of phenomenology, who greatly appreciated her brilliant mind.

In the midst of all her studies, Edith Stein was searching not only for the truth, but for Truth itself and she found both in the Catholic Church, after reading the autobiography of Saint Teresa of Avila. She was baptized on New Year's Day, 1922.

After her conversion, Edith spent her days teaching, lecturing, writing and translating, and she soon became known as a celebrated philosopher and

author, but her own great longing was for the solitude and contemplation of Carmel, in which she could offer herself to God for her people. It was not until the Nazi persecution of the Jews brought her public activities and her influence in the Catholic world to a sudden close that her Benedictine spiritual director gave his approval to her entering the Discalced Carmelie Nuns' cloistered community at Cologne-Lindenthal on 14 October 1933. following April, Edith received the Habit of Carmel and the religious name of "Teresia Benedicta ac Cruce," and on Easter Sunday, 21 April 1935, she made her Profession of Vows.

When the Jewish persecution increased in violence and fanaticism, Sister Teresa Benedicta soon realized the danger that her presence was to the Cologne Carmel, and she asked and received permission to transfer to a foreign monastery. On the night of 31 December 1938, she secretly crossed the border into Holland where she was warmly received in the Carmel of Echt. There she wrote her last work, *The Science of the Cross*.

Her own Cross was just ahead of her, for the Nazis had invaded neutral Holland, and when the Dutch bishops issued a pastoral letter protesting the deportation of the Jews and the expulsion of Jewish children from the Catholic school system, the Nazis arrested all Catholics of Jewish extraction in Holland. Edith was taken from the Echt Carmel on 2 August 1942, and transported by cattle train to the death

camp of Auschwitz, the conditions in the box cars being so inhuman that many died or went insane on the four day trip. She died in the gas chambers at Auschwitz on 9 August 1942.

We no longer seek her on earth, but with God Who accepted her sacrifice and will give its fruit to the people for whom she prayed, suffered, and died. In her own words: "One can only learn the science of the Cross by feeling the Cross in one's own person." We can say that in the fullest sense of the word, Sister Teresa was "Benedicta a Cruce" -- blessed by the Cross.

Pope John Paul II beatified Sister Teresa Benedicta of the Cross on 1 May 1987, and canonizes her on 11 October 1998."

EWTN, the Eternal Word Television Network

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued...) The things I was about to see were very confusing to me, and in a way revolting. But she insisted I must continue to walk forward with her into this mystery that she presented to me.

Very calmly, Edith and others were going towards the customers in the restaurant and very carefully, cautiously and skillfully cutting pieces off of them. Almost like you might cut a piece of meat on a cutting board, Edith carefully took pieces from them as the

customers behaved as though this were completely expected and not odd at all.

Watching all this, I was very uncomfortable, very confused. Edith walked towards the front door and young boy about the age of nine stood there quietly as Edith began to cut little pieces off of him, as well.

It was at this moment that I just looked at her and said, "No, NO! Watching these others was hard enough, but I will not watch you cut pieces off of a child." I turned my face away.

Calmly and with no emotion, Edith said, "Everyone here is to learn the same thing." Turning, I looked back at her again as I noticed the precision with which she cut. Noticing also that none of the people who were receiving this 'treatment' from her appeared upset, scared or in pain, I said nothing but looked into her eyes to try to gain some understanding.

Edith very slowly and methodically continued this tedious process, and again turning her face to mine as she knelt closer to the ground because the boy was not very tall, she said, "We are all given in sacrifice." Pausing, she repeated, "We are all given in sacrifice." Then I began to disappear from the realm processing these difficult but true words she had spoken to me." - Marilynn Hughes

From Finite and Eternal Being, by Edith Stein

"Whatever the person does freely and consciously is ego-life, but persons draw their ego-life out of some greater or lesser depth. The resolve to take a walk, for example, derives from a layer that is much closer to the surface than a decision that concerns the choice of a vocation. This depth is the depth of the soul which comes 'alive' and becomes luminous in the ego-life, but before its coming alive it was hidden, and it remains mysterious despite this luminosity. What human beings are 'capable of doing' as free persons they learn only by doing it."

Finite and Eternal Being, Edith Stein, Washington Provincial of Discalced Carmelites, 2002

From In My Own Words, by Edith Stein

"Every person must suffer and die; but if he is a living member of the Mystical Body of Christ, his suffering and death take on a redemptive power, which flows from the divinity of Him, Who is his Head. That is why every saint so desires to embrace suffering"

In My Own Words, From the Complete Works of Edith Stein

From the Mystery of Christmas, by Edith Stein

"The Christian mysteries are an indivisible whole . . . Thus the way from Bethlehem leads inevitably to Golgotha, from the crib to the Cross. (Simon's) prophecy announced the Passion, the fight between light and darkness that already showed itself before the crib . . . The star of Bethlehem shines in the night of sin. The shadow of the Cross falls on the light that shines from the crib. This light is extinguished in the darkness of Good Friday, but it rises all the more brilliantly in the sun of grace on the morning of the Resurrection. The way of the incarnate Son of God leads through the Cross and Passion to the glory of the Resurrection. In His company the way of every one of us, indeed of all humanity, leads through suffering and death to this same glorious goal."

The Mystery of Christmas, An Essay by Edith Stein

From Finite and Eternal Being, by Edith Stein

"Of course, one indeed regards love and hate as elemental powers which fall upon the soul without it being able to resist them. Already from their inclination and disinclination men used to say that they 'could do nothing about them.' And in fact: the soul 'responds' to the 'impression' which it receives from a man—often, at once, with the first movement; otherwise, with longer acquaintance -- involuntarily with preference or dislike, perhaps also with

indifference; it feels drawn or repelled; and, it can concern there in an absolutely meaningful coming-togrips of its own being [Seins] with the foreign; a feeling-itself-drawn to what promises its enrichment and challenge, a detour for someone for whom it signifies a danger . . . On the other hand, here serious deceptions are possible: externals can cover the true being [Sein] of man and with this, also the significance which belongs to him for others. These natural impulses are, therefore, not something one simply may ignore; it is, however, also not 'rational' to abandon them; The soul is the "space" in the center of the body-soul-spiritual totality. As sentient soul it abides in the body, in all its members and parts, receiving impulses and influences from it and working upon it formatively and with a view to its preservation. As spiritual soul it rises above itself, gaining insight into a world that lies beyond its own self—a world of things, persons, and events communicate with this world and receiving its influences.... [I]n the soul the personal I is in its very home...Here, in this inwardness of the soul everything that enters from these worlds is weighed and judged, and here there takes place the appropriation of that which becomes the most personal property and a constituent part of the self-that which, figuratively speaking, "becomes flesh and blood."... The soul cannot live without receiving.... [T]he recipient is an existent with an essence of nature of its own (i.e. an ousia), an existent which has its own specific mode of receiving and which incorporates into its own being that which has been received. What discloses and

reveals itself in these experiences is the very essence or nature of the soul, with all the qualities and powers that are rooted in the essence. In these experiences the soul appropriates to itself what it needs in order to become what it is destined to be [T]he being human of this particular human being is actual and actuating in this person. This person shares it with no other human being. It is not, prior to the person's own being, but steps into existence together with the person. It determines what this particular human being is at any particular time, and this changing expresses a more or less extensive what approximation to the end, i.e., to the pure form . . . By the cross I understood the destiny of God's people which, even at that time, began to announce itself. I thought that those who recognized it as the cross of Christ had to take it upon themselves in the name of all."

Finite and Eternal Being, Edith Stein, Washington Provincial of Discalced Carmelites, 2002

From a Self Portrait in Letters, by Edith Stein

"Should we strive for perfect love, you ask? Absolutely. For this we were created. [Perfect love] will be our eternal life, and here we have to seek to come as close to it as possible. Jesus became incarnate in order to be our way. What can we do? Try with all our might to be empty: the senses mortified; the

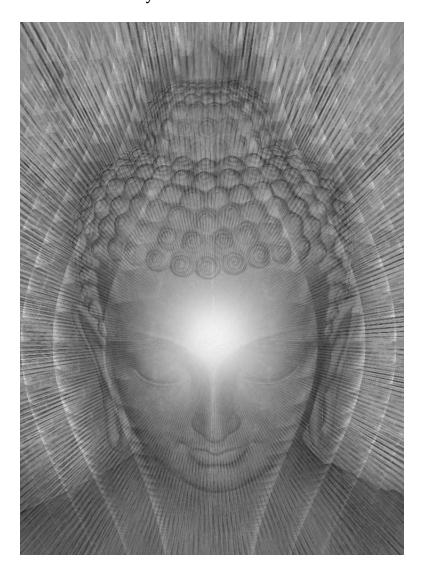
memory as free as possible from all images of this world and, through hope, directed toward heaven; the understanding stripped of natural seeking and ruminating, directed to God in the straightforward gaze of faith; the will (as I have already said) surrendered to God in love.

Self Portrait in Letters, Edith Stein

From Edith Stein

"O my God, fill my soul with holy joy, courage and strength to serve You. Enkindle Your love in me and then walk with me along the next stretch of road before me. I do not see very far ahead, but when I have arrived where the horizon now closes down, a new prospect will open before me, and I shall meet it with peace." – Edith Stein

EWTN, the Eternal Word Television Network



"Serenity renounces worldliness
I hear the people say

And in the dark of the night
When the Buddhist Moon arises
From a fearful sleep
Nothing else can touch the serene mind
Not even a demon
Or a hungry ghost
For serenity translucidates matter
And takes a soul beyond its confines

And such worldliness

Contains no detrimental effect on such as these Serenity renounces worldliness Whatever may come after a soul has released the

chord

From the dwelling of man Cannot reach him

Neither can it dwell in the confines of his symposium His silence contains itself

Within his rectory of good will

No evil can come

Nor can energies of the backwards flow reside Only the serenity knows this Only the serene knows the resolution

> Energetically deterred Energetically altered

No longer truly an inhabitant of the worldly spheres
Perhaps in body, but no longer in soul
Movement may come, but it cannot move him
Invasion may occur, but it cannot render its due
The silent, serene Solitary walks forward
And there remains no tie to the past
Nothing else touches him

The Solitary remains alone

And in that aloneness, he remains with God God is love

And it is in this serenity
Wherein all evil and mortal woes have begone
That this Love can reveal itself in silence
The Solitary is entering the abode of God
Because God is Love, the Solitary is entering the
abode of Eternal Love

And it is in this entering that the Solitary now seeks

For Love is something to be known

Not something to be felt

Not something to be endured

Not something to give to another

Not something to share

Not something to have or to own

But Love is something that God IS

Love is something you know
Love is something you become
Love is knowing, becoming and being
And beyond this knowing, becoming and being
There is a unity

Therefore, Love is something that the Solitary seeks to BE

There is a unity Because God is Love

And as the Solitary enters into the inner sanctum
And renounces worldliness through serenity
The Solitary enters into God
And in God the Solitary becomes transfixed
And the Solitary becomes immoveable
He becomes Love
And as the Solitary is in Love
Love is in the solitary

He has become it

It is something, a substance

It is a way to Be

It is found in the Treasury of Souls

Along the Buddhist Way" - Marilynn Hughes

From the Complete Works of Hadewijch

"By the emotional attraction of worldly joy one forgets the narrow ways that belong with high Love, and the beautiful behavior, the gracious bearing, and the well-ordered service that belongs to sublime Love.

By the emotional attraction of frivolous love, we forget humility, which is the worthiest place and purest place in which we receive love. And in this emotional attraction we lose enlightened reason, which is our rule and teaches us how to observe Love's right, when we wish to content Love. For enlightened reason casts light on all the ways of service which are welcome to the will of sublime Love and show clearly all the things that content Love. Alas, poor souls! That these two should have driven out by the emotional attraction of frivolous love! This seems to be the most pitiable ill I know of.

All these emotional attractions I have singled out impede and destroy the excellence of Love. Along with these principal deviations I have mentioned, many lesser but countless ones creep in and take away the radiance of Love. While no harm is caused to you and the others by most of these matters, many of them do, alas, creep in among your group disguised in fancy dress, so that no one takes the trouble to get rid of them. Baseness is dressed up as humility; anger, as just zeal; hate, as fidelity and reason; worldly joy, as consolation and abandonment; and frivolous love, as prudence and patience, with an appearance of unearthly elevation, and fine words referring to other things than God. No one safeguard from these dangers souls whom the chains of veritable Love do not inwardly protect.

Be sure that I have not said all this for your sake, but because of the harm that befalls us on account of this, here and elsewhere, and that we cannot surmount. To all of us it seems pitiable that people should be leading one another astray, so as to charge us with their errors instead of helping us to love our Beloved. But because your position in the community is such that on some occasions you can promote or hinder what takes place, I invite you to watch with care that in all things the excellence of Love be promoted, in yourself as in the others. And continually hold up to them, by all that you are, the blazen of Love, in all and above all."

The Complete Works of Hadewijch, Paulist Press, 1980

From the Complete Works of Hadewijch

"Twelve Nameless Hours, Letter Twenty

That nature from which veritable Love arises has twelve hours, which fling Love forth from herself and carry her back again into herself. And as Love then returns into herself, she gathers in everything for the sake of which the nameless hours had driven her outside: a seeking mind, a desiring heart, and a loving soul. And when Love brings these in, she casts them into the abyss of the strong nature from which Love is born and on which she is nourished. Then the nameless hours come into the unknown nature. Then Love has returned to herself and has fruition of her nature, beneath, above, and all round her. And all they who then remain beneath this experience shudder for those who have passed into it, and who must work, live, and die in it, as Love and her nature bid.

The first nameless hour of the twelve that draw the mind into the nature of Love is that in which love reveals herself and makes herself felt, unawares and unlonged for when, in view of Love's dignity, this is least expected; and the strong nature that Love is in herself remains to the soul incomprehensible. And therefore this is rightly called a nameless hour.

The second nameless hour is that in which Love makes the heart taste a violent death and causes it to die without being able to die. And yet the soul has only recently learned to know Love and has scarcely passed from the first hour into the second.

The third nameless hour is that in which Love teaches by what means one can die and live in Love, and reveals that there can be no loving without great pain.

The fourth nameless hour is that in which Love permits the soul to taste her secret judgments, which are deeper and darker than the abysses. Then she makes known to it the misery of being without Love. And nevertheless the soul does not experience the essence of love. This is rightly called a nameless hour when, before the soul knows Love by experience, it accepts her judgments.

The fifth nameless hour is that in which Love allures the soul and heart and makes the soul ascend out of itself and out of the nature of Love, into the nature of Love. And then the soul loses its amazement at the power of Love and the darkness of her judgments, and forgets the pain of Love. And then it experiences Love in no other way than in Love herself. This seems to be a lower state, yet it is not. Therefore, it may well be called a nameless hour when, although nearest to knowing, one is poorest in knowledge.

The sixth nameless hour is that in which Love disdains reason and all that is in, above, or below reason. What belongs to reason is altogether at variance with what suits the true nature of Love, for reason can neither take anything away from Love nor give anything to Love. For the true law of Love is an ever increasing flood without stay or respite.

The seventh nameless hour is that nothing can dwell in Love, and nothing can touch her except desire. The most secret name of Love is this touch, and that is a mode of operation that takes its rise from Love herself. For Love is continually desiring, touching, and feeding on herself; yet Love is utterly perfect in herself. Love can dwell in all things. Love can dwell in charity for others, but charity for others cannot dwell in Love. No mercy can dwell in Love, no graciousness, humility, reason, fear; no parsimony, no measure, nothing. But Love dwells in all these, and they are all nourished on Love. Yet Love herself receives no nourishment except from her own integrity.

The eighth nameless hour is that the nature of Love in her countenance is most mysterious to know. What one is, is usually best revealed by one's countenance. In Love, however, this is what is most secret; for this is Love herself in herself. Her other parts and her works are easier to know and understand.

The ninth nameless hour is, that where Love is in her fiercest storm, sharpest assault, and deepest inroad, her countenance shines the sweetest, most peaceful, and loveliest, and she shows herself the most loveable. And the more deeply she wounds him at whom she rushes, the more gently, with the dignity of

her countenance, she engulfs this loved one within herself.

The tenth nameless hour is that Love stands on trial before none, but all things stand on trial before her. Love borrows from God the power of decision over those she loves. Love will not yield to saints, men here below, Angels, heaven, or earth. She has vanquished the Divinity by her nature. She cries with a loud voice, without stay or respite, in all the hearts of those who love: "Love ye Love!" This voice makes a noise so great and so unheard of that it sounds more fearful than thunder. This command is the chain with which Love fetters her prisoners, the sword with which she wounds those she has touched, the rod with which she chastises her children, and the master ship by which she teaches her disciples.

The eleventh nameless hour is that in which Love powerfully possesses him whom she loves, so that his mind cannot wander for an instant, his heart desire, or his soul love, outside of Love. Love renders his memory so unified that he can no longer think of saints, men here below, heaven or earth, Angels or himself, or God, but only of Love, who has taken possession of him in an ever new presence.

The twelfth nameless hour is like Love in her highest nature. Now Love first breaks out of herself; and she works by herself and always sinks back into herself, for she finds all satisfaction in her own nature. So she is self-sufficient: were no one to Love, Love's name would give her enough loveableness in her own splendid nature. Her name is her being within herself; her name is her works outside herself; her name is her crown above herself; and her name is her depth beneath herself.

These are the twelve nameless hours of Love. For in none of these twelve hours can anyone understand the love of Love, except as I have said, those who are cast into the abyss of Love's strong nature, or those who are fitted to be cast into it. These last rather believe in Love than understand her."

The Complete Works of Hadewijch, Paulist Press, 1980

From the Complete Works of Hadewijch

"School of Love, Poem Fourteen

The most joyous season of the year,
When all the birds sing clearly,
And the nightingale publicly
Makes its joy known to us,
Is the time of gravest sadness
For the heart noble Love has wounded.

How can the noble soul keep on –
Yes, it is the noblest of all creatures,
Which of its nature must love in the highest degree –
When it does not have its Beloved?

As Love's arrows strike it, It shudders that it lives.

At all times when the arrow strikes,
It increases the wound and brings torment.
All who love know well
That these must ever be one:
Sweetness or pain, or both together,
Tempestuous before the countenance of Love.

How they who love can shudder
When they know themselves thus lost in love!
They are conquered so that they may conquer
The unconquerable greatness,
And this at all times causes them to begin
That life in new death.

Hear the soul that loves Love cannot defend itself;
We must sustain her kingdom and her power,
However we fear we go to ruin in love;
This is unknown to aliens;
So the higher the palace of desire is,
The deeper yawns the abyss.

In the law of Love, it is written:
He who strikes shall himself be struck;
Light and heavy are judged equal;
Power is the first conquered;
The kingdom itself comes here to meet us.
This holds good for all who can love.

But there are few who, for the sake of all love, love all,

And fewer still long for Love with love. All too late, therefore, shall they attain That kingdom and that sublime mystery And that knowledge Love imparts To those who go to school to her.

It is a great pity that we thus stray,
And that high wisdom remains hidden from us
Which Love entrusted to the masters
Who give lessons on true Love;
In the school of Love the highest lesson
Is how one can content Love.

But they who early leave off,
And then nevertheless jubilate
And feast their Beloved
For a brief while with salutations –
Provided they live in concord with the virtues –
Can still master the course of study.

But they who wish to enjoy the Beloved here on earth,
And dance with feelings of delight,
And dwell in this with pleasure,
I say to them in advance:
They must truly adorn themselves with virtues,
Or the course of study is a loss to them.

But those who arrange their lives with truth in Love
And are then enlightened by clear reason,
Love will place in her school:
They shall be masters
And receive Love's highest gifts,

Which wound beyond cure.

In those whom Love thus blesses with her wounds,
And to whom she shows the vastness knowable to
her,

Longing keeps the wounds open and undressed,
Because Love stormily inflames them;
If these souls shudder at remaining unhealed,
That fails to surprise us.

Anyone who has thus waded through Love's depths,
Now with deep hunger, now with full satiety,
Neither withering or blossoming can harm,
And no season can help:
In the deepest waters, on the highest gradients,
Love's being remains unalterable."

The Complete Works of Hadewijch, Paulist Press, 1980

An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"Caressing the nightwind, my spirit flew amongst the ethereal heavens and into a peaceful place of solitude amongst the stars. A Tibetan Buddhist Monastery in the heavens floated calmly between the vaporous mists of the galaxies and within its confines, one could find rest from the harrowing journey a soul must take in order to find refuge from the world.

Scrolls from throughout the ages were neatly stacked in walls which had gold and silver engilded inscriptions all over them. Ahead of me, I saw a very large face, ethereal in nature, Buddhistic in appearance, gazing down upon me.

Around me were images . . . images playing out scenes from all the epochs of my life. People from decades past, and from days present were all around me in these images continuing to engage in the constant play of karma all around me.

Quietly, I engaged one of them, an old friend from my childhood years. But he could not hear me. Then another, and yet the same result. I turned to the face which still gazed upon me with complete and total calm.

He said nothing, but I instantly knew what I would have to do. "Get out!" I shouted. "Get out of here, get out of my monastery!" As I did, all my attachments just fizzled into mist and then absence, nothing.

The monastery was now quiet and serene. I noticed that I had in my hands a Buddhist set of Rosary Beads. They were colorful with red, blue and yellow beads. Now that the attachments I had brought with me were gone, I could observe the others who were here by invitation only. They, too, held beads identical to mine. And in this moment, I realized that none of those who had been forced to leave had had them.

The large Buddhistic face reached out an invisible hand from the mist and handed me a book. An ancient sacred book, its contents held something within it extremely valuable, extremely priceless . . . something I absolutely knew I had to understand before my soul could move further into this solitary journey.

Looking down upon the cover, I read the title. 'The Treasury of Souls,' it said.

The name emblazoned on my mind like a fire, and suddenly I heard them. From far away, mind you, but I heard them. The sound of their ancient chant echoed through my spirit like a thought through the wind. Within the cries of these monks chanting, was a call . .

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The Tibetan Buddhist Chanting only pulled me closer to them. I never let go of 'The Treasury of Souls,' but I walked forward, towards the sound of this ancient tradition of chant which pulled the soul further and further inward.

My journey had been vast this night, touching into the highest expansion of Love's great calling. But yet, it appeared there was something more beyond this monasteries' horizon.

Following it, I found myself leaving the monastery through a side which was open to the heavens. The stars brightly shone in the sky as I saw a host of Tibetan monks sitting in a gravityless sky chanting the ancient words of liberation.

Looking again down upon the book, I understood. In order to enter into the 'Treasury of Souls', I had to understand what they were saying, I had to hear their call, I had to enter within their words and their words had to enter into me. And by thus so doing, and by following the instructions to follow, I could enter into the Treasury. But not until I understood . . .

Putting my hand behind my ear so that I could hear them more clearly, I began to run across the darkened night sky towards them. None of them turned to look at me, none of them *seemed* to know I was coming.

But just as I reached the back row of the chanting monks, one monk turned around. Looking in my eyes, I looked back into his. An inherent knowing was imparted to me. This eye contact was going to give me the ability to hear their words. And by so hearing, I would understand the next step my soul must take to enter into that Treasury . . . and I would not let my gaze lift from his yellow-radiant eyes. Without notice, it was as if I was pulled inside of them. Suddenly, I understood their chanting and I listened." - Marilynn Hughes

From the Lankavatara Sutra, Discourses of the Buddha

"Transcendental Intelligence

THEN SAID MAHAMATI: Pray tell us, Blessed One, what constitutes Transcendental Intelligence?

The Blessed One replied: Transcendental Intelligence is the inner state of self-realisation of Noble Wisdom. It is realised suddenly and intuitively as the "turning-about" takes place in the deepest seat of consciousness; it neither enters nor goes out - it is like the moon seen in water. Transcendental Intelligence is not subject to birth nor destruction; it has nothing to do with combination nor concordance; it is devoid of attachment and accumulation; it transcends all dualistic conceptions . . .

Self-Realisation

THEN SAID MAHAMATI: Pray tell us, Blessed One, what is the nature of self-realisation by reason of which we shall be able to attain Transcendental Intelligence?

The Blessed One replied: Transcendental Intelligence rises when the intellectual-mind reaches its limit and, if things are to be realised in their true and essence nature, its processes of mentation, which are based on particularised ideas, discriminations and judgments, must be transcended by an appeal to some higher faculty of cognition, if there be such a higher faculty.

There is such a faculty in the intuitive-mind (Manas), which as we have seen is the link between the intellectual-mind and Universal Mind. While it is not an individualised organ like the intellectual-mind, it has that which is much better, direct dependence upon Universal Mind. While intuition does not give information that can be analysed and discriminated, it gives that which is far superior, self-realisation through identification.

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MAHAMATI THEN ASKED the Blessed One, saying: Pray tell us, Blessed One, what clear understandings an earnest disciple should have if he is to be successful in the discipline that leads to self-realisation?

The Blessed One replied: There are four things by the fulfilling of which an earnest disciple may gain selfrealisation of Noble Wisdom . . . First, he must have a understanding that all things manifestations of the mind itself; second, he must discard the notion of birth. abiding disappearance; third, he must clearly understand the egolessness of both things and persons; and fourth, he must have a true conception of what constitutes selfrealisation of Noble Wisdom. Provided with these four understandings, earnest disciples may . . . attain Transcendental Intelligence.

As to the first; he must recognise and be fully convinced that this triple world is nothing but a

complex manifestation of one's mental activities; that it is devoid of selfness and its belongings; that there are no strivings, no comings, no goings. He must recognise and accept the fact that this triple world is manifested and imagined as real only under the influence of habit-energy that has been accumulated since the beginningless past by reason of memory, false-imagination, false-reasoning, and attachments to the multiplicities of objects and reactions in close relationship and in conformity to ideas of body-property-and-abode.

As to the second; he must recognise and be convinced that all things are to be regarded as forms seen in a vision and a dream, empty of substance, un-born and without self-nature; that all things exist only by reason of a complicated network of causation which owes its rise to discrimination and attachment and which eventuates in the rise of the mind-system and its belongings and evolvements.

As to the third; he must recognise and patiently accept the fact that his own mind and personality is also mind-constructed, that it is empty of substance, unborn and egoless. With these three things clearly in mind, the Bodhisattva (an enlightenment being) will be able to enter into the truth of imagelessness.

As to the fourth; he must have a true conception of what constitutes self-realisation of Noble Wisdom. First, it is not comparable to the perceptions attained by the sense-mind, neither is it comparable to the cognition of the discriminating and intellectual-mind.

Both of these presuppose a difference between self and not-self and the knowledge so attained is characterised by individuality and generality. Self-realisation is based on identity and oneness; there is nothing to be discriminated nor predicated concerning it. But to enter into it the Bodhisattva (an enlightenment being) must be free from all presuppositions and attachments to things, ideas and selfness.

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THEN SAID MAHAMATI to the Blessed One: Pray tell us, Blessed One, concerning the characteristics of deep attachments to existence and as to how we may become detached from existence?

The Blessed One replied: When one tries to understand the significance of things by means of words and discriminations, there follow immeasurably deep-seated attachments to existence. For instance: there are the deep-seated attachments to signs of individuality, to causation, to the notion of being and non-being, to the discrimination of birth and death, of doing and not-doing, to the habit of discrimination itself upon which the philosophers are so dependent.

There are three attachments that are especially deepseated in the minds of all: greed, anger and infatuation, which are based on lust, fear and pride. Back of these lies discrimination and desire which is procreative and is accompanied with excitement and avariciousness and love of comfort and desire for eternal life; and, following, is a succession of rebirths on the five paths* of existence and a continuation of attachments. But if these attachments are broken off, no signs of attachment nor of detachment will remain because they are based on things that are non-existent; when this truth is clearly understood the net of attachment is cleared away.

*The Five Paths

- 1. The path of Accumulation the path revealing the realization of the true phenomena.
- 2. The path of Preparation The path revealing the realization of the true meaning of phenomena.
- 3. The path of Seeing The path revealing the realization of the truth directly.
- 4. The path of Meditation The path revealing the realization of the aftermath.
- 5. The path of no more Learning The path revealing the realization of the liberation state.

But depending upon and attaching itself to the triple combination which works in unison there is the rising and the continuation of the mind-system incessantly functioning, and because of it there is the deeply-felt and continuous assertion of the will-to-live. When the triple combination that causes the functioning of the mind-system ceases to exist, there is the triple emancipation and there is no further rising of any combination. When the existence and the non-existence of the external world are recognised as rising from the mind itself, then the Bodhisattva

(enlightenment being) is prepared to enter into the state of imagelessness and therein to see into the emptiness which characterises all discrimination and all the deep-seated attachments resulting therefrom. Therein he will see no signs of deep-rooted attachment nor detachment; therein he will see no one in bondage and no one in emancipation, except those who themselves cherish bondage and emancipation, because in all things there is no "substance" to be taken hold of.

But so long as these discriminations are cherished by the ignorant and simple-minded they go on attaching themselves to them and, like the silkworm, go on discrimination spinning their thread of enwrapping themselves and others, and are charmed with their prison. But to the wise there are no signs of attachment nor of detachment; all things are seen as abiding in solitude where there is no evolving of discrimination. (High-Minded Mahamati Magnanimous One), you and all the Bodhisattvas should have your abode where you can see all things from the view-point of solitude.

Mahamati (High-Minded Magnanimous One), when you and other Bodhisattvas understand well the distinction between attachment and detachment, you will be in possession of skillful means for avoiding becoming attached to words according to which one proceeds to grasp meanings. Free from the domination of words you will be able to establish yourselves where there will be a "turning about" in

the deepest seat of consciousness by means of which you will attain self-realisation of Noble Wisdom and be able to enter into all the Buddha-lands and assemblies. There you will be stamped with the stamp of the powers, self-command, the psychic faculties, and will be endowed . . . wisdom and . . . power, and will become radiant with the variegated rays of the Transformation Bodies. Therewith you will shine without effort like the moon, the sun, the magic wishing-jewel, and at every stage will view things as oneness of perfect with vourself, being uncontaminated by any self-consciousness. Seeing that all things are like a dream, you will be able to enter into the stage of the Tathagatas (One Who Has Thus Come i.e. beyond all coming and going) . . . of beings in accordance with their needs and be able to free them from all dualistic notions and false discriminations.

Mahamati (High-Minded Magnanimous One), there are two ways of considering self-realisation: namely, the teachings about it, and the realisation itself. The teachings as variously given . . . for the instructions of those who are inclined toward it, by making use of skillful means and expedients, are intended to awaken in all beings a true perception of the Dharma (The Teaching). The teachings are designed to keep one away from all the dualistic notions of being and non-being and oneness and otherness.

Realisation itself is within the inner consciousness. It is an inner experience that has no connection with the

lower mind-system and its discriminations of words, ideas and philosophical speculations. It shines out with its own clear light to reveal the error and foolishness of mind-constructed teachings, to render impotent evil influences from without, and to guide one unerringly to the realm of the good non-outflowings."

A Buddhist Bible, Dwight Goddard, The Lankavatara Sutra, Chapter VI and VII, sacred-texts.com, Beacon Press, Boston, 1970

From the Dhammapada

- 1. All that we are is the result of what we have thought: it is founded on our thoughts, it is made up of our thoughts. If a man speaks or acts with an evil thought, pain follows him, as the wheel follows the foot of the ox that draws the carriage.
- 2. All that we are is the result of what we have thought: it is founded on our thoughts, it is made up of our thoughts. If a man speaks or acts with a pure thought, happiness follows him, like a shadow that never leaves him.

Dhammapada, The Twin Verses, Max Mueller, Max Fuesbaul, 1881

"(Marilynn's Vision Continued...) And as my eyes were still aglaze with the eyes of the monk, I now severed that glance. Like a whirlwind, the monks seemed to become rotating particles of dust and slowly began to blow away as if they had never been there.

But as they disappeared, something astonishing happened . . . I stood before a heavenly tree surrounded by a sumptuous garden in the heavens. Walking towards it . . . I knew 'The Treasury of Souls' was somehow contained within what lay ahead of me, but I did not yet understand the import.

I entered . . . and then I disappeared." - Marilynn Hughes

From the Book Three Myths of Heaven

"TREASURY OF SOULS

God has a tree of flowering souls in Paradise. The angel who sits beneath it is the Guardian of Paradise, and the tree is surrounded by the four winds of the world. From th0is tree blossom forth all souls, as it is said, "I am like a cypress tree in bloom; your fruit issues forth from Me." (Hos.14:9). And from the roots of this tree sprout the souls of all the righteous ones whose names are inscribed there. When the souls grow ripe, they descend into the **Treasury of Souls**, where they are restored until they are called upon . . . From this we learn that all souls are the fruit of the Holy One,

blessed be He."

Three Myths of Heaven

From Solomon ibn Gabirol

"Who shall understand the mysteries of Thy creations?

For Thou hast exalted above the ninth sphere the sphere of Intelligence.

It is the Temple confronting us,
"The tenth that shall be sacred to the Lord,"
It is the **Sphere transcending height**,

To which conception cannot reach, And there stands the veiled palanquin of Thy glory. From the silver of Truth hast Thou cast it,

And of the gold of Reason hast Thou wrought its arms,

And on a pillar of Righteousness set its cushions And from Thy power is its existence, And from and toward Thee its yearning, "And unto Thee shall be its desire."

Selected Writings of Solomon ibn Gabirol, Translated by Israel Zangwill, 1923

CHAPTER TEN
The Lotus of the Thirty Six Years



An Out-of-Body Travel allegory:

Marilynn's Vision (Myself)

"Harboring my fugitive soul, I grasped onto the unintelligible light as it transported my essence throughout the canyon lands, mountain crevasses, rivers, streams, valleys and lowlands. In the depths of the canyon, the watershed had become dry and the dirt as solid as stone.

Nothing but light could penetrate my solitary spirit as I continued this vehement journey throughout the natural and underlying realms of the earthly sphere for it had become impenetrable as granite, yet light as a gust of wind.

The journey I had traveled remained profound and unspoken. The more words tried to form, the more they escaped me.

In a sudden burst of light, my soul was whisked into the eternal heavens as my spirit entered into a blissful swoon. Before me were displayed some of the most beautiful and transcendent realities within the Universal Spheres. Purplish and dark blue, these realities were flowing with energy, water, content and light . . . but as I entered into them, my spirit was consumed.

The images became faster and quicker, as I began to travel through the dimensions almost as if by milliseconds. I could not possibly identify such high speeds of travel; realms of existence, spheres of reality, dimensions unknown and unseen . . . I flew

through them at about one hundred per minute, like downloads before my eyes of thousands of existences.

Nothing mattered anymore, but yet, everything mattered. There was a supreme lightness of being in that all attachments had flown away, captured in some debris field in some far off reality I could no longer comprehend or intend to relate.

Following the path of the Solitary had created a literal funnel which obliterated all that had tried to cling to my soul in the absence of light and flung it into spheres unknown to my waking senses.

The path was a simple letting go, a surrender of sorts, to a singular reality; but yet one that cannot truly be explained. But that singularity, one-pointedness . . . was the key to the Infinite Universe, to the Infinite Good . . . to God.

Somehow, as I flew through the myriad spheres, the deep, rich purples and blues entered not only my vision, but my spirit. It was ecstatic and irreconcilable with words. Color transformed the spirit . . . the grounded world was now becoming a vibrant escalation of entropy and . . . escalation, no words.

As the frames continued to go faster and faster, there was a sudden swirl of energies – blue, purple, yellow and white – all form, matter and consciousness became like a ripple of color and vast expanse of sky before me.

And it was then . . . that I disappeared and was no more." - Marilynn Hughes

From Contemplative Prayer

"THE PARABLE OF A PILGRIM

FOR a confirmation of what has been said regarding the nature of the contemplative life in general, the dignity of its end, the difficulties to be encountered, the absolute necessity of courage to persevere and press forward at whatever cost, I will add the substance of a chapter from the Scala Perfectionis of that eminent contemplative, Walter Hilton, an Augustinian Canon. Under the parable of a devout pilgrim travelling to Jerusalem, he gives instructions very suitable to the way of the contemplative life.

There was a certain man, said he, who had a great wish to go to Jerusalem, and as he knew not the way, he addressed himself to one whom he thought would direct him, and asked him if there was a passable way thither.

The other answered that the way was long and full of difficulties; that there were many ways which seemed to promise to lead thither, but the dangers of them were too great. However, there was one way he knew which, if diligently followed according to the directions he would give, would certainly bring him ultimately to his destination, though not perhaps

without many frights, beatings, and other ill-usage, and temptations of every kind; but if he would only have courage and patience enough to bear them all without quarrelling or troubling himself, but would pass on, keeping these words only in his mind and sometimes on his tongue: "I have nought, I am nought, I desire nought but to be at Jerusalem." "My life for thine," quoth he; " thou shalt escape safe with thy life, and in a competent time arrive thither."

The pilgrim, overjoyed with this news, answered: "So I may have my life safe, and may at last come to the place that I above all things desire, I care not what things I suffer in the way. Therefore let me know only what course I am to take, and, God willing, I will not fail to observe carefully your directions." The guide replied: "Since thou hast so good a will, though I myself was never so happy as to be in Jerusalem, notwithstanding be confident that, if thou wilt follow my instructions, thou shalt come safe to thy journey's end."

Now, my advice to thee in brief is this: "Before thou set the first step into the highway that leads thither, thou must be firmly grounded in the true Catholic faith; moreover, whatever sins thou findest in thy conscience, thou must seek to purge away by hearty sorrow and absolution according to the laws of the Church. This being done, begin thy journey in God s name; but be sure to go furnished with two necessary staffs, humility and charity, both which are contained in the forementioned speech, which must be always

ready in thy mind: "I am nought, I have nought, I desire nought but only one thing, and that is our Lord Jesus, and to be with Him in peace in Jerusalem." The meaning and virtue of these words thou must have continually at least in thy thoughts. Humility says: "I am nought, I have nought;" Love adds: "I desire nought but Jesus." These two companions thou must never depart from; nor will they willingly be separated from one another, for they accord very lovingly together. And the deeper thou groundest thyself in humility, the higher thou raisest thyself in chanty, for the more thou seest and feelest thyself to be nothing, with the more fervent love wilt thou desire Jesus, that by Him, who is all, thou mayest become something.

Now, this humility is to be exercised not so much in considering thy own self, thy sinfulness and misery though to do this at first is profitable but rather in the quiet contemplation of the infinite endless being of Jesus. And this beholding of Jesus must be done through grace in a sweet feeling knowledge of Him, or at least in a full firm faith in Him. And when thou dost attain to such a contemplation of Him, it will work in thy mind a far more pure, solid, perfect humility than the former way of beholding thyself. By this thou wilt see and feel .thyself to be not only the most wretched, filthy creature in the world, but also in the very substance of thy soul, quite apart from its sinfulness, to be a mere nothing. And till thou hast the love of Jesus, yea, and feelest that thou hast His love, although thou hast done to thy seeming never so

many good deeds both outward and inward, yet in truth thou hast done nothing at all, for nothing will abide in thy soul or fill it but the love of Jesus. Therefore cast all other things behind thee, and forget them, that thou mayest have that which is best of all; and thus doing, thou wilt become a true pilgrim that leaves behind him houses, wife, children, friends, and goods, and makes himself poor and bare of all things, that he may go on his journey lightly and merrily without hindrance.

Well, now thou art on thy way travelling towards Jerusalem. And the travelling consists in working inwardly, and, when need be, outwardly too, such works as are suit able to thy state and condition, and such as will help to increase in thee this gracious desire that thou hast to love Jesus only. Let thy works be what they will, thinking, preaching, reading, or labouring; if thou findest that they draw thy mind from worldly vanity, and confirm thy heart and will more to the love of Jesus, it is good and profitable for thee to use them. And if thou findest that through custom such works do in time lose their savour and virtue to increase this love, and that it seems to thee that thou findest more grace and spiritual profit in some other, take these other and leave the former; for though the inclination and desire of thy heart to Jesus must ever be unchangeable, nevertheless thy spiritual works thou shalt use after the manner of thy praying and reading, to the end to feed and strengthen this desire; so thou dost well to change them according as thou findest thyself disposed by grace in the applying

of thy heart. Bind not thyself, therefore, unchangeably to voluntary customs, for that will hinder the freedom of thy heart to love Jesus, if grace should specially visit thee.

Before thou hast made many steps in the way, thou must expect a world of enemies of several kinds, that will beset thee round about and endeavour busily to hinder thee from going forward; yea, and if they can by any means, they will, either by persuasions, flatteries, or violence, force thee to return home again to those vanities thou hast forsaken. For there is nothing grieves them so much as to see a resolute desire in thy heart to love Jesus, and to travail for Him. Therefore they will all conspire to put out of thy heart that good desire and love in which all virtues are comprised.

Thy first enemies that will assault thee will be fleshly desires and vain fears of thy corrupt heart, and with these there will join unclean spirits, that with sights and temptations will seek to allure thy heart to them, and to draw it from Jesus. But whatsoever they say, believe them not, but betake thyself to thy only secure remedy, answering ever thus: "I am nought, I have nought, and I desire nought but only the love of Jesus"; and so hold forth on thy way desiring Jesus only.

If they endeavour to put dreads and scruples into thy mind, and would make thee believe this thou hast not done penance enough, but that some sins remain in thy heart not yet confessed, or not sufficiently confessed and absolved; and that, therefore, thou must needs return home and do penance better, before thou hast the boldness to go to Jesus; believe them not, for thou art sufficiently acquitted of thy sins, and there is no need at all that thou shouldst stay to ransack thy conscience, for this will now but harm thee, and either put thee quite out of thy way, or at least unprofitably delay thee from travelling in it.

If they should tell thee thou art not worthy to have the love of Jesus, and therefore that thou oughtest not to be so presumptuous as to desire and seek after Him, believe them not, but go on, and say, " It is not because I am worthy, but because I am unworthy, that I desire to have the love of Jesus; for if I once had it, it would make me worthy: I will, therefore, never cease desiring it till I have obtained it. For it only was I created; therefore say and do what you will, I will desire it continually; I will never cease to pray for it, and so doing I hope to obtain it."

If thou meetest any that seem friends unto thee, and that in kindness would stop thy progress by entertaining thee, and seek to draw thee to sensual mirth by vain discourses and carnal solaces, whereby thou wilt be in danger to forget thy pilgrimage, give a deaf ear to them; answer them not; think only on this, that thou wouldst fain be at Jerusalem. And if they proffer thee gifts and preferments, heed them not, but think ever on Jerusalem.

And if men despise thee, or lay any false calumnies to thy charge, giving thee ill names; if they go about to defraud thee, or rob thee; yea, if they beat thee, and use thee despitefully and cruelly, for thy life contend not with them, strive not against them, nor be angry with them, but content thyself with the harm received and go on quietly as if nought were done, that thou take no further harm. Think only on this, that to be at Jerusalem deserves to be purchased with all this illusage or even more, and that there thou wilt be sufficiently repaired for all thy losses and recompensed for all thy ill-usage by the way.

If thy enemies see that thou growest courageous and bold, and that thou wilt neither be seduced by flatteries nor disheartened by the pains and troubles of thy journey, but rather well contented with them, then they will begin to be afraid of thee; yet for all that they will never cease pursuing thee. They will follow thee all along the way, watching all advantages against thee; and ever and anon they will set upon thee, seeking either with flatteries or frights to stop thee and drive thee back if they can. But fear them not, hold on thy way, and have nothing in thy mind but Jerusalem and Jesus, whom thou wilt find at thy journeys end.

If thy desire of Jesus still continues and grows more strong, so that it makes thee go on thy ways courageously, they will then tell thee that it may very well happen that thou wilt fall into bodily sickness, and perhaps such a sickness as will bring strange

fancies into thy mind and melancholic apprehensions. Or perhaps thou wilt fall into great want, and no man will offer to help thee, by occasions of which misfortunes thou wilt be grievously tempted by thy ghostly enemies, which will then insult over thee, and tell thee that thy folly and proud presumption have brought thee to this miserable pass; that thou neither canst help thyself, nor will any man help thee, but rather hinder those who would. And all this they will do to the end to increase thy melancholic and unquiet apprehensions, or to provoke thee to anger or malice against thy Christian brethren, or to murmur against Jesus, who perhaps for thy trial seems to hide His face from thee. But still neglect all their suggestions as though thou heardest them not. Be angry with nobody but thyself. And as for all thy diseases, poverty, and whatsoever other sufferings for who can reckon all that may befall thee? take Jesus in thy mind, think on the lesson that thou art taught, and say, "I am nought, I have nought, I care for nought in the world, and I desire nought but the love of Jesus, that I may see Him in peace in Jerusalem."

But if it should happen sometimes, as likely it will, that through some of these temptations and thy own frailty, thou stumble and perhaps fall down, and get some harm thereby, or that thou for some time be turned a little out of the way, as soon as possibly may be, come again to thyself, and get up again and return into the right way, using such remedies for thy hurt as the Church ordains. And do not trouble thyself overmuch or long with thinking unquietly on thy past

misfortune and pain; abide not in such thoughts, for that will do thee more harm, and give advantage to thy enemies. Therefore make haste to go on in thy travail, and work again, as if nothing had happened. Keep but Jesus in thy mind, and desire to gain His love, and nothing shall be able to hurt thee.

At last, when thy enemies perceive that thy will to Jesus is so strong that thou wilt not spare, neither for poverty nor mischief, for sickness nor fancies, for doubts nor fears, for life nor death, no, nor for sins neither, but ever forth thou wilt go on with that one thing of seeking the love of Jesus, and with nothing else; and that thou despisest and scarce markest anything that they say to the contrary, but holdest on in thy praying and other spiritual works, yet always with discretion and submission; then they will grow even enraged, and will spare no manner of cruel usage. Then they will come closer to thee than ever before, and betake themselves to their last and most dangerous assault. They will bring into the sight of thy mind all thy good deeds and virtues, showing thee that all men praise and love thee, and bear thee great veneration for thy sanctity. And all this they do to the end to raise vain joy and pride in thy heart. But if thou tenderest thy life, thou wilt hold all this flattery and falsehood to be a deadly poison to thy soul, mingled with honey; therefore, away with it; cast it away from thee, saying thou wilt have none of it, but wouldst be at Jerusalem.

And to the end to put thyself out of danger and reach

of all such temptations, suffer not thy thoughts willingly to run about the world, but draw them all inwards, fixing them upon one only thing, which is Jesus; set thyself to think only on Him, to know Him, to love Him; and after thou hast for a good time brought thyself to do thus, then whatsoever thou seest or feelest inwardly that is not He, will be unwelcome and painful to thee, because it will stand in thy way to the seeing and seeking Him whom thou only desirest.

But yet if there be any work or outward business which thou art obliged to do, or that charity or present necessity requires of thee, either concerning thyself or thy Christian brethren, fail not to do it; despatch it as well and as soon as thou canst, and let it not tarry long in thy thoughts, for it will but hinder thee in thy principal business. But if it be any other matter of no necessity, or that concerns thee not in particular, trouble not thyself nor distract thy thoughts about it, but rid it quickly out of thy heart, saying still thus: " I am nought, I can do nought, I have nought, and nought do I desire but only Jesus and His love."

Thou wilt be forced, as all other pilgrims are, to take ofttimes by the way refreshments, meats, drink, sleep, yea, and sometimes innocent recreations; in all which things use discretion, and take heed of foolish scrupulosity about them. Fear not that they will be of much hindrance to thee, for though they seem to stay thee for a while, they will further thee, and give thee

strength to walk on more courageously for a good long time after.

To conclude, remember that thy principal aim, and, indeed, only business, is to knit thy thoughts to the desire of Jesus: to strengthen this desire daily by prayer and other spiritual workings, to the end that it may never go out of thy heart. And whatsoever thou findest proper to increase that desire, be it praying or reading, speaking or being silent, travailing or reposing, make use of it for the time, as long as thy soul finds savour in it, and as long as it increases this desire of having or enjoying nothing but the love of Jesus, and the blessed sight of Jesus, in true peace in Jerusalem. And be assured that this good desire thus cherished and continually increased will bring thee safe unto the end of thy pilgrimage."

Contemplative Prayer, Dom B. Weld-Blundell, Monk of the Order of St. Benedict, 1657

Feeling the length of the 36 years
Feeling the length of the days
Divine emanation suggests a swirl
Intangible in its light
Nature untrips the imaginations
Lamenting's uncomfortable ways
The healing sands of Buddha
Culminating contemplation in your deception cell
My ruminations run in the morning
Next gone by, I think

Verbage deftly flies away Stealthy lover

I am tired of getting upon the stage The house of 'death is so rapid even life can't stop it' 'Doing' all the way (rather than 'Being')

Winds down a road

That which is a way to relax

Red Jacket, Black Jacket, White Jacket

Passion, Sin, Purity

Ruminating into the consciousness

The gift of the whispering

Be slow

Be free

And the psyche of the rogues

They turn to you

Five innocences meet them

The Solitary

The Emissary

The Emanation

The Illumination

The Acceleration

And they behold an infinite light

Complete suspended animation

Blazing violet purple light

The inherent lots of the whole came for me

Vibrations of enigmatic light

The Solitary bears quietude

The Emissary bears truth

The Emanation bears vibration

The Illumination bears light

And . . . the Acceleration substantiates knowledge By bringing it to the fruition it must bear

Thus, harboring within it
Only quietude, truth, vibration and light
And in its forebearance
Because that won't allow them to become Christi

(Because that won't allow them to become Christian in early energy)

For a true Christian cannot be finite But infinite light

Therefore, without acceleration, a name can be given Which bears no truth

Maturity of that which is Christian is infinite It encompasses all things

And in so doing, it cannot come early But only in the late hours of the illumination Where silence meets the noise

And the noise stops

Because the Emissary brought the Word
The Emanation brought the Knowledge
The illumination brought the Understanding
Suddenlessedness

Acceleration brings with it absolute solitude
All that time hearkens
Timelessness betrays

Timelessness betrays
In the alone

The Solitary faints beneath the majestic winds of the spirit

In the silent

As the faint winter glow of heaven heralds its beckon
And beyond the silence of the night
The contrasting elegance of the stream of fusion
Lines of fire delve deeply into the crevasses of the
soul bearing its light.

Beyond the cavernous structures of the deep,

And well below the deepest sin of mankind
Lies the woeful wail of a transient cocoon
As nothing else in the ethereal winds can erase
All that beholds the soul to its martyrdom
For none but a martyr shall face the Lord Almighty
The martyr who has forsaken himself for the truth
Who has given no substance to the doom

No frailty to the herald
No dawning to the night
But only the glistening pearl of wisdom
To be betrayed in the silent golden wind
As the harbor of goodness dwelling within
Forces out that which is of that accursed night
And brings forth only the mighty wind of light
Bearing within the energies of the essence,

The soliloquy of ascent
And the barrage of the senses
Which brings the soul to nought,
Bearing nothing but the centrifugal force
And fusion of the heights
Heralding, beholding and assuaging,
The language of the horrid darkness
Shielding all that lies within in a glamorous betrayal
of swiftness and flight
Into the Solitary . . .

And in that essence lies only one thing
It betrays the goodness of its Maker
For all that remains now of the Solitary
Is a singular light
All attachments have been bound
All cravings have been burned
All sentience has been returned

To the quiet, lonesome, reality

Of God

There is nothing left . . .

It is empty, yet full

But nothing remains of the scarred elements of the past

Only the glisten of the single pearl of light That emanates the wisdom of the stars

Through its singular essence

As a liquid mass within the consciousness of One

A singular moment

A singular thought

A singular existence

A singular motivation

A singular exercise of faith

A singular exercise of love

A singular focus

God

And now the ocean of being

Contains all that the Solitary once was;

And the receptable of light

Has become the Solitary

There is no more . . .

There is nothing else . . .

There is no more need . . .

There is only transcendental existence

Within the Mind of God

And therefore, within the Heart

A single particulate of light

Now resonating ...

As it stands, the Solitary is alone

As it stands, the Solitary is One

As it stands, the Solitary is evanescent As it stands, the Solitary is within a crowd As it stands, the Solitary has now re-entered The Cosmic Element from which it was born

And situated itself

Into

A tiny

Portal

Of

Light

Beyond all Being

Beyond all Doing

Beyond all Believing

Beyond all That Is, Was or Ever Shall Be

And this point of light

Surrenders himself entirely to Divine Will

To God, he belongs

Within God, he now flows

Beyond God, he has no essence

But within . . .

The Solitary flows

The Solitary breathes

The Solitary has found the Way

The Solitary has been consecrated to the Truth

The Solitary has entered

The only lifestream . . .

Time no longer harkens

Timelessness no longer betrays

Within the eternal these qualities have ceased In timelessness, all that has been shrouded in mystery

Has seen a great light

The spiraling effervescence of galactic life

Has now spun into fruition
And all that remains is all that is required
And all that lies behind
Retains the only secret
Within those duggeries buried in putrid flesh
Are the ever-enduring memories of existence and
time

Of love and loss
Of pain and regret
Of joy and longing
Of the herald of humanity

But it is all compacted as if by an unearthly force Beyond its confines

Its relevance remains a secret

But within that mysterious vibration of former time There had been a road . . .

And because the Solitary had followed that road
Time entered timelessness, and all became naught
Love entered falsehood and excreted the lies
True power entered pride and humbled its mighty
breath

Violence became peace
Hardship became wisdom
Suffering became knowledge
Attachments were led away
Time ended

Timelessness began

And everything assembled and crashed down
It is as if the body of knowledge had never been known

By a humble human being who walked the scarlet road

But, yet, as the scarlet became blood . . .
And the hurtful oblivion of the human need became known, but yet to be Known

The Solitary was born

Not because of any defect within the human being in fulfilling its own natural pattern of the way

But because the scarlet became blood . . .

And the pain became too gut-wrenching to bear And as he reached his finger to touch the scarlet on the path he had been walking

And felt within his cold fingers the pulsing life-force
The blood became liquid and oozed between his
hands

And within him he felt the wounding
And the carrying on in the chaos
A bludgeoning of sorts
To the character of the True Way

Thus, the physical creation could no longer carry

The burden of the light

Without acknowledging the bleeding

Of the human heart

And thus, he became Solitary

To behold the recklessness of the spirit

Not accounting for its way

For a True Way

Must needs be beholden to a higher station A calling unto silence, quiet and the fermentation of the light

For the blood must be reckoned with
It cannot be contained
It must be transmuted
Into a rabid fire of love

An all-consuming light
And the psyche of the rogues
They turn to you

Their guilt ridden faces neglecting to reveal their inner disturbances

But the Solitary faces the rogue

And finds that the rogue was always within

And in so doing, he washes his hands of the blood . . . Years of reckoning with that which has come to pass

And He bathes in the blood of the Lamb; which washes his robes white . . .

The scarlet of the path becomes a transmission of light What lies before the Solitary is now a bloodless path

A sacrifice of the utmost beauty

Of the interior will for his own

And a granting of his infinite being to the maker of all that he is, was, and ever shall be

And into the hands of the Vibration which holds all life as One

Carrying within it the essence of the Solitary Which is the five innocences

And he *becomes* the Five innocences

Each in its own subsequent light

Each in its own expression of Infinite Love

Each in its own ascending vibration

All coming from the heights

To bear that which is below to that which above

And declare omniscience over time

And all that remains within the confines of its borders

The Solitary bears quietude
The Emissary bears truth

The Emanation bears vibration

The Illumination bears light

And . . . the Acceleration substantiates knowledge

By bringing it to the fruition it must bear

Thus, harboring within it

Only quietude, truth, vibration and light

And the Solitary enters timelessness

In a true and profoundly eminent Way

And by so doing, he is no more . . .

He has ceased to be.

His vessels of consciousness have collapsed in upon themselves

His essence has united with the Source
And the frantic personality has been overshadowed
By an all-pervading, instantaneous truth
Which lies beyond the perceptions of time
And only within the limitless space of timelessness
And that truth . . . cannot be spoken.
Not because it is forbidden, morose, unsightly or

unseen
Not because it is mystery, initiation, ritual or surrender

Not because it is not to be spoken of . . .

But because it cannot . . .

Unspokenness is an attribute

It is an attribute of the Divine

Which can only be perceived with the naked eye of truth

And this naked eye only unclothes itself
To the remnant knowledge of a world which bleeds . .
. for fear of the irony of its irrelevance.

This instantaneous truth . . .

Is . . .

Was . . .

Ever Shall Be . . . Words cannot suffice

Nor should they

For to tell of such a tale

Such a transformative adventure

Would lie within the realm of fantasy and myth Would it not be only the ramblings of a superstitious

person who has lost his mind?

Certainly, there is no truth to this tale!
There is no road such as what we have described!

It does not exist . . . it is not real.

Does the Solitary even exist?

I think not,

For he has vanished into the twinkling of an unseen and ill-advised truth

Why should something so humbling be so ill-advised?

For to retain any fragment of time itself, the soul shant never bear this road!

In order to ingratiate itself to created things, the soul must never seek to dismantle anything which would

defy their reality!

No . . .

It is a myth.

The Solitary is a fable.

He never existed.

I never existed.

He never was . . .

I never was . . .

Perhaps he lives on in Boundless Truth, Perhaps he never lived at all Or perhaps, the Solitary had once been a creature encapsulated in time who found the gateless gate, the unceasing liberation, the unending bliss of eternal Love itself?

Perhaps he disappeared into this mist and exists somewhere beyond what human senses can retain? Perhaps?

No, the Solitary is a fable, he is a myth. And since when do we seek to know his value anyway?

Just another soul, lost to us in space and time For a moment sharing substance within our realm of perception.

The Solitary had no meaning. His path had no value.

But . . . what if the Solitary were real?
What if his fabled pathway to the ever ascending unknown

Were like a key to those of us he left behind?

What if?

What then?

What now?

Oh, but yet, timeless wisdom is never equally frugal It always bears the imprint of its unique traveler And what of this key?

Perhaps, the key is a myth.

Perhaps, the key has no meaning.

But . . . what if the fabled journey to the unraveling abode;

Were truly held fast by some timeless mote traveling through space from the Solitary's eye?

To the seeker within us?

And within that mote were an eternal light? And within this lies the secret ... of the Solitary?" - Marilynn Hughes

From the Bhagavad Gita

"Sequestered should he sit, Steadfastly meditating, solitary, His thoughts controlled, his passions laid away, Quit of belongings. In a fair, still spot Having his fixed abode,- not too much raised, Nor yet too low,- let him abide, his goods A cloth, a deerskin, and the Kusa-grass. There, setting hard his mind upon The One, Restraining heart and senses, silent, calm, Let him accomplish . . . and achieve Pureness of soul, holding immovable Body and neck and head, his gaze absorbed Upon his nose-end, rapt from all around, Tranquil in spirit, free of fear, intent Upon his . . . vow, devout, Musing on Me, lost in the thought of Me. That Yogin, so devoted, so controlled, Comes to the peace beyond,- My peace, the peace Of high Nirvana!"

Bhagavad Gita, Translated by Edwin Arnold, 1885

From the Life and Teachings of Thoth Hermes Trismegistus

"THUNDER rolled, lightning flashed, the veil of the Temple was rent from top to bottom. The venerable initiator, in his robes of blue and gold, slowly raised his jeweled wand and pointed with it into the darkness revealed by the tearing of the silken curtain: "Behold the Light of Egypt! " The candidate, in his plain white robe, gazed into the utter blackness framed by the two great Lotus-headed columns between which the veil had hung. As he watched, a luminous haze distributed itself throughout the atmosphere until the air was a mass of shining particles. The face of the neophyte was illumined by the soft glow as he scanned the shimmering cloud for some tangible object. The initiator spoke again: "This Light which ye behold is the secret luminance of the Mysteries. Whence it comes none knoweth, save the 'Master of the Light.' Behold Him!" Suddenly, through the gleaming mist a figure appeared, surrounded by a flickering greenish sheen. The initiator lowered his wand and, bowing his head, placed one hand edgewise against his breast in humble salutation. The neophyte stepped back in awe, partly blinded by the glory of the revealed figure. Gaining courage, the youth gazed again at the Divine One. The Form before him was considerably larger than that of a mortal man. The body seemed partly transparent so that the heart and brain could be seen pulsating and radiant. As the candidate watched, the heart changed into an ibis, and the brain into a flashing emerald. In Its hand this mysterious Being bore a winged rod,

entwined with serpents. The aged initiator, raising his wand, cried out in a loud voice: "All hail Thee, Thoth Hermes, Thrice Greatest; all hail Thee, Prince of Men; all hail Thee who standeth upon the head of Typhon!" At the same instant a lurid writhing dragon appeared -- a hideous monster, part serpent, part crocodile, and part hog. From its mouth and nostrils poured sheets of flame and horrible sounds echoed through the vaulted chambers. Suddenly Hermes struck the advancing reptile with the serpent-wound staff and with snarling cry the dragon fell over upon its side, while the flames about it slowly died away. Hermes placed His foot upon the skull of the vanquished Typhon. The next instant, with a blaze of unbearable glory that sent the neophyte staggering backward against a pillar, the immortal Hermes, followed by streamers of greenish mist, passed through the chamber and faded into nothingness."

The Life and Teachings of Thoth Hermes Trismegistus, From the Secret Teachings of All Ages, Manly P. Hall, 1928

From Ascending the Mountain

"Standing alone on a solitary peak, The gateless gate crumbles. Moving straight up the windy road, Heaven and earth are walking as one."

Ascending the Mountain, Bernard Tetsugan Glassman, 1982, Buddhism

From the Book of Genesis 5:22

"And Enoch walked with God . . . "

Book of Genesis 5:22

From the Gospel of Thomas

"Jesus said, "The heavens and the earth will be rolled up in your presence. And one who lives from the Living One will not see death . . . Many are standing at the door, but it is the solitary who will enter the bridal chamber.""

The Gospel of Thomas (200 A.D.), Translated by Thomas O. Lambdin

From the Soul of an Indian

"The worship of the "Great Mystery" was silent, solitary, free from all self-seeking. It was silent, because all speech is of necessity feeble and imperfect; therefore the souls of my ancestors ascended to God in wordless adoration. It was solitary, because they believed that He is nearer to us in solitude . . . Among

us all men were created sons of God and stood erect, as conscious of their divinity."

The Soul of an Indian, Charles Alexander Eastman, 1911

From the Gulistan of Sa'di

"If someone asks me for his description,
What shall I despairing say of One who has no form?
The lovers have been slain by the beloved.
No voice can come from the slain."

Gulistan of Sa'di, By Sheikh Muslih-uddin Sa'di Shirazi (1258), Translated by Sir Edwin Arnold, (1899)

From the Dawn Breakers

"This solitary room (wherein I am) which has not even a door, is today the greatest of the gardens of Paradise, for the Tree of Truth is planted herein." The Dawn Breakers, Nabil's Narrative, Translated by Shoghi Effendi, 1970



From the Book of Enoch

"And thence I went towards the east, into the midst of the mountain range of the desert, and I saw a wilderness and it was solitary, full of trees and plants. And water gushed forth from above. Rushing like a copious watercourse which flowed towards the north-west it caused clouds and dew to ascend on every side."

The Book of Enoch, Translated by R.H. Charles, 1917

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THE SQLIZARY

By Marilynn Hughes **The Out-of-Body Travel Book**

In my Aloneness, I Feel the Wind. It has Consciousness, it has Breath. And it Speaks

The Out-of-Body Travel Foundation! http://outofbodytravel.org

THE SOLITARY (OUT-OF-BODY TRAVEL EXPERIENCES): In my Aloneness, I Feel the Wind. It has Consciousness, it has Breath. And it Speaks.

"He compared grace to the gentle, cool breeze that was blowing about them. They couldn't see where it came from or where it went, but it was real, and it was refreshing. So also with grace. One cannot see it, but it was real and it was a new life. A man would know that he was receiving it, because it would be given to him by means of an outward sign. 'Unless a man be born again of water and the spirit, he cannot enter the kingdom of God.'"

My Meditations on the Gospel, Rev. James E. Sullivan, 1962, Confraternity of the Precious Blood